The Irish Times.

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SPECIAL EXTRA

LACE CURTAINS.
BEAUTIFULLY CLEANED AND FINISHED WITH OUR SPECIAL
DUST-RESISTING FINISH.
By this System they keep Clean much longer than if done in the old way.
PRESCOTTS' DYEWORKS,
DUBLIN, CORK, LIMERICK. (2)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 6d.

The Government has decided that Obituary Notices of fallen soldiers sent to the Press by relatives or friends shall, under certain circumstances, give no particulars either of the theatre of war in which a casualty occurred or of the battalion to which the officer, non-commissioned officer, or private belonged.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

YOUNG—July 30, 1918, at 14 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, Margaret Cameron Young, V.A.D., youngest daughter of the late Thomas Young and Mrs. Young, of 37 Newington av., Belfast.

IN MEMORIAM.

ALLISON—In ever-loving memory of H. S. Allison, B.A., Cantab., Major, R.I. Rifles, killed in action, 9th August, 1917, eldest son of Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Allison, The Shola, Portrush, aged 23 years.

DOYLE—In loving memory of our beloved son, John Joseph Doyle, Lieutenant, 6th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed in action, in Gallipoli, 9th August, 1915. R.I.P.—Fairview, Clontarf.

ELVIDGE—In proud and loving memory of our dear Larry, Second Lieutenant, Connaught Rangers, who gave his life for the Empire 9th August, 1916, aged 19 years. "Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

ELVIDGE—In loving memory of Laurence (Larry) Elvidge, Second Lieutenant, Connaught Rangers, who gave his life for his country August 9th, 1916. "Until the day break."

FIELD—In proud and loving memory of Sydney Hubert Field, Second Lieutenant, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, who gave his life for his country August 9th, 1916, the much-loved and dearly-loving elder son of W. J. Field, late Lieutenant and Quartermaster North of Ireland Imperial Yeomanry, and Mrs. Field, 2 Haddon rd., Clontarf, Dublin.

"And so beside the silent sea
I wait the muffled oar;
No harm from Him can come to me
On ocean or on shore."
(His favourite lines.)

BIRTHS.

BOMFORD—May 14, 1918, the wife of W. H. Bomford, M.D., Koromumu, Fiji, of a son.

COATH—August 6, 1918, at Powerscourt, Enniskerry, to Mr. and Mrs. George Coath, Railway av., Sutton, a son.

LAFFERTY—August 4, 1918, at 40 Upper Fitzwilliam st., Dublin, the wife of Charles S. Lafferty, L.D.S.I., Wembley, Middlesex, of a daughter.

LEONARD—August 4, 1918, at 18 Belgrave rd., Rathmines, the wife of Dr. A. G. G. Leonard, of a daughter.

LITTON—August 7, 1918, at 8 Claremont Villas, Glenageary, the wife of Captain Litton, R.E., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

FitzGERALD and STENSON—August 5, 1918, at St. Kevin's, by the Rev. T. C. Hammond, B.D., Rector, Eccleston FitzGerald, 5 Arran quay, to Margaret, daughter of the late William Stenson, Coote st., Mountrath.

HOEY and HILTON—August 5, 1918, at Newbridge Parish Church, by the Rev. Canon O'Connor, Arthur Hoey, youngest son of the late John Hoey, Dublin, to Ellen (Nellie), second daughter of Captain Hilton, R.E., and Mrs. Hilton, Newbridge, Co. Kildare.

LLOYD-apJOHN and WOODWARD—July 22, 1918, in London, Reginald Lloyd-apJohn, youngest son of Charles Lloyd-apJohn, of Brisbane, and grandson of the late Marshall Lloyd-apJohn, of Linfield, County Limerick, to Margorie E. Woodward, youngest daughter of Surgeon Charles Chadley Roland Woodward, grand-daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel William J. Morris, Bombay Staff Corps (Kendish).

MYERS and ELDERKIN—August 3, 1918, at Holy Trinity Church, Bungay, Suffolk, by the Rev. Hastrey J. Enraght, Vicar, Sam. Crosland Myers, Lieutenant, Army Cyclist Corps, B.E.F., elder son of the late Walter Myers, of Ossett, and Mrs. Myers, of Whitkirk, to May, fourth daughter of the late Thomas Elderkin and the late Mrs. Elderkin, of Enniscorthy, Co. Wexford.

DEATHS.

ADAMSON—August 8, 1918, at 82 Dalymount, N.C. rd., Swainston Adamson, eldest son of the late Swainston Adamson, Esq., G.I.P. Ry., of "The Running Hills," Armitage, and Churchdale House, Rugeley, Staffordshire.

ARMSTRONG—August 8, 1918, at 63 Carlisle Mansions, London, S.W., Sir Walter Armstrong, Knt., H.R.H.A., late Director of the National Gallery, Ireland, aged 68 years. No flowers, please.

CHARLETON—August 8, 1918, at his residence, 3 Charleston av., Newbridge, Peter Charleton, aged 74 years. Funeral arrangements later.

EVANS—July 4, 1918, Samuel William Evans, Barrister-at-Law, eldest son of the late William Evans, of Dublin. Interred family burial ground, Mount Jerome.

O'GRADY—August 7, 1918, at her residence, Aghamarta, Carrigaline, Co. Cork, suddenly, Selina Helena O'Grady, eldest daughter of the late Standish Darby O'Grady, Esq.

SCOTT—August 8, 1918, at 10 Willoughby place, Enniskillen, Barbara Jenison Scott, widow of the late Andrew Scott, junior, W.S., Edinburgh, and eldest daughter of the late Thomas Beamish, Cashelmore, and Hare Hill, Bandon.

WILSON—August 7, 1918, at her residence, 141 Clonliffe rd., after a short illness, Emily, the loved wife of Robert Wilson, of this city. Funeral private. Manchester papers please copy.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. George A. Hipwell and family desire to tender their sincere thanks to their many kind friends who sent telegrams and letters of sympathy to them in their recent sad bereavement. Finding it impossible, at present, to reply individually, they trust the friends will accept this acknowledgment.

IN MEMORIAM.

KEEGAN—Seventeenth Anniversary—In loving memory of William, eldest son of the late Paul Keegan, of 57 Patrick st., Kingstown. On whose soul Sweet Jesus have mercy. Inserted by his loving brothers and sisters.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 2.

'Phone 276. **NICHOLS'** 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET (Merrion square).
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Funeral and Carriage Establishment, 60 MARLBOROUGH STREET.
Telephone 711.

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WREATHS, Crosses, Floral Designs, Choicest Flowers. Exquisitely arranged. Lowest Prices. Prompt despatch. 'Phones 1159, 1806.

MONEY Lent by post, from £30 to £3,000, on Note of Hand alone, without security, to Ladies or Gentlemen; strictly private. No charges whatever if the Loan is not granted. Apply Mr. N. Murtagh, Secretary, the City and County Private Finance Co., Ltd., 12 South Leinster street, Dublin.

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IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone 62.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, Spectacles in case. Finder rewarded.—Kelly, Montrose, Donnybrook.

LOST, Silver-mounted Umbrella, bone crooked handle, steel rod, Fox frame, on train from Dolphin's Barn to Glasnevin, Tuesday night; reward.—A 232, this office.

LOST, Tuesday afternoon, between North Circular road and Dalkey, gold torpedo shaped Sleeve Link; reward.—"Z 1814, Lost," this office.

LOST, Bank Holiday, Pair of Glasses (Pince-nez), 4.45 train from Westland Row. Reward given, left at Supple's, 7 Anglesea st.

LOST, a Belfast Hat Box in third class carriage, Great Southern Line. Finder rewarded if returned to Stationmaster, Newbridge.

LOST on Wednesday, between Dublin and Monkstown, Jade Hatpin; reward.—"Z 1840, Halpin," this office.

LOST, 8th inst., between Hume st. and Dundrum, Canvas Bail or Kit Bag.—Reward, 11 Hume st.

LOST, on Tuesday, Pearl Spray Brooch. Reward Treasna, Merrion road.

PURSE containing money Lost Wednesday between 6.30 and 9 o'clock in Sackville st. Reward at 55 Whitworth road.

£1 REWARD—Lost, Monday, small White Fox Terrier, tan markings head and ears; answers "Tinkle."—6 Burlington road.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"BEST BECAUSE PUREST." When you want PURE Cocoa Shells demand "KOKOTEE."

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton st. Established 1829.

CHARMING New Studies in Art Needlework now displaying at Monypeny's, 39 Grafton st.

REQUIRED, Foreman to take charge of Garage Workshop. Apply THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Gt. Brunswick st., Dublin.

SPECIAL Notice—The Café Cairo Orchestra, under the direction of Mr. A. P. Rafter, now plays in the Café from 12.30 each day. Fifty-nine Grafton street.

DISSTON'S CROSS CUT AND FELLING SAWS.
JOHN C. PARKES & SONS, LTD.,
COOMBE, DUBLIN.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

LADIES' RAINPROOF COATS, WATERPROOFS.
ELVERY AND CO., LTD.,
Elephant House,
DUBLIN, CORK and LONDON.

COOLEST CAFE IN DUBLIN.
FRY'S. 44 GRAFTON STREET.
Orchestra from 12.30 to 11.30 p.m.
HOT SUPPERS from 9.0 p.m.
POPULAR PRICES.

WE SELL RICK COVERS.—P. J. SMYTH and CO., 14 Hawkins st. Tel. No. 300. Telegrams—"Sacks," Dublin.

RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street. Established 1829.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times" and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

BROOKS, THOMAS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN.
THERE'S A CHARM IN THE DESIGNS AND COLOURS OF "BROMAS"; WALL DECORATIONS THAT COMPELS ADMIRATION.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK are correctly summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

S. W. PAINTS,
For Farm and Greenhouse.
Shade Cards and Prices Free.
DOCKRELL LIMITED,
South Great George's street, Dublin.

FOUR-COURSE LUNCH, 2s.
Best Value in Dublin.
MOIRA RESTAURANT,
TRINITY STREET (College Green).

AT THE FRONT the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" is highly appreciated by Officers and Men. Price Twopence.

EXPANDED METAL, ROOFING FELT.
T. HENSHAW and CO., LTD.,
5-12 CHRIST CHURCH PLACE, DUBLIN.

INCOME TAX—Claims, Super-Tax, Accounts.—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

"EMPIRE" TYPEWRITERS. AGENTS—POLLOCK and CO., LTD., 50 Grafton street, Dublin.

SAVE PAPER—Place a definite order with a Newsagent for a regular copy of the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

LOANS by Post—£20 to £5,000—in any part of Ireland and Great Britain, to all respectable persons on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post without interview. No fees charged or beforehand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

£5 TO £500 ADVANCED to FARMERS, TRADERS, PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMEN, in any part of Great Britain and Ireland, on Note of Hand. Privacy Guaranteed. Apply, personally, or by letter, to THE MANAGER,
THE COMMERCIAL UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT CO. (LTD.),
57 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

SITUATIONS VACANT & AGENCIES

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.
FORTHCOMING EXAMINATION.
FEMALE WRITING ASSISTANTS IN CERTAIN PUBLIC DEPARTMENTS (16-18), 15th August.

The date specified is the latest at which applications can be received. They must be made on forms to be obtained, with particulars, from the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, London, W.

URBAN DISTRICT OF TRALEE TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

The above Committee require a DOMESTIC ECONOMY INSTRUCTRESS. Salary £90 per annum, and in addition authorised war bonus of £23 9/- per annum. Preference will be given to a person qualified to teach English and Arithmetic, or French. The person selected must take up duty on September 9th.

Applications, accompanied by testimonials, etc., must reach me on or before August 14th, 1918.

D. D. O'SULLIVAN, Principal and Secretary.
Central Technical School, Tralee.

SEED TRADE.

Shop Manager and First Counter Assistant required for Dublin Seed Establishment about to be opened in central position. Applicants must be fully experienced in all phases of a high class Garden, Farm, and Sundries Business, and have outstanding qualifications in Salesmanship. Applications, which will be treated in strictest confidence, to be addressed, A 193, this office.

CONGESTED DISTRICTS BOARD FOR IRELAND.

Machinist Wanted for Four Cutter Planing and Moulding Machine, and also to work Feed and Push Circular Saw Bench; only competent men need apply. Send copies of references and state wages expected to P. Boland, Congested Districts Board Saw Mills, Claremorris, Co. Mayo.

COUNTY OF WICKLOW.
ASSISTANT SURVEYOR WANTED.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL of the County of Wicklow will, at its Meeting to be held in the Council Chamber, Courthouse, Wicklow, on MONDAY, 19th AUGUST, 1918, consider applications from suitable candidates, and proceed to appoint a duly qualified person to fill the position of Assistant Surveyor under that body.

The person appointed must satisfy the Council that he is not more than 35 years of age, and that he possesses all the qualifications prescribed by the Local Government Board's Order, dated 31st March, 1913. The appointment will be subject to the approval of the Local Government Board. He must be prepared to reside at whatever place, within the county, the Council may require, and to immediately take up his duties after the appointment has been sanctioned as aforesaid. Although he will not be required to be a whole-time officer, the County Surveyor shall at all times have first claim upon his services. Further, he will be required to inspect and report upon all roads and works within the district now vacant, and which will be assigned to him by the County Surveyor. Further, he shall be held liable to inspect and report upon roads and works outside said district, when so instructed by the Finance Committee of the Council.

The salary attaching to the appointment is £156 per annum.

The salary mentioned is to cover all expenses of postage and travelling incurred by the Assistant Surveyor in the discharge of his duties.

Applications, in registered letter, stating age of candidate, accompanied by testimonials, and certificates as to qualifications, should be addressed to "S. G. Gallagher, Esq., B.E., County Surveyor, Courthouse, Wicklow," and should reach him not later than 10th August, 1918.

(By Order),
S. J. DOYLE, Secretary to County Council.
Courthouse, Wicklow.

COUNTY DOWN COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.
POULTRY AND DAIRYING INSTRUCTOR.

Wanted immediately, a Poultry and Dairying Instructor for the Southern portion of Co. Down. Salary £100 per annum, and yearly increments of £6, expenses of locomotion, and War Bonus. Should an experienced Instructor be appointed the Committee will deal liberally with her.

Applicants must satisfy the Department of Agriculture as to qualifications.

Applications, with not more than three testimonials (copies only), to be lodged with the Secretary on or before the 31st August, 1918.

ANDREW J. MORROW, Secretary to County Committee, Balmoral, Belfast.

COUNTY KILDARE JOINT COMMITTEE FOR TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION.

Wanted, Principal and Secretary for above Committee. Commencing salary £200, rising by £10 yearly to £250. At present there is a War Bonus of £34 a year in addition to ordinary salary.

Particulars of duties to be obtained from H. Painting, Acting Secretary.

All applications for the above post to be received on or before 26th August, 1918.

METHODIST COLLEGE, BELFAST.

ASSISTANT MASTER RESIDENT Required for SEPTEMBER. GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS. Salary £150 per annum, with Residence. Applications should be addressed to Mr. Henderson, Guilly House, Dromore, Co. Down.

APPRENTICE Wanted (Youth, 14 or 15), to Fancy Jewellery Manufacture.—A 99, this office. E

GOVERNESS CARS and RALLI CARS. All Sizes in Stock. HUTTON and SONS, DUBLIN.

WOLSELEY LIMOUSINE, 16-20 h.p., in a first-class running order. For full particulars apply to BOOTH BROS. (DUBLIN), LTD.

SEVERAL High-class Light Cars in stock—THE DUBLIN MOTOR CO., LTD.

TRACTOR Attachments for Standard Ford on View; also Secondhand Cars. AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD., CHATHAM ST. GARAGE (off Grafton st.).

OVERLAND CAR PARTS. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 Dawson st., Dublin.

THE FORDSON TRACTOR is the simplest to work and maintain. The handiest and most satisfactory of all agricultural power machines. Full particulars and immediate delivery of a limited number from R. W. ARCHER and CO., 65 Lower Mount street, Dublin.

ALLDAY'S GENERAL PURPOSE TRACTORS.—The first consignment of these fine British-built Tractors is due to arrive in Dublin this month. This Oil Tractor absolutely takes the place of a steam engine for hauling and driving Threshers and hauling wagons on the road. Particulars from THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Dublin, Belfast, and Cork.

ANDERSON, STANFORD & RIDGEWAY
FOR
REMOVALS & STORAGE.
28 and 29 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.
Electric Lift.
Telephones—934, 935, 696, etc.

OLD-ESTABLISHED
OPTICIAN & CUTLER
AGAIN FULLY
AT YOUR SERVICE.
P. McGivney has pleasure in announcing that he has now re-opened his new premises on the old site, and is in a position to offer the best value in the trade.
P. McGIVNEY,
41 HENRY STREET, DUBLIN.

THE DUBLIN Week-end Paper is the "Weekly Irish Times." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price Twopence.

NEW & USED CARS
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
THE GRAFTON MOTOR CO
GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN.

STELLITE, 3-Speed, 2-Seater	£300
G.W.K. DE LUXE (1916) Dickey	£300
G.W.K. (1915), 4-Seater	£225
BELSIZE, 10/12 h.p. 2-Seater, Dickey	£150
VULCAN, 4-Seater, Electric Light	£250
HUPMOBILE, 2-Seater (as new)	£450
PRINCESS, 12 h.p. 2-Seater	£189

"VI-SPRING"
MATTRESS
COMFORTABLE, HYGIENIC, AND MODERATELY PRICED.
Sole Agents: Investigate To-day.
PIM BROS., LTD.,
EXCHEQUER STREET.

WHEN IN DOUBT
About the Purchase of SHIRTS, PYJAMAS, COLLARS, SOCKS, TIES, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, DRESSING GOWNS, &c., a visit to my establishment will put you right.
GEORGE GRANDY
STEPHEN'S GREEN.

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You should make provision for your families or dependents, in case you meet with a Fatal Accident, owing to a War and/or Marine peril. You can do this for a very small Premium covering Fatal Accident, and also cover Total and Partial Disablement Risk. Full particulars from
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COYLE & CO. (Brokers), Ltd.	7 Anglesea Street, Dublin.
R. D. BRUNTON	43 Dame Street, Dublin.
A. W. HEWETT	15 D'Olier Street, Dublin.
T. M. O'CALLAGHAN	23 St. Andrew Street, Dublin.

GREAT SOUTHERN HOTELS.
KILLARNEY.
KENMARE.
PARKNASILLA.
CARAGH LAKE.
NOW OPEN.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

ASSISTANT Linenkeeper for first class Dublin Hotel. Apply, stating age, salary required, etc., A 67, this office.

ABSOLUTE Security Granted to all Persons in Positions of Trust by The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd.; subscribed capital £1,050,000.—T. N. and N. S. Smith, 43 Dame st., Dublin. T

ATTEND Irish School of Motoring, Amiens st., for Tuition in Driving, Mechanism, Repairs; Ladies' Classes speciality; oldest established in Ireland. F

AT the Front the "Weekly Irish Times" is highly appreciated by officers and men. Price twopence. F

AGENTS Wanted to Sell Profitable Goods of every sort; catalogues free.—May, 153 George st., Birmingham. T

A SMART City Man required immediately as Outdoor Representative for Dublin Company; must be well known to business people, of good appearance, pushing, and adaptable; permanency to the right man; need not have travelling experience if otherwise suitable; age no under 30. Apply A 251, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Lady Wanted, must be smart at figures and accurate; state experience and wages required.—A 173, this office. F

BOOT Salesman Wanted, Protestant, Co. Cavan; send copy reference and salary (indoor).—"Z 1781, Salesman," this office. A

BOY Wanted as Apprentice to Cycle and Motor work in Dublin; fee required; send full particulars, age, education, copies references.—A 208, this office. C

BOOKKEEPER required for City Medical Hall; some experience and good handwriting essential; Protestant. Apply, with copies of references and stating salary required, "Z 1822, Bookkeeper," this office. B

BOOT Salesman Wanted, 1st September, reliable, abstainer.—Parsons, Ltd., Athlone.

BOOT Trade—Rough Stuff Cutter for Press Power Machine Wanted; state experience and wages expected.—Box A 8008, Kenny's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

BOOT Trade—Clicker or Improver Wanted; state experience and wages expected.—Box A 8011, Kenny's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

CHARTERED Accountant requires well educated Youth as Apprentice; fee £100, part returnable as salary.—X 2000, this office. E

CONFECTIONER—Wanted, an experienced Girl for City Bakehouse; must understand her business thoroughly.—A 149, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Alteration Hand required; state wages.—A 283, this office. A

EASY SHORTHAND—Will you give half hour a day and 1/6 per week to become a 120-word-per-minute shorthand writer? Dutton's Shorthand consists of 29 Characters, 6 rules. Its theory can be acquired in 24 hours. Send two stamps for first lesson.—Dutton's Business College, Desk P 20, Skegness. T

EDWARD Lee and Co., Ltd., Kingstown, require young Lady for Office; experience essential; salary, reference, etc. F

EDWARD Lee and Co., Ltd., 6 and 7 Upper Abbey st., Dublin, require an experienced young Lady to take Charge and Buy Mantles and Underclothing. Apply, by letter, in first instance, stating experience, salary expected, copies of references. A

EXPERIENCED Lady Bookkeeper and Typist Wanted. Apply, stating experience, to Arthur and Co., 97 Middle Abbey st. B

E. S. LEE, Portarlington, requires a first class Milliner; also must be accustomed to sales; state salary, experience, etc. B

GIRLS Wanted (150), from 15 years upwards, to train as Waitresses, Counter Hands, and Cashiers; wages from start, 17/- to 25/- per week, together with board; also Kitchen Girls and Charwomen; wages 20/- per week and board; also a few Barmaids and Typists (Junior); applicants must pay own fares and take up work immediately. Enclose stamped addressed envelope, stating full particulars, age, etc. Address "Girls," c/o Kenny's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

GROCERY—Wanted immediately, Junior Assistant to select Grocery and Provision Business, in West of Ireland. Reply, enclosing copy of references, salary expected, and when disengaged, to "Z 1704, Assistant," this office. E

HOUSEKEEPER Wanted in Business House, Co. Sligo; Protestant, elderly, preferred; another servant kept; give full particulars.—"Z 1711, Housekeeper," this office. E

HOTEL Bookkeeper Wanted; knowledge of typing, thoroughly reliable, and accurate; salary £45 to £50. Apply Rougemont Hotel, Exeter. F

HONEST, trustworthy Girl for Killiney; family two and two children; wages £15.—Box A 8005, Kenny's Advertising Agency, Dublin. A

IRONMONGERY, Seeds, Furniture—Wanted, Assistant, good town; half day; state age, experience, with copy references.—"Z 1815, Assistant," this office. B

INTELLIGENT Girl Wanted, learn Grocery; live South side; references required.—A 287, Irish Times Office, Rathmines. A

LADIES' Tailors Wanted at once; good wages paid to reliable and experienced men. Apply 135 Stephen's Green. F

LADY Help Wanted; quiet country place; Protestant.—"Z 1734, Help," this office. A

LAUNDRY Office Assistant, with some experience, Wanted at once, state salary expected.—A 184, this office.

LADIES' Hairdresser—Wanted, young Lady, able to shampoo and wave; higher branches taught if required; short hours; state terms; fare paid; fortnight's holidays per year (paid).—Maison Stebill, Cecil street, Limerick.

LADY Assistant required in Merchant's office; must be experienced, and have thorough knowledge of office routine, typewriting, furnishing accounts, etc.; Protestant. Apply, giving particulars, A 243, this office.

LADY Entertainer Wanted for city hotel; must be musical and able to organise dances and bridge parties, etc.—A 240, this office. A

LADY (not over 30, of good family and education) Wanted on South Coast of England, as Nurse, Housekeeper, Companion to invalid gentleman; some knowledge of housekeeping desirable, but no nursing experience necessary; post could be filled by any capable and companionable person; please write particulars, with age and height, and send photo (which is essential); £50 (resident).—A. R. Turnis, Esq., Delmora, Church Walk, Worthing.

LARD and Lard Compound—Wanted, Working Foreman, Leading Hand, or Supervisor, who thoroughly understands the manufacture of same; must be accustomed to take control of men, and able to take full charge. Write, giving full particulars, to "Z 1796, Foreman," this office. D

LADIES' Tailor and Cutter Wanted. Apply A 191, this office.

MOTHER'S Help (Protestant) Wanted, country place, South; family small. Apply, stating salary expected, reference, and age, to "Z 1739, Help," this office.

MANAGER Wanted for Co-op. Society in Co. Kildare, doing General Grocery and Agricultural business; salary £120, bonus on profits, free house and garden; salary increased after half yearly audit if satisfactory.—"Z 1768, Manager," this office.

MILLER Wanted, who understands flour, oatmeal, and stone dressing; please state terms and experience.—"Z 1764, Miller," this office. F

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

MILLINERY and Sales—Young Lady, Protestant, Wanted, country town, south; state age and enclose references.—"Z 1788, Lady," this office. F

MANAGER Wanted for Wholesale Grain Merchant; knowledge of grain buying essential; must also be experienced in the wool and coal business. Applications, enclosing copies of credentials and stating salary expected, to H. B. Brandon and Co., Chartered Accountants, The Mall, Waterford. A

NURSE required for Nursing Home, also Probationer, with some experience.—A 276, this office.

OPTICIAN—Wanted at once, thoroughly experienced Assistant. Apply Harris Rundle, High st., Belfast. E

OFFICE—Junior required for Wholesale Merchant's Office in Dublin, age about 15 years. Apply, in own handwriting, A 281, this office.

PROVISION Order Department—Wanted, a first class Assistant for City (outdoor), must write good hand and be quick at figures; none other need apply.—A 147, this office. F

POST Office Assistant—Required, competent Sounder, accounts; state experience and terms.—Post Office, Schull.

SMART Girl, knowledge books, and assist in shop; good wage suitable girl; send full particulars, age, wages, and references.—X 1921, this office. E

SALESMAN, charge Dress Department, Wanted; experienced in first class trade, knowledge of drapery. Apply, with reference (interview preferred), Montgomery, Limited, Bangor. E

TRAVELLER—Wanted, Junior for Bacon Trade, city; good address, appearance, references.—A 102, this office. E

TIMBER Carter—Wanted, experienced Man to act as Foreman, Co. Longford. State wages and reference to A 133, this office. E

TO Tailors—Wanted, a first class Coat Hand. Apply immediately, Davies and Jones, Great Brunswick street.

WANTED, good practical Sawyers for Home Grown Timber; state age, wage, and experience; only men over military age or ineligible for the Army need apply. Wilson Bros. Bobbin Co., Ltd., Garston, Liverpool. F

WANTED, young Lady Bookkeeper, with hotel experience an advantage.—Apply X 1997, this office. E

WANTED, young Lady Vocalist to demonstrate popular Music. Apply to F. W. Woolworth and Co., Ltd., 66-67 Grafton st., Dublin.

WANTED, capable Buyer, to take charge of Millinery, Blouses, and Underclothing Dept, Southern town; give full particulars and state salary (outdoor).—"Z 1705, Buyer," this office. F

WANTED, a Horseshoer; apply at once. Write or call for particulars, P. Brennan, Leighlin st., Carlow.

WANTED, young Man, good education and some ambition in life, who is not afraid of work; good opportunity for right man. Apply A 55, this office. E

WANTED, an experienced Knitter for Flat Machine; good wages.—A 115, this office. F

WANTED, First Class Skirt Cutter and Fitter; state experience and reference.—A 92, this office. F

WANTED, young Lady (Protestant) for country Sub-office, telephone, accounts, able to take charge if required; assist at drapery; enclose copies references.—"Z 1729, Lady," this office.

WANTED, for City Jeweller's, a Youth, well educated, with a knowledge of shorthand and typewriting. Reply, stating age, references, and wages expected, A 123, this office. F

WANTED, Protestant Mother's Help; good home; no young children.—"Z 1751, Help," this office. F

WANTED, a smart Assistant for Wholesale Dress Department. Apply, stating terms (dinner supplied), and give copies references, to A 121, this office. F

WANTED, Linenkeeper, to superintend stillroom and carve. Apply Hotel Russell, Dublin. F

WATCHMAKERS, Clockmakers, Jewellers, before accepting situation in Kingstown communicate with Sec., Gold, Silver, and Allied Trades, 6 Exchequer st., Dublin, when they will hear something to their advantage.

WANTED, First Class Milliner; good salary if suitable.—A 200, this office. F

WANTED, first class Typist and Shorthand Writer for Shipping Office; good salary will be paid to an experienced and suitable young lady.—"Z 1784, Typist," this office.

WAITRESS, young, Wanted for first class City Restaurant; copies, experience.—A 262, this office. F

WANTED, good, experienced Provision Man, first counter hand; state experience and wages (indoor).—McFarland, Greystones.

WANTED, an Assistant (male) for Sub Post Office, with telephone; competent to take charge. Apply Sub Postmaster, Blacklion.

WANTED, Monkstown, Dublin, capable and superior Mother's Help, fond of and used to children; light housework; Protestant; two other maids kept. Apply by letter, giving all details, to A 257, this office. A

WANTED immediately, experienced Man, capable of erecting portable saw mill in wood, consisting of two rack and two push benches; must contract for erection within specified time.—"Z 1837, Man," this office. B

WANTED by Dublin Firm of Merchants, Boy to Deliver Letters by hand in city.—A 255, this office.

WANTED, a young Lady to assist at Bookkeeping. Apply Singer's, 4 Henry st.

WANTED, young Lady to General Drapery, outdoor, Dublin suburbs. Apply, with copy reference and salary expected.—A 282, this office.

WANTED, two thoroughly competent Land Agent's Clerks for a Government Office; wages 50/- a week; must be over Military age.—Box B 5174, Kenny's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

WANTED, Lady Superintendent (I.C.) for Girls' Friendly Society Lodge, Cork. Apply, with copies testimonials, Hon. Sec., 36 Sunday's Well, Cork.

WANTED, Mill Manager for recently equipped Oatmeal Mill in South of Ireland; liberal salary and working interest to a suitable applicant.—290, Irish Times Office, Cork.

YOUNG Lady (Protestant) required for Office Work; knowledge shorthand, typewriting necessary.—X 1816, this office.

YOUNG Lady Wanted, assist shop, bakery, etc.; Wicklow; state age, salary, when disengaged; copies discharges.—"Z 1735, Lady," this office.

YOUNG Man, Protestant, Wanted as Assistant Clerk (north side of city); must be accurate, reliable, and well recommended; state age and experience, give references and mention salary expected.—A 168, this office. F

YOUNG Nurse Attendant Wanted for lady; Protestant.—"Z 1693, Nurse," this office.

LEGAL.

LAW Clerk, experienced, desires position; satisfactory references.—"Z 1832, Legal," this office. A

SOLICITOR'S Assistant disengaged; five years' experience; salary moderate.—A 221, this office.

WANTED, Office Boy for Solicitor's office, Dublin, to attend telephone and post. Apply in own handwriting, A 134, this office. F

SHIRTS
to which all the required details have been given effect are
ESSENTIAL
To COMFORT
With over 50 years experience we are able to guarantee satisfaction.
E. & W. SEALE, LTD.,
SHIRT EXPERTS,
97-99 GRAFTON STREET.

LEGAL CONTINUED.

WANTED, a competent and experienced Law Clerk, country Solicitor's office; must be a total abstainer. Apply, with copies testimonials, stating salary expected, A 244, this office.

WANTED by Solicitor, Junior Typist, temporary; state salary.—A 277, this office.

WANTED immediately, good Typist and Shorthand Writer, solicitor's office; must state salary expected and enclose copy testimonials.—A 254, this office.

MEDICAL.

ASSISTANT required, City Pharmacy; full particulars, A 252, this office.

CAPABLE Assistant Wanted for Retail Pharmacy. Apply, with full particulars, to "Z 1782, Assistant," this office.

CORCORAN and Co., Chemists, 76 Talbot st., Dublin, require a Junior for one month.

DOCTOR open to act as Assistant or Partner; long experience; would consider purchase; Dublin preferred.—"Z 1692, Doctor," this office. F

DOCTOR is open to engagements as Locum, Ireland, until end September; just completed three years' war service.—A 239, this office.

JUNIOR Assistant Wanted for City Pharmacy. Reply, with copies of references, A 129, this office. F

JUNIOR Chemist's Assistant required for Pharmacy, Dublin, South side; state age, experience, and salary expected.—A 280, this office.

L.P.S.I. required to manage Pharmacy, South; state terms, etc.; (indoor).—"Z 1805, Manager," this office.

L.P.S.I. desires Locum first fortnight in September.—"Z 1831, Chemist," this office.

YOUTH, about 16 years of age, required as Mechanical Apprentice in good Dental Practice; no fee required; must have good references. Apply, in own handwriting, A 255, this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

ATTENDANT (R.C.) will care invalid; highest recommendation.—Miss Lawton, Newtown House, Tramore, Waterford.

ARCHITECT, holding public position, desires holiday engagement in Dublin, for September; would assist in work office or outside.—"Z 1765, Engagement," this office. F

BARMAID—Young Lady, 22, tall, smart, good appearance, four years' experience; excellent reference.—"Z 1726, Barmaid," this office.

COMPANION or Help—Young Lady, I.C., good needlewoman, seeks engagement.—"Z 1744, Companion," this office. F

COMPETENT Housekeeper, all duties, seeks position, Housekeeper or Useful Lady Help, Bray.—A 258, this office. A

EXPERIENCED Commercial Traveller open for full or spare time Agency; salary or commission; presently engaged; trial wanted.—A 41, this office. E

EVENINGS—Gentleman wishes work at home, Writing, Accounts, etc.; good penman; very moderate.—A 120, this office. E

EXPERIENCED Lady Typist and Office Assistant desires permanent position; excellent reference.—A 224, this office.

ENERGETIC young Man wants spare time employment, five hours daily, any position, collecting, clerical, supervising; highest references.—A 286, this office.

EXPERIENCED Protestant Housekeeper seeks post; town preferred; good references.—1559, Irish Times Office, Blackrock.

HOUSEKEEPER or Matron wants position in College or Institution; large experience and excellent references; R.C.—"Z 1825, Matron," this office.

LADY Bookkeeper open for Evening Employment; posting, furnish accounts.—E O 911, Irish Times Office, Rathmines. E

LADY recommends Useful Help or Companion Housekeeper (lady), R.C.; splendid needlewoman; very domesticated.—A 138, this office.

LADY desires post as Companion or Secretary; excellent references; cheerful, musical, adaptable.—"Z 1740, Companion," this office. F

LADY wishes to recommend a Girl as Secretary, or to work in an Office. Apply Miss Smallhorn, 31 Reuben st., S.C. road, Dublin.

MOTHER'S Help (R.C.) will help with children, light housework; highest references.—A 3, this office. F

NURSE Attendant, 12 years' experience, lady or gentleman.—Miss Mages, Naul, Balbriggan. F

PROTESTANT young Lady desires position with good business; experienced in office work; highest [illegible]

TRUSTWORTHY Protestant Youth, age 17½, desires employment; sober and reliable; either city or country.—A 187, this office.

WANTED by Widow, post as Useful Mother's Help (daily), or Housekeeper in small family; references.—A 204, this office. F

WAITRESS or Housemaid Waitress—Country Girl wishes position, club, hotel, or nice class boarding house; experienced.—"Z 1812, Waitress," this office.

YOUNG Man desires position, help management farm; good knowledge farming, also business training.—A 157, this office.

YOUNG Widow wishes position Housekeeper, generally useful; can be highly recommended.—A 296, this office.

YOUNG Man, with good experience of office routine, desires a position in Drapery Establishment or otherwise.—A 304, this office. A

MALES WANTED.

HOTEL Porter required for the Marine Hotel, Sutton. Apply to-day, 4.30, 55 Dame st.

MAN Wanted, help garden and farm; wife milk, small plain laundry, help dairy and poultry; coal fired; wages 30/- and small cottage.—Sealy King, Ballina, Cork.

REQUIRED at once for extensive estate, first class Land Steward, thoroughly experienced in tillage, stock, and general management of large farm; salary about £120, with house and allowances. Apply Drummond's, Dawson st., Dublin. F

STRAPPER Wanted for Kennels; wages £1 per week and bed.—"Z 1763, Strapper," this office. F

WANTED, strong Protestant Pantry Boy.—Mrs. Cane, St. Wolstan's, Celbridge, Co. Kildare. E

WANTED, superior General Man to trap rabbits, act as bogranger, and look after place generally; good wages to suitable man.—Gildea, Clooncormack, Hollymount.

WANTED, Groom and General, Protestant, single; well recommended.—Irvine, Gonisk, Ballinamallard, Fermanagh. E

WANTED, Second Porter, useful lad; 7/6 per week. Apply Hotel Russell. F

WANTED, respectable Man, to live indoor, must be early riser, very good worker, careful about horses, strictly honest and sober. Apply, sending copies of references, wages expected, to R. Fitzpatrick, Tenakill, Raheen, Mountrath. F

WANTED, good Working Gardener; wages 24/-, cottage, vegetables; South Dublin.—"Z 1755, Gardener," this office.

WANTED Yardman, good milker, understand rearing calves, pigs; active; wages £1 weekly, house, and allowances.—"Z 1737, Yardman," this office.

WANTED, General Farm Labourer, to milk; state wages expected (indoor), with copies references.—"Z 1742, Labourer," this office.

WANTED, Ploughman, with son to work; Protestant; wages £1 per week, with free house, garden, and turf bank; good reference necessary.—"Z 1741, Ploughman," this office.

WANTED, General Man, who understands gardening or Working Gardener, Co. Tipperary; Protestant, no family; Wife attend gate; lodge, partly furnished, small garden, milk, coal; send last papers (copies), state age and wages expected.—Mr. A. Forbes, Newcastle, Ballymacarbery, Co. Waterford.

WANTED, Useful Handyman, with working family; free house, etc. Apply Fred. Bradley, Kells Grange, Co. Kilkenny. A

WANTED, good Working Gardener, Meath; usual allowances; send copies, wages.—"Z 1819, Gardener," this office.

WANTED, Boy, R.C., indoor, look after cows; good milker; make himself useful; comfortable home.—A 248, this office.

WANTED, General Man (married), who understands gardening, care of pony and trap, can milk. Send copies of discharges, state age religion, wages, Butler, Lavistown, Kilkenny.

WANTED, R.C. married Man, garden, care motor, make himself useful; copies, age, and wages.—"Z 1806, Man," this office.

WANTED, 2nd September, young married Protestant Working Gardener; must understand vines, peaches, melons. Apply, stating all particulars, Mrs. Shuldham, Ounavarra, Gorey, Co. Wexford.

WANTED, Groom Coachman, married; must thoroughly understand his duties and be good driver; state age, height, weight, and what family; also terms expected, with free house; must be well recommended.—W. Richardson, Prospect House, Waterford. A

WANTED, a good man for milking. Apply Walker, Ballygihen Dairy, Sandycove.

WANTED, a Man to care pony and trap, milk two cows, brush clothes, etc.; to live in.—"Z 1838, Man," this office.

WANTED good General Man, married; wife to milk; if with working son or brother, employment given; good wages, with house, milk, firing, harvest money, produce of barrel of seed potatoes. Reply, with copies, E. R. Jolley, Ballykeane, Rathdrum, Co. Wicklow.

MALES DISENGAGED.

CAPABLE, recommended Gardener desires engagement; Mother, milking, laundry; no family.—A 141, this office.

GENERAL Man wants situation; married; milk, plain gardening, drive, ride; good discharges.—A 39, this office.

GARDENER, I.C., two working sons; state terms.—R. Earl, Ravensdale, Dundalk. F

GARDENER (Working); well up in fruits, vegetables; nursery experience; well recommended; Protestant.—"Z 1760, Gardener," this office.

GARDENER, experienced, vines, etc. (live out), vicinity Stillorgan, Foxrock.—Connolly, Fernhill, Sandyford.

GARDENER—Journeyman desires situation, inside or Foreman.—"Z 1790, Gardener," this office. F

GROOM, married, wishes place; well recommended; generally useful.—Conway, Innisfallen, Mallow.

GENERAL Man, single (R.C.) seeks situation, Gardener, milk or plough; good references.—A 259, this office.

GENERAL Man, married, seeks engagement 1st October; motor running repairs, horses, garden; furnished house; state terms.—"Z 1815, Man," this office. A

HEAD Gardener, with long experience all departments, for engagement. Terms, particulars, "Z 1672, Gardener," this office. E

HEAD Gardener (Working), experienced all departments, disengaged. Terms, particulars, "Z 1703, Gardener," this office.

STEWARD and Gardener, active man, with thorough knowledge of fruit, flowers, and vegetables, also thoroughly understanding forestry and estate work; highest references.—P. Mackey's, Seedsmen, Dublin. A

STEWARD, practical man, life experience, highly recommended for buying, selling, and tillage; Protestant, married, no family.—Box 620, Irish Times Office, Belfast. B

TWO respectable Men seek situations together as General Farm Hands, Kildare or Kilkenny; please state terms; indoor.—"Z 1719, Farm Hands," this office.

WORKING Steward seeks employment; R.C.; wife and 2 children.—"Z 1594, Steward," this office. E

WANTED, situation as Ploughman or General Farm Hand; 10 years last place; highest references.—James Kidney, Erne Hill, Belturbet. F

DOMESTICS WANTED.

AT Duke st.—Miss McCall required immediately, Staff, Working Housekeeper, two H. P'maids, Useful Maid, Nurserymaid, Cook, Kitchenmaid, Scullerymaid.

CAN Lady recommend A Protestant Girl, with some training, as Betweenmaid, 2nd September, for Hilton Park, Clones; wages £16. Please write Mrs. Madden, Castleview, Castlerock, Londonderry. E

New Potatoes
Are used sparingly owing to price.
BAKE the old potatoes freely with
RED-HAND
Baby Flake.
Recipes on Application to
H. J. Briscoe, 11 Crow St., Dublin.
J. B. Booth and Son, 4 King St., Cork.

FOR HOTELS SEE PAGE 2.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

DOMESTIC Servant Wanted; plain cook, dairy; three miles from Phoenix Park; good wages.—"Z 1810, Domestic," this office. A

HEAD Stillroom Maid Wanted for first class Hotel in city; good wages paid to suitable person.—A 1902, this office. E

HOUSEKEEPER (Working) Wanted, I.C., for gentleman's place in country; good cook; full references, salary expected.—"Z 1830, Housekeeper," this office. A

STRONG country Girl Wanted as Betweenmaid; cook and house parlourmaid kept; must have some knowledge of housework, and be well recommended; wages £14.—"Z 1803, Maid," this office. B

STILLROOM Maid Wanted for United Service Club. Apply by letter, stating particulars, to House Steward. A

WANTED, for London, General or Lady Help; plain cooking; family two; wages £20-£28. Apply, letter, Mrs. G., Dundrum House, Dundrum, Dublin. E

WANTED, respectable Woman, Working Housekeeper; no servant; help given. Reply stating wages, copy reference, "Z 1598, Woman," this office. E

WANTED, an honest and respectable Woman for housework and children.—A 172, this office.

WORKING Housekeeper Wanted, Capable, small family; send particulars, wages, etc.—A 274, this office.

WANTED, superior Girl as Betweenmaid in Ladies' small Horticultural College; comfortable place; good wages.—Mrs. Streeten, Upton House, Chester.

WORKING Housekeeper (R.C.) Wanted, for country house, Co. Meath, single gentleman; must understand fowl, dairy, etc., and be well recommended; good salary suitable person.—A 260, this office.

WANTED, respectable young Girl to assist in Dining Hall. Bring papers, call at 10.30 at 20 South Great George's st.

WANTED, Staffmaid, also Pantrymaid. Apply Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dawson st.

WANTED, Rathgar, Settled Woman, to sleep in room with lady requiring slight assistance at night; state wages.—A 292, this office.

WANTED, superior Maid for entire work of lady's small house, outskirts good town; all conveniences; man for boots, knives, and coal; 2 in family; Protestant preferred; state wages, send copies discharges, postage repaid.—Mrs. Wilson, Mill House, Ballinasloe.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK General Wanted; good wages; fare paid.—Moore, Walsall House, Chine Crescent, Bournemouth. E

CAN Lady recommend good Plain Cook, £30, House Parlourmaid, and Housemaid for comfortable house, Surrey; family four; fares paid if stay six months; good references.—"Z 1821, Cook," this office. A

COOK and Kitchenmaid for Military Convalescent Home, Co. Dublin; institution or hotel experience desirable; good wages. Meet Matron, 3 to-day, Registry Singer's, Grafton st.

COOK, young, Wanted, or good Kitchenmaid; R.C.; small dairy, a few fowl; £32; close to Dublin.—A 245, this office.

COOK, experienced, Wanted for country place; three in family; kitchenmaid kept. State age, wages, references to Mrs. Hare, Ballymore, Queenstown, Co. Cork.

COOK General Wanted; £25; two in household; charwoman; good references.—Ewart, Jeannettes, Mill Hill, Middlesex.

GOOD Cooks Wanted; wages £22 to £24. Apply Registry, 7 Carysfort avenue, Blackrock.

WANTED, very good Cook and Breadmaker (yeast), accustomed country house service (superior); single-handed.—"Z 1710, Cook," this office. B

WANTED for England, experienced Cook (single-handed), £35; also good Parlourmaid, £28-£30; housemaid kept, boy does boots, coals, and knives; three in family; fare paid if servants remain 6 months. Full particulars to Mrs. Grey, Whitehouse, Cobham, Surrey. A

WANTED, for County Wexford, in widower's house, a first rate Cook General or Good Plain Cook willing to do some housework; good wages; must have excellent references; two other servants kept.—"Z 1721, Cook General," this office. E

WANTED, Protestant Cook and Housemaid, suburbs; good references.—A 142, this office.

WANTED, good young Cook General, country; small dairy, fowl. Send copies, stating age and wages, to Mrs. Neale, Newington, Newbridge.

WANTED, for near Kildare, a Good Plain Cook in small family; no washing; another girl kept; good wages given; send copy discharges, state age and wages.—"Z 1774, Cook," this office.

WANTED, Cook General for business house; must have good references. Apply, stating wages and enclosing copies of references, to Mrs. P. Caffey, Castlebar.

WANTED, Girl to work under dairymaid; able to milk; R.C.; send copies papers.—Barton, Annamoe, Wicklow.

WANTED, good Cook General for small house in Monkstown; three in family; manservant kept. Write, stating wages, A 261, this office.

WANTED, plain Cook, active, energetic; wages expected, copy reference.—Mrs. McCheane, Freshford, Kilkenny. A

WANTED immediately, Cook General, good cook and bread maker, wash flannels; wages £22 to £26; family four. Send age and copies of discharges, Ringwood, 27 Northbrook road, Dublin.

WANTED, September, active Cook Housekeeper for responsible position; widow with child might suit; send copies references.—475, Irish Times Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

WANTED, experienced Cook, R.C., for country, Scotland; kitchenmaid kept. Apply Mrs. Leeming, Ballechin, Ballinluig, Scotland.

WANTED, very good experienced Plain Cook, R.C., quiet country place, Clare; small dairy, make butter; kitchenmaid kept. Send copies discharges, stating age, wages expected, Mrs. Stacpoole, Edenvale, Ennis.

WANTED, good Cook General, also House Parlourmaid. Apply, letter only, Mrs. Wright, Ulverton, Dalkey.

GENERAL SERVANTS WANTED.

GENERAL Servant Wanted, salary £20, £30; three in family; cooking experience not necessary.—[illegible] Watford, Herts.

GENERAL Servant Wanted; country girl preferred. Apply 15 Grosvenor square, Rathmines, Dublin. F

GENERAL Servant—Wanted, an experienced, reliable, trustworthy person as General Servant for doctor's house in country village, R.C.; highest references required; state wages expected and enclose copies.—"Z 1702, General," this office. E

GENERAL—Wanted, steady, obliging, reliable Girl, economical, good cook; two family; small washing; £10-£12, rising.—A 75, this office. E

GENERAL Wanted, one lady; £20 £26; comfortable home. Call 24 Main st., Blackrock.

GENERAL Wanted; plain cook; small family; some washing; South suburbs; £18.—A 203, this office.

GENERAL Servant Wanted; good plain cooking, small washing; family four; good wages. Apply 72 Kenilworth square, Rathgar.

IMMEDIATELY, General for New Ross, £20 to £22. Keegan's, 54 Upper George's st., Kingstown. E

LADY going England wants young General; would train. Apply before 5 o'clock, 75 South Circular road, Kilmainham.

RELIABLE young Girl to train as General, Maid; two ladies; R.C.; excellent references required.—D 40, Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

WANTED immediately, good General for Clontarf; small family; nursemaid kept; state experience and age.—A 4, this office. E

WANTED, good General, country. Reply, stating wages, copies references, Jackson, Knockcroghery, Roscommon.

WANTED, good, trustworthy General Servant; must be clean; good home and good wages; also fare paid to Glasgow. Apply Lewis, 993 Sauchiehall st., Glasgow. E

WANTED immediately for country, good, reliable experienced General. Apply, stating wages expected, and enclosing copies references.—"Z 1706, General," this office. E

WANTED, Protestant General for London suburb; must be well recommended. Send particulars to Mrs. Townshend, Foxrock.

WANTED, for 1st September, young General; good plain cook; no washing; two in family; wages £18.—"Z 1748, General," this office. F

WANTED, well trained General Servant; wash, plain cook; small family.—Registrar's House, Dean's Grange.

WANTED, smart young General; must be well recommended. Apply 78 Harcourt st. F

WANTED, smart young General, family three, Pembroke; wages £14 to £15.—A 228, this office. F

WANTED, General Servant, milk, wash, help mind children; state wages, send copies references.—Johnston, Ballystanley, Roscrea. A

WANTED, young General, Rathmines; good papers; plain cooking; two in family.—A 238, this office.

WANTED, good General Servant; plain cooking, small washing, and poultry; two in family; wages to right party, £30 per year. Call, between 8 and 9 evening, 37 Mespil road, City.

WANTED, young country Girl to train as General, early riser.—18 Pembroke road.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, September 3rd; experienced; housemaid kept; state age, wages.—Mrs. Fleming, Barraghcore, Goresbridge, Kilkenny.

HOUSEMAID Wanted, September 3rd; active, experienced; state age and wages.—Mrs. Fleming, Barraghcore, Goresbridge, Kilkenny.

HOUSEMAIDS required for first class Hotel, West of England; wages £18 to £20, with board, lodging, and laundry; fare arranged. Apply Rougemont Hotel, Exeter. F

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, gentleman's place near Athlone; £14-£16. Address, with copies references, "Z 1789, Maid," this office. F

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted for quiet country place; usual duties; good wages to well recommended girl. Apply "Z 1802, Maid," this office. B

HOUSE Parlourmaid (Protestant) Wanted, small, quiet place, Co. Dublin; wages £18 to £24.—"Z 1824, Maid," this office.

HOUSEMAID Laundress Wanted, Westmeath, strong, experienced; Protestant preferred; good General might suit; £18; two other maids; family two.—"Z 1797, Maid," this office. A

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, country; small house and family.—"Z 1850, Maid," this office. A

TWO Housemaid Waitresses and Housemaid Wanted, for Southport boarding school. Write Miss Davies, Belmont, Portstewart. B

UNDER Housemaid, Protestant, required September 1; some experience. Apply Dowager Lady Walsh, Ballykilcavan, Stradbally, Queen's Co. E

WANTED, first class Housemaid (superior), accustomed country house service; fully trained, experienced.—"Z 1709, Maid," this office. B

WANTED, end of August, experienced Upper Housemaid to wait on one lady; good needlewoman; also Under Housemaid of two; Protestants. Send copies papers to Miss Tottenham, Ballycurry, Ashford, Wicklow.

WANTED, Upper Housemaid for Co. Limerick; good wages given. State age, religion, wages expected, and when disengaged, copies of discharges, the Hon. Mrs. French, Clonodfoy, Kilmallock.

WANTED, House Parlourmaid, experienced, three in family; country; £16, £18; send copies, age.—Rev. Cappage, Castletownroche.

WANTED, Girl to work under house parlourmaid; R.C.; must have experience; wages £14; send copies papers.—Barton, Annamoe, Wicklow.

WANTED, Housemaid, Meath; some washing; send copies, wages.—"Z 1820, Housemaid," this office.

WANTED, at the Hotel Province, two respectable young Girls; one as Housemaid Waitress, one to do General Work. Call this evening.

NURSES WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Infant's Nurse Wanted, baby one month; state age, wages; good needlewoman. Apply de Burgh, Maudlins, Naas, Ireland. E

NURSE, or Mother's Help, Wanted immediately, three children; help given.—Captain Bomford, Cranleigh, Station avenue, Sandown, Isle of Wight. F

WANTED, Nurse for three children, ages 3, 4, 1; must be fond of children and used to them; wages £16, rising. Apply Mrs. Williams, Dalriada, Blackrock, Dublin.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

KITCHENMAID Wanted, 24th August, for Hilton Park, Clones, Monaghan; wages £20. Apply, sending copies, to Mrs. Madden, at Castleview, Castlerock, Londonderry. E

WANTED, strong Girl for kitchen work; some experience.—67 Lower Leeson st.

WANTED Kitchenmaid immediately, strong, early riser, and have some training. Send copies discharges to Miss Arimer, Donadea Castle, County Kildare. F

WANTED, a strong Girl for Kitchen Work; some experience.—Moore, Ashton, Castleknock.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

LADY recommends capable, agreeable, trustworthy Woman as Working Housekeeper; good references.—"Z 1773, Housekeeper," this office.

RESPECTABLE Woman, would go working Housekeeper to one or two single gentlemen.—"Z 1758, Housekeeper," this office.

RESPECTABLE young Married Woman wishes Morning Work, or Office Work; well recommended.—A 289, this office.

YOUNG Girl (R.C.) wishes situation as Sewing Maid; good dressmaker, help housework; recommended.—M. N., Mulberry, Donnybrook.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COOK, Roman Catholic, disengaged August 27th; wages £36; no washing; town or country.—"Z 1809, Cook," this office.

A STITCH IN TIME
SAVES NINE
APPLIES TO
TYRES AND TUBES.
Let us repair your tyres by Harvey Frost Process. It will save you money.
R. CALLOW & SONS,
44 WESTLAND ROW.

HORSES.

Wires—"Sewell's, Dublin." Telephone—674.
SEWELL'S, DUBLIN.
AUCTION
AT THE REPOSITORY, ON
THURSDAY NEXT, AUG. 15th,
Commencing at 2.30 o'clock.
Entry Forms on application.
SEWELL, SON & SIMPSON
AUCTIONEERS. (LTD.).

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

COOK Housekeeper to elderly lady, plain cooking; long paper.—A 242, this office.

COOK (Good), take job; dairy; excellent manager food, makes war tasty made dishes, delicious bread, savouries, souffles.—Cook, Bourke, [illegible] st., Thurles.

COOK General disengaged, city or Bray; £18 to £20.—71, Irish Times Office, Bray.

EXPERIENCED Cook, where kitchenmaid or help given; highly recommended.—A 165, this office.

EXCELLENT Cook, I.C., disengaged.—M. L., Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

GOOD Cook Housekeeper, disengaged about 30th August; city, suburbs; good references.—"Z 1818, Housekeeper," this office.

LADY recommends her Working Housekeeper, respectable, active woman; business house, few young men, or couple gentlemen; good cook, economical, and trustworthy; good references employers; seen in city. Apply, or seen, at 4 Kingsland Park avenue, S.C. road. A

GENERAL SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED young General disengaged; good plain cook; city, suburbs; good references.—X 1988, this office.

GENERAL, young country Girl, not out before; good home experience; P.P. reference.—A. O'C., c/o Mrs. Nolan, Cullen's Cottages, Willbrook, Rathfarnham.

GOOD General; town preferred; take job for September; no washing; £18-£20; letter only.—J., Ferleigh, Glenageary Hill.

YOUNG country Girl desires situation as General, Business House.—A 234, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A YOUNG Girl wishes a situation, to be trained House and Parlourmaid; never out before; age 19; country preferred; can be well recommended.—M. O'Sullivan, Rathangan Post Office.

EXPERIENCED Housemaid, Protestant, disengaged 22nd; £20-£22, laundry; near Dublin preferred.—Housemaid, New Park, Blackrock, Co. Dublin. E

PARLOURMAID, experienced, R.C., age 33, disengaged middle month; good wages expected.—"Z 1753, Maid," this office.

SUPERIOR Parlourmaid disengaged, R.C., tall; good appearance; highly recommended.—"Z 1700, Parlourmaid," this office.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

CHILDREN'S Maid or young Nurse Housemaid; recommended.—473, Irish Times Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

EXPERIENCED Nurse, R.C., trained, good discharges, can take a baby from birth, disengaged; wages £25.—"Z 1785, Nurse," this office.

EXPERIENCED Infant's Nurse, disengaged; R.C.; baby from month; £25; highly recommended.—A 145, this office.

NURSE, Protestant; take baby from month; highly recommended; would go to England.—20 Upper Merrion st.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., DISENGAGED.

YOUNG Girl, to train Kitchenmaid, city; highly recommended.—A 144, this office.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

AT KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET—Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection of Secondhand Single Stone, Two, Three, Five Stone Gipsy, Marquise, and Cluster Rings, set with Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, and Pearls, etc., of the finest quality, brilliancy, and colour. T

ABOUT Rick Covers, sacks, for Sale or Hire, on best terms.—M. Coleman, 25, 26, 27 Chancery st., Dublin. T

ALL Travelling Goods, Suit Cases, Bags, Trunks, Attache Cases, Straps, Sporting Goods, Waterproof Coats, Leggings; Repairs, Exchanges.—William A. Moore, Seven Aston's quay, Dublin. Established 70 years. F

AMERICAN Cabin Trunk, used once, leather straps. Seen 49 Grafton st.

FILING Cabinet for Sale, solid oak, beautifully finished, holds 20,000 documents; bargain.—A 116, this office.

FOR Sale, 6 Aberdeen Columns, 3' 4" long x 6" diameter. Apply A 249, this office.

FAMILY Bible for Sale.—A 226, this office.

HOUSEMAID'S Kneeling Mats, 1/- each.—Pearson, Lord Edward st. D

LADIES' Waterproof Coats and Raincoats, 21/-, 25/-, 30/-, 35/-; Girls' Capes and Coats.—The Athletic Stores, 122 Stephen's Green, Dublin. F

McKENZIE AND SONS, LTD.

McKENZIE—Scythe Blades, Stones and Boards, Hay Forks, Hay Rakes, Machine Oil, Machine Stone and Files.

McKENZIE—Garden Shears, Thistle Spud, Thistle Pullers, Potato Forks, Daisy Lifters, Garden Spades.

McKENZIE—Garden Tents and Shelters, Garden Tables and Chairs, Rubber Hose and Garden Syringes.

McKENZIE—Ranges, Grates, Mantelpieces, Stanley and other Self-setting Ranges.

McKENZIE—Galv. Buckets, Pails, Dust Bins, Lime Spraying Machines, Stable Buckets, Mops, Dandy Brushes.

McKENZIE—Mangling Machines, Table Mangles, Vollmar Washers, Wringing Machines, Tubs, Wash Boards.

McKENZIE—Bedsteads, Children's Cots, Wire Mattresses and Bedding, Perambulators, Go-Cars, Oilcloth, Linoleum, Door Mats, Lino and Bath Mats, Foot Scrapers.

McKENZIE—Goodlass Wall Paints, Hall's Distemper, Varnishes, Stains, Enamels, Gold Paints, Brushes.

McKENZIE—Knives and Forks, Dinner and Dessert, Tea and Dessert Spoons, Carving Knives and Forks, Scissors, Pocket Knives.

McKENZIE—Beeche's Rabbit Traps, Trappers' Spades, Snare Cord and Snare Wire.

THOS. McKENZIE AND SONS, LTD.
GREAT BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN. T

OFFICER'S Camp Bag for Sale, including ground sheet, bucket, bath, camp chair, wash basin, and jug.—A 285, this office.

PRAM, as new, hold two children.—"Z 1775, Pram," this office.

RICK-COVERS, COIR YARN;
WATERPROOF COVERS.
PETRIE BROTHERS, WATERPROOFERS,
35, 36, and 37 Usher's Quay, Dublin. T

RAILWAY Lost Property—500 Umbrellas, silk mixture, 3/-, post paid.—9a Grafton st., Dublin. T

SALE—Tennis Racquets, Poles, Presses, White Flannel and Twill Trousers, Shirts, Shoes, etc., all greatly reduced to clear; Ayres' and Slazenger's Tennis Balls.—Crotty's, Grafton st. F

SALE—A Lot of Ladies' Waterproof Coats; colours, Fawn, Navy, Black, and Green; clearing at 25/-; worth 45/-.—Crotty's, Grafton st. F

SALE—Shop-soiled Golf Clubs, 5/- each; Odd Caddy Bags from 3/6 each; great bargains.—Crotty's, Grafton st.

SALE—Waterproof Bed Sheeting, double-faced, 3/6 yard; Rubber Gloves, 1/6 pair; Cotton Household Gloves, 7½d.; Elastic Stockings for Varicose Veins, Elastic Bandaging, all reduced during Sale.—Crotty's, Grafton st. F

SHOP Partition, 16ft. long by 7ft., with door, framed, panelled with glass on top.—A 192, this office.

SAFE for Sale (Hopkins and Co.), 26 x 20 x 20, one drawer.—White's, 7 Johnston's Court, Grafton st.

SOLID Leather Portmanteau for Sale, price £3 10/-.—1560, Irish Times Office, Blackrock.

TYPEWRITERS cheap; we Buy, Sell, Exchange, Repair.—Norman Works, Upper Ormond quay. T

TRAVELLER'S Solid Leather Boot Skip for Sale; perfect order.—O'Meara's Hotel, Nenagh.

TYPEWRITER, visible writing, Backspacer, Tabulator, two colours; latest model.—X 1974, this office. E

TYPEWRITER, Oliver, No. 5, almost new, £18; bargain.—"Z 1800, Typewriter," this office.

THREE Gas Stoves, also various Gas Fittings.—Taaffe, 1 Roby terrace, Kingstown.

ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc.; also Diamond Ornaments, Precious Stones, and Old Gold; highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton st. T

ANTIQUE—Wanted, China, Cut Glass, Engravings, Furniture, etc.—Edward Butler, 14 Bachelor's Walk. T

ARTIFICIAL Teeth (old) Wanted, any condition; Gold, Silver; top prices paid.—Elberry Bros., 74 Lower Camden st., Dublin. T

DIAMONDS, Old Gold, Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc., Purchased for cash.—Edmond Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton st. T

FEATHER Beds Wanted; highest prices paid; will send to examine in city.—Irish Feather Co., Ltd., Tara st., Dublin. IRISH FIRM. Original Advertisers. T

FEATHERS—Nolan and Sons, Cork, are Buyers of all classes of Feathers, and quote highest prices on receipt of sample by post. We pay carriage. T

FEATHER Beds, Hair Mattresses Wanted; highest prices; will send to examine.—American Feather Co., Mercer st., Dublin. 'Phone 2460. T

GOLD Jewellery, Silver Plate, Precious Stones, Watches, Teeth Settings, etc., Purchased extreme value; immediate cash for country parcels.—Gerty's, 46 Dawson st. T

SPIRIT Authorities Wanted; £2 per proof gallon will be paid for any authorities offered immediately; any quantity.—"Z 1749, Spirit," this office. 24 8

WANTED to Purchase, Glucose or similar Barrels, in sound condition; highest price given. Address "Z 1558, Glucose," this office. E

WANTED, Books, Novels, Magazines, Secondhand Furniture, Left Off Clothing, etc.—Connell, 19 Christchurch place. A

WANTED, a small Bungalow or Pavilion; state size, condition, and accommodation.—"Z 1686, Bungalow," this office. F

WANTED, quantity Flooring Boards, Joists, and Rafters, good condition; also Slates, Roofing and Ridge Tiles.—A 150, this office.

WANTED, Secondhand Toy Yacht; state price and where seen.—"Z 1848, Yacht," this office.

MACHINERY.

ANYTHING in Engineering Requirements, Land or Marine, General Stores, Tools, etc., can best be obtained from Tuck's, Lower Abbey st., Dublin. T

ALL kinds of Machinery Scrap Metals Purchased.—Woodhams and Moore, Luke st., Dublin. Telephone, 350. 78 6

AVELING six horse Compound Traction, with Ransome fifty-four inch Thresher, nearly new, perfect order; £1,000.—Murray, Kilmessan.

A BEAUTIFUL built Wooden Pulley, almost new, of American elm, 4ft. 6" diam. 10" on face, 4" bore. Apply Falconer, Sackville st., Dublin.

BUHR Stone Mill Wanted, for top drive, either wet or dry grinding; state diameter stones and lowest price.—Box No. 615, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

BINDER for Sale, Woods' New Century, condition as new.—Hutchinson, Killeen, Mountmellick. A

CIRCULAR Saw Spindle Wanted, complete, for 24 inch saw, fast and loose pulleys.—Knox, Foxford.

ELECTRIC Motors for Sale, Dublin current.—Sherwood, 24 Bachelor's Walk. A

ENGINE for Sale, 8 h.p., portable, suit any work, good condition, or will exchange for Traction Engine; seen working till Saturday.—Hamill, Shelbourne Park, Dublin.

FOWLER six horse Single Traction, Ransome fifty-four Thresher, perfect order, ready for immediate work; £825.—Murray, Kilmessan. E

FOWLER, 8 H.P. Single Cylinder Traction Engine, and 54" Marshall Finishing Thresher, complete, and ready for immediate use, £550; can be seen cold or under steam by appointment.—Geo. Cathcart, Rathmines, Dublin.

FOR Sale, complete Set of Wheels, Axles, and Forecarriage of Rober Portable Engine, as new; also some of Brown and May Portable Engine, to be Sold at a reasonable price.—D. and G. Watson, Ltd., Tralee. F

FILTER Press Wanted, with pump.—Box No. 618, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

FOR Sale, 1 Metal Column, 12ft., and 1 ditto, 9ft. long, 8" to 6". Apply A 250, this office.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6.)

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 8.0. EARLY DOORS AT 7.0.
GEORGE GROSSMITH & EDWARD LAURILLARD
PRESENT THE NEW COMIC OPERA,
ARLETTE.
From the SHAFTESBURY THEATRE, LONDON.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.

GAIETY THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT—FOR SIX NIGHTS.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY 2.30.
GEORGE GROSSMITH & EDWARD LAURILLARD
Present THE NEW MUSICAL COMEDY,
"YES, UNCLE!"
From the Prince of Wales Theatre.
THE GREAT LONDON
MUSICAL SUCCESS.
CAST INCLUDES
GEORGE GREGORY,
CHLOE O'HARA, AMY VERITY,
Ursula Hughes, Stella Esdaile, J. Givre.
PADDY DUPRES, GEOFFREY J. MILSON.
FULL CHORUS, AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT,
ARTHUR ARMSTRONG'S
BENEFIT
ARTISTES FROM THE VARIOUS THEATRES
(By kind permission of their respective Managers).
And in addition many well-known Local Performers have generously promised their services.
ONE HOUSE—
7 to 11.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT, at 8.15.
MATINEE, SATURDAY, 2.30.
J. Augustus Keogh's Production,
"CUPID AND THE STYX,"
By Sackville Martin.
Prices—4/-, 3/-, 2/-, 1/-, plus tax. Telephone 3268.
NEXT WEEK—"Candida" and "Widower's Houses," by Bernard Shaw.

ABBEY THEATRE.
SATURDAY MATINEE, 2.30.
WOUNDED SOLDIERS
ADMITTED FREE.
J. AUGUSTUS KEOGH.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45 ....TWICE NIGHTLY............ 9.
ALL-STAR VARIETY.
W. H. PROWSE.
L. McKenna and J. Connolly. Felix Hughes.
A. Pigott and J. Duffy. T. J. O'Kelly.
Emillion Bros. Doreen and Irene.
THE FROHMANS. COURTNEY and BYRNE.
Seats Booked at Theatre, 1/10. Tel. 3016.
NEW TALENT CONCERTS.
SUNDAY EVENING, AUG. 11th, at 8.45.
24 ...... NEW ARTISTES 24
And
LAST SUNDAY'S PRIZE WINNERS.
The Audience awards the Three Prizes each Sunday.
Booking at Theatre, 1/10. 'Phone 3016.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
SAPHO, FAMOUS PLAYERS' FILM,
Featuring PAULINE FREDERICK.
Pathé Gazette, etc. Musical Director—Prof. Rehaud.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE. THE KINGDOM OF LOVE,
Starring
JEWEL CARMEN.

ROTUNDA.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In "THE PAWNSHOP."
His Famous Two-reel Comedy.

CRIPPLES' HOME, BRAY.
FOR DESTITUTE CRIPPLED CHILDREN.

THE ANNUAL
SALE OF WORK
will be held (D.V.)
IN THE HOME,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
SEPT. 4th and 5th, 1918,
from 3 to 6 p.m. each day.
Admission, 6d.; Children under 12, Half-price.

There will be a Table of Work done by the Crippled Children. Also Refreshment Table, and a Stall for Fruit, Flowers, Vegetables, and Country Produce, etc., as well as the usual Stalls for Plain and Fancy Work.

As the Home is largely dependent on the result of the Annual Sale for its expenses during the summer months, the aid of its friends is earnestly asked to make it a success.

The following ladies will gratefully receive contributions:—Miss Rooney, Beauchamp, Bray; Miss Cooper, Lotteford Lodge, Kingstown; the Misses Scott, Pembroke Lodge, Bray; Mrs. and Miss D'Olier, Knockling, Bray (for Fruit, Vegetables, etc., Stall); Miss La Touche, and Mrs. Cecil Brew (for Refreshment Table); Miss Watson, 10 Duncairn terrace, Bray (Rose-leaf and Lavender Stall); Miss L. A. Brady, 1 Oakland terrace, Bray; or they may be sent to the Matron, Cripples' Home, Bray.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES
FAST PASSENGER STEAMERS FROM LIVERPOOL
To
INDIA
(BOMBAY AND KARACHI),
(COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA).
Dates of Sailings on application.
Outside Deck, Cabins with Electric Fans, Marconi Wireless. First and Second Saloon.
THROUGH BOOKINGS TO THE PUNJAUB.
APPLY TO—HALL Line (Ltd.), 9 Fenchurch avenue, E.C.3; Montgomerie and Workman (Ltd.), 36 Gracechurch street, E.C.3; Hall Line (Ltd.), or Ellerman City Line Agency, 22 Water street, Liverpool; or to Geo. Smith and Sons, Glasgow.

AUSTRALIA, via THE CAPE. | P. & O. Branch Service.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
£19 10s. 0d. and upwards to THE CAPE.
£39 and upwards to AUSTRALIA.
For particulars apply to the Manager P. and O. Branch Service, 32 Lime street, London, E.C.3; or to Thomas Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street; A. W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier street, and S. Graham Corbett, 18 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.

WICKLOW COUNTY COUNCIL.
PRINTING CONTRACT.

The Proposals Committee of the above-named County Council will, at their Adjourned Quarterly Meeting, to be held in the Committee Room, Courthouse, Wicklow, at 11.30 a.m. on MONDAY, the 19th AUGUST, 1918, consider such Tenders as may be lodged in accordance with this Advertisement for executing and supplying the Printing and Stationery required for the County Offices according to the Specification prepared by the Secretary to the County Council, which will be paid for quarterly as supplied, at the prices entered by the Contractor in his schedule of prices.

Printing, providing, and supplying requisite books, forms, notices, circulars, etc., required for the County Council and for the Clerk of the Crown and Peace, and their several offices, as ordered, exclusive of the Registration Lists. Not to exceed £500, for the year ending 30th September, 1919.

Printed blank copies of "Specification and Schedule of Prices," and also Forms of "Tender," may be obtained, free of charge, on application to the undersigned, during office hours.

Tenders must be on the form provided. The Tender to be accompanied by, and attached to, the "Specification and Schedule of Prices," which latter must give the detailed prices in writing opposite each item specified, and must be signed by the contractor. The prices to be entered in the Tender itself must correspond to the total price.

Tenders, enclosed in sealed envelopes, addressed to the "Presiding Chairman, Proposals Committee, Courthouse, Wicklow," and marked "Tender for Printing," must be lodged with the undersigned not later than 11 o'clock a.m. on Monday, the 19th August, 1918, after which hour no Tender will be accepted. Each Tender must contain the name of some approved Guarantee Society, or of two solvent sureties, with their descriptions and addresses, willing to enter into a bond jointly with the tenderer, for the due performance of the contract, conditioned in a penalty of double the annual amount of the Tender. The contractor and his sureties to attend the Adjourned Proposals Committee Meeting on the 19th August, 1918, as above, to execute their bond, or an official letter to be then produced from the Guarantee Society undertaking to give the required guarantee jointly with the tenderer.

Each party tendering must lodge, along with his tender, or enclose in same, £20 cash (cheque will not be a compliance), which will be returned if the party attends the meeting prepared to execute his bond as heretofore provided, in the event of his Tender being accepted.

The lowest or any other Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Samples of the work required may be seen at the abovementioned office during office hours.

(By Order)
SIMON J. DOYLE,
Secretary to the Council.
County Council Office, Courthouse, Wicklow,
3rd August, 1918.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.

In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmundsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 500 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.

The Mansion of St. Edmundsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.

Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.

For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to
THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital,
James's street, Dublin.

LOANS £10 to £500, promptly, and strictest privacy guaranteed, to Farmers, Shopkeepers, Doctors, Ladies, Gentlemen, and all Respectable Applicants on Simple Promissory Note. Distance no objection. Repayments arranged to suit Borrowers. Reasonable interest. Special quotations for Short Loans. No fees or preliminary charges unless business actually completed. Apply, personally, or by letter, to
DAVID I. COHEN,
25 DRURY STREET, DUBLIN.

BELFAST RESIDENTS
Having any difficulty in securing their copy of this Paper in the forenoon will oblige by communicating with our Branch Office, 106 ROYAL AVENUE, BELFAST.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME and WINTER GARDENS.
A ROYAL DIVORCE.
TO-NIGHT AT 6.45 and 9.0 (BOTH HOUSES).
GRAND SOUVENIR NIGHT.
Every Lady in the audience will be presented with a Beautiful Souvenir, consisting of a Miniature Portrait in Oils of NAPOLEON and JOSEPHINE.
BAND OF THE ROYAL
IRISH CONSTABULARY
Will Play "THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO."
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.

TIVOLI 7 o'c., 9 o'c. Tel. 4125. TIVOLI
BARTS TRIO,
The Famous Flying Acrobats.
Rena Gribbin. Maryon and Vens. Joe and Joyce.
Van Kerkhove. Hayes and Doree. Sisters Gannon.
GRIFF "Bubbles Dada."

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
INSTANT SUCCESS! LAST TWO DAYS!!
THREE STAR FEATURES.
BESSIE LOVE and the Children, in
"CHEERFUL GIVERS."
WILLIAM S. HART, in
"DOUBLE CROSSED."
"FATTY" (Roscoe Arbuckle), in
"A RECKLESS ROMEO."
Pathe Weekly Pictorial, Pathe Gazette.

INTER-ALLIED EXHIBITION,
MANSION HOUSE,
MONDAY, 12th-17th AUGUST.
WORKING EXHIBITS.
DIAMOND CUTTING BY DISABLED SOLDIERS
BAND. FREE CINEMA.
ADMISSION—1/- and 6d.; Opening Day, 2/- and 1/-.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LIFE-BOAT
ANNUAL FLAG DAY,
DUBLIN,
THURSDAY, 22nd AUGUST,
1918.

RATHMINES AND RATHGAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF AUDIT.

Notice is hereby given that J. L. King, Esq., Local Government Auditor, has audited the Accounts of the Rathmines and Rathgar Urban District Council, including the Technical Instruction Committee for the period ended the 31st day of March, 1917, and has reported to the Local Government Board thereon. A copy of the Auditor's Report, and the Abstract therein referred to, can be obtained at this Office during office hours by any person applying for same, and paying to the Council therefor the sum of sixpence.

Dated this 7th August, 1918.
SEACOME MASON, Clerk of the Council.
Town Hall, Rathmines, Co. Dublin.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Goods of MICHAEL SMITH, late of 98 Lower Drumcondra road, and 36 Charleville avenue, Dublin, lately residing at Kells, in the County of Meath, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., C. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors of, or otherwise having any claims or demands against the Estate of the said Michael Smith, deceased, who died on the 6th day of January, 1918, are hereby required, on or before the 20th day of September, 1918, to furnish in writing particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, Solicitors for Rev. Timothy Crowley, P.P., the Administrator (with Will annexed) of the said Michael Smith, to whom Letters of Administration of the Estate of the said Michael Smith, with Will annexed, were granted forth of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Ireland on the 22nd day of July, 1918.

And Notice is also given that after the said 20th day of September, 1918, the Administrator will proceed to distribute the Assets of said Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1918.
CROWLEY and BOLGER, Solicitors for said Administrator, 52 Lower Sackville street, Dublin.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

ROYAL
HIBERNIAN HOTEL,
DUBLIN. LTD.
THE MOST FASHIONABLE FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN DUBLIN.
BREAKFASTS, LUNCHEONS, TEAS & DINNERS, A LA CARTE or TABLE D'HOTE. Open NON-RESIDENTS.
WEDDING BREAKFASTS, RECEPTIONS, AND BANQUETS ESTIMATED FOR. ORCHESTRA DAILY. TERMS ON APPLICATION. FREE GARAGE. ELECTRIC ELEVATOR.
P. G. BESSON, Managing Director.
Tels., "Hibernia, Dublin." Phones, 621-622 & 2205.

GLENDALOUGH.
ROYAL HOTEL.
Most Comfortable. Ideal Situation.
FREE Lake and River Fishing; Lawn Tennis. Hotel Motor will meet train on notification. Telephone—No. 2, Glendalough.

PORTRUSH — WARREN HOUSE
BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.
Adjoining Royal Portrush Golf Links; superb Views of Hills, Sea, and Landscape. The Leading Boarding Establishment (founded 1890); situated about 12 minutes' walk from railway station, and on main road to Giant's Causeway, electric trams for this Resort passing the door. Excellent Cooking. Full particulars and Tariff on application to Mrs. R. GASTON.

PORTRUSH.
DUNARD HOTEL.
Lansdowne Crescent, sea front; sunny aspect; excellent cuisine; personal supervision; booklet on application. Mrs. Martin.

BANGOR, CO. DOWN.
THE GRAND HOTEL.
Centrally situated, facing sea.
Spacious Public Rooms. Excellent Cuisine.
Handsome Ballroom and Billiard Rooms.
GARAGE.

Concrete Roof. 260 Rooms. Concrete Floors.
BONNINGTON HOTEL,
Southampton Row, LONDON, W.C.1.
ROOM, ATTENDANCE, BATH, AND BREAKFAST. 6/6

HOTELS AND BOARDING.
AT Kingstown—Pavilion House, 5 Gresham terrace—Board Residence. Telephone—Kingstown, 171.
BANGOR (Down)—Hawthornden Private Hotel, central; Apartments, with or without Board.—Kidd.
CONNEMARA—Shamrock, Roundstone; beautiful scenery, sea-bathing; terms moderate. Apply Mrs. Tuohy.
GREYSTONES—Seapatrick Private Hotel, on six acres, near sea, rail, golf. 'Phone—41.
GREYSTONES—Braemar Private Hotel, overlooking sea, near rail and golf.—Mrs. Gorman.
IDEAL for Golfers—Baltray and Bettystown Links.—The Hotel Mornington, Drogheda.
LUCAN—Boarding House, near Spa, trams, and links.—Lismore House.
PORTSTEWART—Windsor House on Promenade; select Boarding; electric lighting; good cooking and attendance; near golf—Mrs. Caldwell.
PORTSTEWART—Fairview Hotel; convenient bathing, tram, golf; good cooking; airy rooms; comfortable; moderate.—Browne.
PORTRUSH—Royal Private Hotel, Lansdowne Crescent, facing sea and Giant's Causeway.—Miss Dunne.
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To-day....	Morning	1.35	Evening	1.51
To-morrow..	" ..	2. 8	"	2.25

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day...	Rises ..	5.54	Sets	9. 8
To-morrow..	" ..	5.55	"	9. 6

LIGHTING-UP TIME .... 10.8 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—"A Royal Divorce," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"Arlette," 8 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—Variety Entertainment, 6.45 and 9.
Empire Theatre—Mr. Arthur Armstrong's Benefit, 7 to 11 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—7 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Cupid and the Styx," 8.15 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—5 to 11 p.m.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Rotunda—Pictures.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, 2 to 10.15 p.m.
Lakelands *Fête*, in aid of Lakelands Orphanage, Sandymount—Shelbourne Park.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1918.

Sir Douglas Haig's Turn.

The second phase of the Allied counter-offensive in France opened at dawn yesterday with an attack by Sir Douglas Haig on a twenty-mile front astride the Somme. His blow has achieved at the outset a success comparable with that of Marshal Foch between the Aisne and the Marne, and may easily rival that first counter-stroke in its strategical results. Before the enemy have cleared up their entanglement on the front of the German Crown Prince in the south, this new blow has fallen upon them on the front of Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria in the north. In launching this new blow on the Somme while they are still pressing the Germans on the Aisne the Allies have done what the enemy have never yet been able to accomplish. During the whole of the past four years the Germans have never tried to execute two strategical operations on a large scale in the same theatre of war at the same time. The Allies' ability to undertake two such operations simultaneously, or almost simultaneously, is in itself the most striking indication of the complete transformation in the military position which has taken place in the last few weeks. The two operations, of course, are closely related. Sir Douglas Haig's attack on the Somme is the direct sequel to Marshal Foch's attack between the Marne and the Aisne. It is the second stage in the development of a single strategical conception; and it assures us that in the development of his strategical conception Marshal Foch, having regained the initiative, proposes to push his advantage over the enemy immediately to its utmost limit.

Sir Douglas Haig's turn has come exactly three weeks after the opening of the counter-offensive against the Crown Prince. Within those three weeks the drain upon the enemy's resources through the vortex created in the Marne salient has reduced the reserves of Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria opposite the British front to no more than twenty divisions. Before yesterday's attack the Germans on this front were already betraying evidences that they were compelled to a close economy of strength. Last week they retired from the west bank of the Ancre north-east of Amiens and from the west bank of the Avre south-east of Amiens, thereby abandoning the bridge-heads which were indispensable for any future offensive movement. This week they began to shorten their front similarly in the Lys salient in Flanders. The object of these manœuvres was clearly to economise their waning strength until the recruits of the 1920 class were ready to take the field and to enable them to readjust their dispositions as a whole to meet the serious possibilities which their discomfiture on the Marne had brought into view. The effect of Sir Douglas Haig's attack of yesterday is no less clearly to put the utmost strain on the enemy's waning strength, to force them to engage defensively the resources which they proposed to husband as carefully as possible, and to prevent them from effecting any general readjustment of their dispositions. Following so quickly upon their demoralising defeat on the Marne, it compels them to submit to the Allies' strategical dictation in a situation of the gravest embarrassment. Sir Douglas Haig's blow must throw the whole of the enemy's dispositions into disarray; for it strikes at the right flank of their entire line facing south from the Valois north of Paris away to Verdun, and it has already resulted in a very deep penetration of this flank.

The attack was launched from the positions astride the Somme before Amiens to which the Allies were forced back by the first great drive of the German offensive which began on March 21st. It extended north of the Somme towards Albert, but the greater part of the front engaged lay south of the Somme and between that river and its tributary, the Avre. It was undertaken by the British Fourth Army, under Sir Henry Rawlinson, on the left, and by the French First Army on the right: this Army had been put for the purpose of the offensive under the supreme command of Sir Douglas Haig. The main weight of the attack fell upon the German Army in Prince Rupprecht's army group which is commanded by General von Hutier, the General who devised the new tactical method to which the enemy owed a great part of their successes in the course of their offensive campaign earlier in the year. Yesterday General von Hutier found the tables turned upon him. The Allied attack adopted the tactic first tried by Sir Julian Byng before Cambrai last autumn, and brought to its full development in Marshal Foch's great counter-stroke three weeks ago. Dispensing with all but a very brief preliminary bombardment, and relying on the massed employment of tanks to cover the infantry advance, the attack again succeeded in invoking the capital factor of surprise. Completely overwhelming the enemy's resistance on the twenty miles of front engaged, it effected an advance during the day of between four and five miles, and at one point of seven miles. Early in the afternoon a hundred guns and seven thousand prisoners had been counted. The rupture of the enemy's front appears to have been complete, for Sir Douglas Haig tells us of British cavalry, assisted by light tanks and armoured cars, riding through the gap created by the infantry advance and harassing the rear of the enemy in their retreat. With "the operations proceeding successfully" in this degree we are justified in hoping for the largest results from yesterday's offensive. Sir Douglas Haig and the British Army have waited long for their revenge, but they have begun to take it in full measure.

Ireland's Coal Supply.

The statement by the Coal Controller which we publish to-day effectively disposes of the story that Ireland is being unfairly treated in regard to imports of coal. Mr. Burgess shows, in fact, that for some inexplicable reason this country has received preferential treatment. During the first six months of the year the imports amounted to 2,117,251 tons, as compared with 2,158,080 in the corresponding period of 1917. The reduction scarcely amounts to 1 *per cent.* Early in the spring it was anticipated that it would be necessary to reduce Ireland's supply for the twelve months by 1,250,000 tons, and that the supplies for other parts of the United Kingdom would be curtailed on the same scale. That expectation has been fulfilled so far as England, Scotland, and Wales are concerned. Mr. Burgess is, therefore, well justified in claiming that Ireland, with its reduction of 1 *per cent.*, has been "exceptionally well looked after." It cannot, however, be expected that this preferential treatment will continue. The output from the mines has been very seriously reduced by the calling up of skilled miners for the Army, and the demands for coal by our Allies and the Admiralty are increasing daily. These influences were reflected in the imports of coal in July. The imports to Dublin decreased by 40,365 tons, and to Belfast by 15,624 tons, compared with the figures for 1917. Further reductions must be calculated upon, and, therefore, it cannot be too strongly repeated that the strictest economy must be exercised if a scarcity of coal during the winter months is to be avoided. Substitute fuels such as turf and wood should be used wherever possible. The scarcity of coal in Dublin is, Mr. Burgess states, due in some measure to profiteering on the part of certain merchants. Instead of being content with the very substantial profits which they are allowed under the fixed prices they forwarded their supplies to places where the local authorities have neglected to fix retail prices, and thus upset the arrangements for equitable distribution. Fortunately, the measures taken by the Coal Controller to prevent this profiteering were effective. We are glad to learn that a scheme which will ensure a just distribution of supplies is under consideration. Mr. Burgess proved that there is no foundation for the charge that Dublin has not been getting a fair proportion of the available supplies of coal as compared with Belfast. It is true that the imports to Belfast during the six months ended June showed an increase of 56,661 tons, while the Dublin figures showed a decrease of 10,330 tons, but the extra supplies were required for urgent Government work, and were not used for household purposes. The quantity of coal in Belfast last week for domestic purposes was so limited that the Coal Controller had to issue an order to merchants to suspend all deliveries to richer householders until the poor got better supplies. Belfast is one of the few centres in Ireland where a serious effort has been made to comply with the request that the consumption of coal shall be reduced by 25 *per cent.* Dublin might with advantage follow the example of Belfast in this matter.

Soldiers and the Land.

It was announced in the House of Commons last night that the second reading of the Chief Secretary's Bill for the provision of land in Ireland for men who have served in the naval, military, or air forces of the Crown during the war will not be taken until after the recess. Meanwhile arrangements are being made by voluntary workers to assist men in establishing their claims as soon as the Bill passes into law. At a meeting in Dublin yesterday an Association was formed for this purpose. There is no question that organisations of this kind will be able to render valuable services to the men and the State by organising popular support for the Bill, putting forward suggestions that will improve it, and helping to make the scheme run smoothly when it comes into operation. The scheme will be bitterly opposed by thousands of small tenants and "landless" men who have refused to fight in the war and consider that they have a prior claim to all untenanted land in Ireland. They may be relied on to put every conceivable obstacle in the way of discharged soldiers who settle on the land. We suggest to the members of the new Association that one of the most urgent questions to which they should devote attention is the organisation of all discharged men who wish to benefit by the scheme in the protection of their claims. Such a step would be of great assistance to the Executive.

IRISH LAND FOR SOLDIERS.

NEW ASSOCIATION FORMED IN DUBLIN.

An association for forwarding settlement on the land in Ireland of discharged members of the Naval, Military, and Air Forces was formed at the Shelbourne Hotel, Dublin, yesterday.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. D. Day presided, and, in his introductory statement, said that the object in calling the meeting was to organise an association to assist sailors and soldiers in establishing their claims to land which was about to be granted by Parliament. The bill for so doing was read for the first time a week previously. It was thought advisable to have an Irish committee, whose duties would be to formulate desirable changes and additions to the bill, and forward them to the Chief Secretary. There promised to be considerable opposition to the bill, some from large corporations holding land, and also opposition in England to Irish soldiers getting land. That might be met by the information that there were nearly a million acres under the jurisdiction of the Congested Districts Board, which up to now had been given to those who had done nothing to assist the Empire in its great struggle. "Eligible soldiers" were those who had land or whose fathers had land. The Congested Districts Board had allotted 90,000 acres and the Estates Commissioners 33,300 acres since the commencement of the war, and the Chief Secretary said that about 1,050 acres had been allotted to "eligible soldiers." Not a soldier or father of a dead soldier had obtained land because of that soldier's service in the Army. The new bill would change that. Perhaps, one section of the Irish association might look after making the scheme known among soldiers, and another would look after claims.

Sir William Fry urged the desirability that soldiers should get the opportunity of being trained under a beneficent Government. The Irish bill had been introduced to get over the restriction that land could only be granted to men who were already small proprietors, and now men who did not own a sod would be entitled to land if they had served in the Navy, Army, or Air Force during this war. The bill went further, and provided that the Department of Agriculture should have power to promote co-operation in connection with holdings under the bill. It contemplated every facility being given to soldiers, sailors, and Air Force ex-members for acquiring land. The bill would, no doubt, meet with acute and severe opposition from persons who were looking into Naboth's vineyard.

The Chairman—That opposition is self-evident.

Mr. Whiteside Dane said that there was an idea abroad that the Congested Districts Board were not sympathetic with the discharged soldier or sailor, and that their lands were only given to certain sections. He hoped that was wrong, but it should be put beyond all doubt that the man who had come forward voluntarily should have first chance. He moved that those present should form themselves, with power to add to their number, into the Irish Association for the settlement on land in Ireland of discharged members of Naval, Military, and Air Forces.

Mr. F. Higginbotham said that a Royal Commission found that there were 186,000 acres of land round the coast untenanted that would be directly available without troubling the Congested Districts Board.

The Chairman—We want the best land.

Mr. Higginbotham said that some of that land had been found better than the surrounding land.

Mr. S. W. Maddock seconded the motion, and it was passed.

Lieutenant-Colonel Day and Mr. Sealy Jeffares were appointed hon. secretaries.

Those present at the meeting were—Colonel J. D. Day, Colonel W. Peacocke, Colonel J. K. Millner, Major J. H. R. Richards, Sir William Fry, D.L.; Messrs. J. P. Hartford, F. Higginbotham, J. J. Cole, G. R. Goodbody, E. H. Andrews, D.L.; F. L. North, S. W. Maddock, D.L.; J. Whiteside Dane, and Sealy Jeffares.

Mr. Bonar Law stated in the House of Commons yesterday, in reply to a question by Mr. Dillon, that the second reading of the Irish Land for Soldiers Bill would not be taken until after the Parliamentary recess.

IRISH PRISONERS OF WAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

There are a number of Irishwomen, of whom the world never hears, who spend a very large part of their time, without any reward whatsoever, buying and packing food and clothes for Irish prisoners of war in enemy camps, and but for whom these poor fellows would long ago have found graves in the country of the foe. It is common knowledge that the tender mercies of the enemy are cruel, and that the "food" they give British prisoners is such as to cause premature death from starvation or disease. The women who thus spend their time never saw the men for whom they toil, and probably never will. For them it is sufficient that they are Irish soldiers, men of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers—kinsmen in misfortune. Some of the men, we hope, will soon be repatriated under recent arrangements, but newly-made prisoners have substantially increased the original number, and so high is the price of food that the cost of sending these parcels to our soldier countrymen in Germany and elsewhere is much greater than it was a year ago.

Hence a new call is about to be made on our generosity. This time it is not a call for money, but for some article of value which we possess. It may be anything—a piece of furniture, a calf, a pig, a watch, jewellery, a case of wine, a picture, a lamp, a gramophone, a bicycle—anything, in fact, that can be put up to public auction and sold. In order to realise the value of such gifts it is proposed to hold a "Mammoth Auction" early in October. Merrion square will be the scene of operations, and seven of Dublin's leading auctioneers (Messrs. Adam, Battersby, Bennett, Dockrell, Hill, North, and Keogh) have generously offered their free services. A catalogue of the Mammoth Auction will be printed and circulated. Therein will be inscribed the name of the donor, and there is no doubt it will become a historical document. There are at present in German and other prison camps a thousand gallant Dublins. Every man of them receives each month six packets of food, the net cost of which amounts to about £3 10s. One of these days these boys will come home, and that catalogue will interest them. They will wonder who are the people who bore aloft the lamp of patriotism and ministered to their necessity while they fretted in the jails of the Hun. In the catalogue will be found the names of those who sacrificed something on behalf of those who sacrificed themselves. Lists of donors will be published from week to week, and those willing to help are requested immediately to communicate with the Hon. Secretaries, Mammoth Auction, 28 Nassau street, Dublin.

AFTER-CARE OF DISABLED MEN.

Inter-Allied Exhibition in Dublin.

During the next few days the public of Dublin will be afforded an opportunity of seeing in practical form something of what is being attempted in order to give our returned disabled soldiers a chance to re-establish themselves in civil life. The Inter-Allied Exhibition on the After-Care of the Disabled which will be opened in the Mansion House on Monday next, 12th inst., will give the public some indication of the organisation set up by the Allied Powers to grapple with the problems which our disabled fighting men present.

The organisation of this exhibition is in the hands of a local committee, but is, generally speaking, under the control and direction of the Ministry of Pensions, with which it is identified. It has visited several large provincial towns, and is the outcome of an Inter-Allied Conference held in London during Whit week, and from an educational point of view and in the public interest it is most desirable that no one should miss this opportunity of acquainting themselves with what the Italians, Belgians, French, Serbians, Americans, Overseas Dominions and the British are doing in the treatment and training of their disabled men.

The public will be able to see in practical form some of the miracles of modern surgery, and what can be, and is being, done to cure the wounded and fit the disabled for every conceivable art and craft. The cinema displays—which will be held three times daily—of French, British, and Italian films, are of a specially instructive and interesting character, and, so far as possible to introduce to the public exhibits of a local character, our wounded soldiers in local hospitals who have received any training will be in attendance.

IRISHMEN AND MILITARY SERVICE.

Mr. Macpherson, in the Parliamentary papers, states that the Government are considering the question of giving the Irish an opportunity of volunteering for service with the Canadian Forces.

Sir A. Geddes announces that while it is not proposed to enforce the military obligation of Irishmen of military age, who only visit Great Britain temporarily on urgent business or private affairs, it is considered that Irishmen who visit Great Britain regularly for the purpose of carrying on business are in a different position, and it is proposed to call them up unless they obtain exemption. Special arrangements are, however, being made to protect from recruitment Irish cattle dealers who come to this country to attend the cattle markets.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

Sir Douglas Haig, in command of a British and a French Army, opened a new attack on the Germans this morning, thus emphasising the change in the conditions since the Germans were repulsed on the Marne. The initiative has passed to the Allies, and they are not failing to take advantage. The new attack must be one of considerable magnitude. It is thought that the two Armies employed by Sir Douglas Haig contain at least a quarter of a million men, and there is no doubt that the attack is part of Marshal Foch's general plan, and closely related to the position on the Vesle. If it is as successful as the first reports of the battle give us reason to hope, we shall see the menace to Amiens and the Channel ports removed just as it has been from Paris.

The House of Commons was very sparsely attended to-day, and most of the members who were in attendance at Westminster preferred discussing the existing news from Picardy in the lobbies and smoking rooms to listening to what was going on in the Chamber itself. Questions were run through at a great pace, and elicited little information of importance.

The House was extremely gratified at the statement Mr. Bonar Law was able to make as to the progress of our latest offensive. The announcement that we had advanced at three o'clock on an average four or five miles, and in one case seven miles, had captured 100 guns and over 7,000 prisoners, was received with general cheers, and members departed for the holidays in good heart.

After the House had gone to the House of Lords to hear the Royal Assent given to a batch of Bills, the debate on the adjournment was initiated by Mr. W. C. Anderson. In his early days the hon. member bade fair to become a power in the House, and was a decidedly incisive speaker. But association with the "pacifists" seems to have had a deteriorating effect upon his oratorical powers, and to-day he recited from his manuscript a long and dreary essay containing hardly a single new point. It had the effect, however, of drawing a vigorous reply from Major Tryon, and later on furnished the text for an effective speech by Mr. Balfour on the futility of peace talk until the Germans had been brought to a more reasonable frame of mind.

Mr. Balfour confessed to a sense of disappointment that some illumination on the subject of peace had not been forthcoming from the benches opposite. Nothing had been said which added in the smallest degree to the knowledge already possessed by the House as to Germany's aims. All this talk about bringing our ideas home to the democracy of Germany and getting a peace by understanding really brushed aside the obstacle to any legitimate peace—German militarism. What Germany wanted was universal domination, and that moral heresy had spread its roots right through the educated classes in Germany. Germany's methods were sufficiently apparent by her attitude towards Belgium, Russia, Finland, and in the East, and there was no prospect of peace if she was to be allowed to arrange the map of Europe according to her own idea. At present he could not see that any negotiations with Germany were likely to prove useful. The abyss separating the Allies from the Central Powers was almost immeasurable. As to the African Colonies, if they were given back to Germany it meant submarine bases on the great trade routes of the world and the creation of a black army in Central Africa for the purposes of aggression. Either Germany's heart must change or an Allied victory must convince her that her present policy was a failure.

After peace came Ireland. Mr. Dillon sounded the Chief Secretary as to the intention of the Government with regard to Home Rule, but he warned them that there was no possible solution to the Irish question if the policy of conscription was persisted in. He also had something to say on the question of police permits, and as to the retention of rifles and machine guns by the Ulster Volunteers. The Irish Secretary dealt with the points *seriatim.* The one highly important feature of his speech was the announcement that during the recess an endeavour would be made to draft a Home Rule Bill which would have some chance of passing the House of Commons. In this matter it was regrettable that he got no help from the Nationalists. Mr. Dillon jumped to his feet with the remark that help had never been asked for. Mr. Shortt then said: "Do I understand that if I ask for aid you will give it? Then I ask for it here and now."

No answer to this appeal was immediately forthcoming, but in a speech by Mr. Devlin later on the hon. member said that in the past the Government had never accepted the advice of the majority of the Irish members. In regard to the question of permits, the Chief Secretary said he had arranged with the Home Office that Irish members should have permits without limitation of time. As to Ulster's arms the Government meant to get them—without trouble, if possible, but they would get them. As to conscription, it could not be enforced except when the House was sitting. Mr. Devlin was in quite a dove-like mood and appealed to the Government by their statesmanlike action to soften all asperities and so ensure that the quarrel between the two peoples should not be resumed after the war.

"END OF THE WAR."

The Select Committee's report on Emergency Legislation was issued yesterday. It is agreed that the date of the end of the war should be the date when the treaty of peace is finally binding on the respective belligerent parties—that is, the date when ratification of the treaty are exchanged. This is on the assumption that the war is ended by a general treaty of peace between the United Kingdom and all the Powers with which the United Kingdom is at war. If, on the other hand, this country were to make a separate treaty of peace with an individual enemy Power, the end of the war with that Power would be the date when ratifications of the treaty were exchanged or deposited, but that might have little or no effect on existing emergency statutes. The Committee recommend that legislation should be passed giving statutory power to enable the Government, by Order in Council, or otherwise, to declare authoritatively, in accordance with the principle laid down above, the date at which the war shall be deemed to have ended, whether generally or in the event of a separate peace as regards individual belligerents. The Committee suggest that a statutory declaration of the meaning of the phrase "end of the war" will probably help towards the elucidation of the meaning of a similar phrase occurring in the contracts.

WOMEN AS PARLIAMENTARY CANDIDATES.

OPINION OF THE LAW OFFICERS.

Mr. Bonar Law informed Sir W. Dickinson and Captain Barnett in the House of Commons yesterday that the unanimous opinion of the Law Officers of England, Scotland, and Ireland was that a woman was not entitled to be a candidate for Parliament. The question of legislation had not yet been considered by the Government.

Sir R. Cooper—Does the Government intend after the recess to carefully consider whether this matter should not be brought into conformity with the privilege which the House has recently given to women by according them the vote?

Mr. Bonar Law—I have said that the subject has not yet been considered, but that does not mean that it will not be.

Mr. Herbert Samuel—Will it be considered?

Mr. Bonar Law—Yes, it will be considered.

Sir J. Rees—Will the reasons of the Law Officers be communicated to the House?

Mr. Bonar Law—I cannot promise to give the reasons. I have seen their decision, and, as usual, they were wise enough not to give their reasons. (Laughter.)

Yesterday in the House of Lords the Londonderry and Lough Swilly Railway Bill was read a second time.

Yesterday the Royal Assent was given to the Public Health Borrowing Powers (Ireland) Act.

At the Welsh National Eisteddfod at Neath yesterday, the winner of the Bardic Ode was Rev. T. J. Job, of Fishguard.

IRISH COAL SUPPLIES.

STATEMENT BY MR. H. G. BURGESS.

CONDITIONS IN DUBLIN AND BELFAST.

Mr. H. G. Burgess, Coal Controller for Ireland, made the following statement to representatives of the Press last evening regarding the Irish coal supplies, and particularly the Dublin supply:—

I gathered from the newspaper reports of the last meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board, and from the deputation which were good enough to wait on me, that attempts were being made to establish two things:—(1) That Ireland, generally, is being unfairly treated in regard to the imports of coal; (2) that Dublin, in particular, has not been getting a fair proportion of the available supplies, as compared with Belfast. Regarding the first allegation, I say at once that Ireland has been exceptionally well looked after. Some months ago, when I was called on to take charge of the coal arrangements in Ireland, I was fully convinced—and publicly warned everyone—that we might expect a reduction in the imports of coal of at least 25 per cent. My conclusions were fortunately incorrect, because I find that for the six months ending June, the imports for the years 1917 and 1918 were as follows:—1st January to 1st July, 1917, 2,158,080; 1st January to 1st July, 1918, 2,117,251, or only a reduction of about 1 per cent. Things, however, altered adversely in July, as I find that the imports to Dublin decreased 40,365, and to Belfast (from 1st July to 24th July, the only figures at present available) about 15,624 tons, compared with 1917. These decreases are altogether due to the following causes:—(a) The calling up of additional miners to the Colours; (b) the greater demand of our Allies; (c) the ever-increasing demands of the Admiralty; (d) the influenza epidemic. I have not yet been able to get out figures for the other ports, but they may be taken, generally, on the same basis as Dublin and Belfast.

DUBLIN AND BELFAST COMPARED.

I will now deal with the Belfast versus Dublin allegation—and let me say, in the first place, that Dublin merchants have exactly the same facilities and the same markets to operate in as the Belfast merchants. For the six months ending June, the decrease to Dublin was 10,330 tons; the increase to Belfast was 56,661 tons. The circumstances are so totally different that I cannot understand anyone being under any misapprehension. Belfast itself, and the area served by that port, is—as everyone knows—doing an immense amount of war work of the first importance, and out of the 814,765 tons imported from the 1st January to 24th July, it is reliably estimated that about 614,765 tons were for manufacturing purposes, and 200,000 tons for household purposes. The coal under the first head is what is known as "through and through" and dross—a quality not used to anything like the same extent in the Dublin area. In considering the Belfast tonnage, therefore, the following exceptional circumstances must be taken into account:—(1) Largely increased tonnage for Admiralty and military (apart from manufacturing work); (2) reduced steam raising qualities of coal; (3) increased supplies of bunker coal for ships leaving port; (4) coal used for additional war work of paramount importance. (I personally examined the books of three large undertakings, and the increased consumption of coal for the period named—for the most important war work—was 25,000 tons.)

BELFAST'S DOMESTIC SUPPLIES.

These exceptional items wipe out the increase, and leave the balance on the other side, which proves without the shadow of a doubt that the quantity of coal left for household purposes has been largely reduced—so much so that when I was in Belfast last week I found that the supplies to "bellmen" were so restricted that I had to give an urgent order to merchants to suspend all deliveries to well-off householders until the poor got better supplies. It is, therefore, clear that—taking into consideration the requirements of coal for work of the utmost national importance in the Belfast area—there has been no extravagance in supplies—indeed, I regret to say it is the other way about, because I have been urgently applied to over and over again to provide coal to keep shipyards, aeroplane cloth factories, and other No. 1 Priority Works going.

COAL MERCHANTS CRITICISED.

I, of course, regret that better supplies of coal could not be got into Dublin for the past few weeks, but I have already given the reasons. All the facts, however, were put specially before the Controller of Coal Mines, and he is doing everything he can to improve the allocation for Dublin and other places in Ireland—consistent with the urgent demands he has to meet from other parts of the country, the Admiralty, our Allies, etc. The question of shipping is also being specially borne in mind. I have done all I could to keep public utility undertakings, No. 1 Priority, and all other works of national importance, etc., going; but I must say—and I am sorry to have to say so—that some of the coal merchants have aggravated the position in Dublin by sending undue supplies to the country, to obtain higher prices, and in other ways evaded the arrangements for equitable distribution. To prevent this, I was forced to issue an order that the prices for coal, free on rail, at Dublin were to be 4s. per ton less than for coal delivered in the city, and to take other drastic action.

CAUSES OF SHORTAGE.

With respect to prices generally, I should like to say, here, that the Defence of the Realm Regulations give power to all local authorities in Ireland to—in conjunction with the coal merchants—fix retail prices for coal, and I regret to say that very little has yet been done in this direction. If prices were fixed generally, better distribution would be facilitated. I do not for a moment wish to convey that this reprehensible practice was resorted to by any considerable number of the Dublin coal merchants, nor do I wish it to be inferred that all merchants in Belfast and other parts of Ireland were blameless in the same respect. I am dealing specially with the cases brought under my notice, as it is imperative that such practices must stop. To guard against irregularities of this nature in future, a scheme is under consideration for the better allocation—under the direct control of this Department—of coal arriving at the principal ports in Ireland. Moreover, the resolution sent to me by the Dublin Corporation regarding the question of rationing was at once sent to the proper quarter for consideration. In any case the public may be assured that the best possible system of equitable distribution will be adopted. A good deal has recently been said about supplies of coal to Dublin bellmen, but on investigation I found that for 1918 they were supplied by the Dublin merchants with more coal than they got in 1917. Further, that, instead of carrying on their legitimate trade, they have been selling coal in two and three ton lots to ordinary customers of the coal merchants.

THE URGENCY OF ECONOMY.

I have now endeavoured to make the position clear, and—whilst I always like to be optimistic—I cannot help again asking everyone to consider carefully for himself what the position in future will be. Although Ireland has been very fortunate for the first six months of the year, the imports for the past few weeks are seriously on the downward grade, and as the winter is coming, I cannot too strongly advise again the prudent course of greater economy under all heads, and the most extensive use of substitutes, such as turf and wood. Further, that even now, everyone should set himself against hoarding, and it may be seriously taken that I will in due time pay attention to the people or firms who have already got undue stocks. To enable me to carry out my suggestions, I cordially invite the help of everyone in the country.

In conclusion, I should like to point out that the Chief Secretary is leaving nothing undone—amongst other things—to expedite the construction of the new railways to the Castlecomer and Arigna Coal Fields, and the completion of the two sidings to the Wolfhill Pits.

DISCUSSION AT DUBLIN PORT BOARD.

The weekly meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board was held yesterday. Alderman James Moran (Chairman) presided.

The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and Alderman Byrne, M.P., who together with the Lord Mayor—who was unavoidably absent—were deputed to interview the Coal Controller re shortage of coal in Dublin, submitted a report based on the facts contained in the statement by Mr. Burgess which we publish to-day. They added that, in view of the very serious state of affairs in Dublin at present, they could not too strongly impress upon the Government how essential it was that the Coal Controller should be invested with the necessary powers to procure coal for the needs of the city in particular and the country generally.

Alderman A. Byrne, M.P., said that while he was satisfied that the report was an exact report of what occurred he objected to the treatment of Belfast being described as apparently and alleged preferential. He was convinced that Belfast did get preferential treatment. In one six months' period Belfast got an increase of practically 64,000 tons, and Dublin for the same period a reduction of 50,000 tons. He was further satisfied that Belfast got preferential treatment from the Scotch collieries, and he thought it was for political purposes that Belfast got prior claim on supplies of coal coming to Ireland. All Belfast orders to Scotland were fulfilled before one from Dublin or any other part of Ireland. The Coal Controller in England shut his eyes to the fact that Belfast merchants were paying prices over those fixed by the Coal Controller. If the Dublin merchants, or those in other parts of Ireland, did so, they would be prosecuted. That was partly responsible for the great shortage of coal in Dublin, but not altogether. Two or three Dublin merchants in two weeks' time sent out of Dublin 4,000 tons that should have been left in Dublin for Dublin use. The reason was that farmers could afford to pay Dublin merchants prices ranging from 10s. to 14s. a ton more than the

CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COLUMN 1.

IRISH COAL SUPPLIES.

STATEMENT BY MR. H. G. BURGESS.

CONDITIONS IN DUBLIN AND BELFAST.

Mr. H. G. Burgess, Coal Controller for Ireland, made the following statement to representatives of the Press last evening regarding the Irish coal supplies, and particularly the Dublin supply:—

I gathered from the newspaper reports of the last meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board, and from the deputation which were good enough to wait on me, that attempts were being made to establish two things:—(1) That Ireland, generally, is being unfairly treated in regard to the imports of coal; (2) that Dublin, in particular, has not been getting a fair proportion of the available supplies, as compared with Belfast. Regarding the first allegation, I say at once that Ireland has been exceptionally well looked after. Some months ago, when I was called on to take charge of the coal arrangements in Ireland, I was fully convinced—and publicly warned everyone—that we might expect a reduction in the imports of coal of at least 25 per cent. My conclusions were fortunately incorrect, because I find that for the six months ending June, the imports for the years 1917 and 1918 were as follows:—1st January to 1st July, 1917, 2,158,080; 1st January to 1st July, 1918, 2,117,251, or only a reduction of about 1 per cent. Things, however, altered adversely in July, as I find that the imports to Dublin decreased 40,365, and to Belfast (from 1st July to 24th July, the only figures at present available) about 15,624 tons, compared with 1917. These decreases are altogether due to the following causes:—(a) The calling up of additional miners to the Colours; (b) the greater demand of our Allies; (c) the ever-increasing demands of the Admiralty; (d) the influenza epidemic. I have not yet been able to get out figures for the other ports, but they may be taken, generally, on the same basis as Dublin and Belfast.

DUBLIN AND BELFAST COMPARED.

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CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COLUMN 3.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

THE NEW ATTACK.

What, asks *The Times* Correspondent on the war, are we to suppose is the general idea of this new attack? It is not a formal attempt to break through of the type with which we are familiar, but something much less ambitious, more elementary, but, perhaps, even more likely to be useful. General Foch's main object, now that he has wrested the initiative from the enemy, is to keep it. Before General Foch's brilliant victory the enemy was threatening three areas of supreme importance to the Allies—the Narrows, Amiens and the broad reaches of the Lower Somme, and Paris itself. The victory of Château Thierry broke the point of the sword held at the heart of France, but the enemy was still too dangerously near to Amiens for the perfect freedom of manœuvre so necessary to the development of General Foch's future plans. This absence of strategical freedom, not the loss of this place or that, has been our chief trouble since the spring. The victory of yesterday will help him to recover this freedom. Victory it was, and of a very remarkable character. Mr. Bonar Law suggested yesterday that the enemy had intended to evacuate this country; but if he did, it is an even more remarkable confession of defeat than the retreat to the Vesle, for nowhere has he fought harder than he did this spring for the possession of this French Punjab (the five rivers are the Ancre, the Somme, the Luce, the Avre, and the Doms) which was the scene of yesterday's attack.

THE ATTACK DESCRIBED.

With French co-operation, telegraphs the Special Correspondent of *The Times* at British Headquarters, we launched the first offensive on a large scale that we have made this year, recalling the great attacks of the Somme, the Battle of Arras, or that of Flanders. It was admirable in its organisation and execution, taking the enemy completely by surprise. Captures, both of prisoners and guns, will be very large. It has been as brilliant a success as was the Battle of Messines last year, and more can hardly be said of any operation. The front of attack was about 15 miles, of which British troops had charge of the northern 12 miles, from near Mericourt to a point south of the River Luce and the Amiens-Roye road, below Hangard, while the French extended the attack from another three miles to and across the River Avre. The barrage lasted only for a few minutes before the attack started, but those few minutes were enough absolutely to flatten the enemy defences, and to leave him stunned and naked. The German counter-shelling, on the other hand, was slow in getting to work, and not heavy. It had never been serious at any point up to the time when I left the neighbourhood of the front at noon. Our men, as they went forward, all seem to have had the same impression of the enemy being completely smothered, so that only scattered machine guns here and there opposed our advance in the front line positions. Tanks joined in the attack everywhere, and did magnificent service. In little more than two hours after the start we had heard of the capture of the whole tier of nearer villages, while on the right the French, before noon, were in possession of the villages on the south side of the Avre, and fighting was then in progress on the northern bank. Since then we have continued to advance apparently along the whole front, and more villages are now in our hands.

MR. BALFOUR AND THE PACIFISTS.

Commenting on Mr. Balfour's speech last night, *The Times* says:—What, Mr. Balfour asked the "pacifists," do they want us to do? Germany demands the return of her African Colonies. Would the "pacifists" return them, knowing how she treats natives, and knowing the use which she intends to make of these possessions? Do they want to provide her with submarine bases on all the chief trade routes of the world, and with the black army, which it has been plainly stated she would raise for use not only in Africa, but in "the next war?" Mr. Balfour says bluntly that he objects to arming Germany with an instrument so powerful for universal evil. But it is in Russia herself that German arms and German diplomacy have achieved their greatest triumph. How is Russia ever to work out her self-rehabilitation and her self-reconstitution if Germany is to wall her off from the West by the barrier of subordinate States, erected under the Hohenzollern over-lordship? Neither that nor any other aim of the Allies can be attained until the power of German "militarism" is broken, or the heart of the German people is changed. There seems no hope of such a change until we turn them from "militarism" by proving to them in the field that "militarism" does not pay.

BRITISH SHIPBUILDING.

When every allowance, says *The Times*, is made for the disadvantages under which the British yards labour in new construction, as compared with the American yards, the comparison is not a pleasant one. The conclusion cannot be avoided that the available skilled labour is not being used to the best advantage, or, to put it the other way round, that the men themselves are falling short of their reasonable capacity. The employers are hampered by the conditions imposed upon them; the men do not take kindly to dilution, do not, in the mass, give of their best; do not really understand that their labour is an indispensable part of the war effort of the nation—a part hardly less important than the fighting arm of the sailor or the soldier. There is the mischief. It has to be taken in hand, and speedily, and we must say plainly that the remedy for it will not be easily found or applied so long as Lord Pirrie assures the country that there is no reason to find fault with the actual results which have been achieved in British shipbuilding.

"THE FRIENDS OF IRELAND."

The "German-Irish Society," says *The Times*, which enjoys Hintze's patronage, has evidently been supplied with fresh funds for a great advertisement campaign. The Hamburg papers, for example, lately published half-page advertisements, in which the "German-Irish Society" appeals for new members. The German-Irish Society, these say, desires to prepare, and actively to promote, good relations between Germany and Ireland. It will be of high advantage to both peoples if they learn to know one another better, and are so enabled to estimate aright the importance of each of the two countries for the other. The unparalleled backwardness of Ireland is in the sharpest contrast with its brilliantly favourable situation at the gate of the world sea, with its extraordinary natural fertility, with the riches of its soil, and with the moral strength of the Irish people. The necessary conditions for a national revival of the green island, which for centuries has been oppressed by England, exist, therefore, in abundance. What it needs for its development is the necessary support. Here Germany can, and must, help. The present war has proved sufficiently that Germany possesses precious few friends in the world. But the Irish, both in Ireland and the United States, have risen up as the friends of Germany, and Germany must not underestimate the value of Irish friendship. It will be the eager effort of the German-Irish Society to deepen this friendship, and to strengthen its ties.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

The long-range bombardment of Paris district was continued yesterday.

Two members of Queensland Parliament have enlisted.

A Paris telegram from Rome to the *Matin* states that the *Agenzia Volta* is informed that the King of Bulgaria is now at the German Headquarters.

Polish papers state that the population of that kingdom decreased from 14 to 10½ millions during the war. Mortality is increasing, and great numbers are leaving the country owing to the conditions under German rule.

The first Siamese contingent, which arrived in France ten days ago, consists of units of the Siamese Ambulance, Motor, and Aviation Corps. The Siamese are peculiarly suited to aviation work on account of their extraordinarily keen eyesight, their smallness, and their daring.

THE NEW ALLIED ADVANCE.

7,000 PRISONERS AND 100 GUNS TAKEN.

FINE ACHIEVEMENT.

STATEMENT BY MR. BONAR LAW

During the debate in the House of Commons last night, on the motion for the adjournment, Mr. Bonar Law said—The House will be interested to learn the latest information in regard to the attack which took place this morning. The attack was launched at dawn by the Fourth British Army, which comprises English, Australian, and Canadian troops, and by the First French Army, both of which are under the command of Sir Douglas Haig. The attack was on a front of something like twenty kilometres, from Morlancourt to Montdidier. We have just been in communication on the telephone with Headquarters, and the result will give satisfaction to every member. They had obtained at 3 o'clock all the points they had set before them as their objectives when the attack began. At that hour we had already captured upwards of a hundred guns, and 7,000 prisoners are already in the cages. (Cheers.) So far as I can judge from examining the map and the places we had been told already reached, it represents an advance of between four and five miles, and in one case it is an advance of seven miles. This ground is immediately in front of Amiens, and its strategic importance is obvious to everybody. I do not desire in any way to exaggerate the importance of this achievement. It is quite possible—it is regarded as probable—that the Germans, on account of previous attacks, had intended to retire, but this attack had come upon them as a complete surprise, and had upset whatever plans they had formed. I will only say further, that it affords me, as I am sure it does every member of the House, the greatest satisfaction to feel at this stage of the session, that this is a result which, without exaggeration, is an indication of the complete change in the military position which has taken place in the last few weeks. (Cheers.)

SWEEP FORWARD ON 20-MILE FRONT.

The Press Association's Special Correspondent with the French Army telegraphed at noon yesterday:—

A combined Anglo-French attack was launched at dawn this morning between Albert and Montdidier, over a front of about twenty-five miles, although the exact extent of the infantry attacks has not yet been reported. Up to mid-day the attack has progressed in a satisfactory manner.

The British are advancing along the Somme in the direction of Cerisy-Gailly, on the south bank of the river, and Marcelcave, on the Amiens-Chaulnes Railway.

The French are pressing on in the direction of Aubecourt and Demuin.

Fighting is raging on the outskirts of Morisel and Moreuil, two small towns which face each other on opposite sides of the Avre. Our first line objectives had fallen by eight in the morning.

THE FIRST RUSH.

The Press Association Correspondent at the British Headquarters telegraphed yesterday:—

The great battle which was opened this morning by the Fourth British Army and the First French Army has developed into a success, the full strategic consequences of which we cannot as yet measure.

The rapidity and completeness of our first rush must surely be equal to the most sanguine hopes. The full story cannot possibly be told yet a while, because the Allied troops have swept on far beyond the ken of those writing to chronicle their achievements.

I hear of our men being reported in spots between five and six miles from their starting point. For once, the weather has conspired nobly to assist us, although possibly the airmen would qualify this. It was perfectly clear at 4.20, when the barrage crashed out. Then a creeping ground mist began to gather, and by six o'clock it was so dense that one could scarcely see the gun-flashes or shell-bursts fifty yards away. We had succeeded, under cover of night, in getting a number of tanks across the River Luce, and these proved invaluable in dealing with what might have proved a very awkward situation owing to the nature of the ground. Working round towards Dody Wood and the high ground beyond, they drove the enemy from many trenches, strong positions and machine gun posts, and thus enabled the infantry to establish themselves.

Our barrage is described as wonderful, the German front line being smashed up by the intensity of those few minutes of drum-fire. Machine gun fire was not as heavy as might have been anticipated, probably in a large measure because the mist smothered observation until our men were near enough to the guns and their teams to rush them.

It is impossible as yet to say what the extent of our captures has been. One corps had taken over two thousand prisoners early in the morning, and one division had counted 997 by six o'clock. I hear of individual hauls of 500, 300, and so forth.

A striking feature is the quiet, unsoiled appearance of a very large proportion of these prisoners, clearly proving how completely they had been surprised and over-run before they could put up a resistance. One General was overheard to laughingly remark that it will take many hours to count all the guns taken.

Tanks seem to have dealt with the machine gun posts with ruthless thoroughness. Amongst their many adventures I hear an amusing story, one of the whippets chasing a Hun General, and firing after him as he fled quite heedless for once of his Teutonic dignity.

As the morning advanced the haze lifted, and it was possible to see long columns of our reserves marching quite comfortably across what a few hours earlier had been enemy territory. On the horizon motor transport could be seen scurrying westwards as the enemy made off. The 27th, 108th, and 23rd Divisions of Prince Rupprecht's group of armies have suffered very heavily, while the 117th, which only came into the line last night, has also been badly cut up.

OUR CASUALTIES LIGHT.

Our own casualties, having regard to the size and importance of the operation, appear to have been very light. For example, in one Army Corps the only casualties which have been reported in the first two hours of the fighting were two officers and fifteen other ranks.

By 7.30 the tanks had cleared the enemy out of Cerisy. A group of hostile artillery concealed in the Bois Cressaire, just north of Chipilly, maintained a harassing fire upon the tanks advancing over ground south of the Somme, so a pinching out manœuvre was undertaken against these places, and they were carried, with the capture of several hundreds of prisoners and many guns. The artillery pushed forward so rapidly that one brigade was actually in action forward of the old front line within twenty minutes of zero time. Yet the infantry went on so quickly that in many places they got beyond the support of the guns. But as they had mopped up most of the enemy artillery as they went, and as there was little beyond save an occasional heavy battery of high velocity guns this did not greatly matter, particularly as there were plenty of German seventy-sevens to swing round, and stacks of ammunition for serving them.

By 11.15 our troops were into Bayonvillers, nearly two miles west of Villers Bretonneux. The only determined stand made by the enemy was on the left of the attack around Morlancourt, which is well entrenched. Heavy fighting has been in progress here throughout the day and the enemy has made several counter-attacks, but, I understand, without recovering any ground. The French, on our right, started off simultaneously with our own advance, but halted after carrying the German front line, and did not resume progress for about forty minutes, according to the scheme of attack. They, too, have done wonderfully well, as you will learn from another source. Indeed, the day has gone well, but we must temper satisfaction with prudence. The Germans possess great masses of reserves, and it will be totally unlike them to take this reverse without making a vigorous effort to retrieve their losses.

ADMIRALTY APPOINTMENT.

Mr. John Ryan has been appointed Inspector of Dockyard Expense Accounts by the Admiralty on the retirement of Mr. William G. Roff.

MILITARY CROSS.

Temporary Lieutenant R. M. V. Willington, D.C.L.I., who has been awarded the Military Cross, is the only surviving son of Mr. James T. C. Willington, St. Kierans, Birr. Lieutenant Willington displayed great gallantry. On entering the enemy's trench with the leading wave of an attack, he encountered five of the enemy. He shot two of them, and, single-handed, captured the remainder. He then quickly cleared out the section of trenches allotted to him, setting his men a fine example of dash and determination.

Second Lieutenant Leslie Loxley Firth, Lancers, awarded the Military Cross, son of Mrs. Winifred Supple, Monread, Naas. He exhibited splendid courage when heavily attacked by the enemy. He directed the retirement of his squadron with great ability, only evacuating positions when forced by largely superior numbers to do so, and on each withdrawal bringing his men away in safety, though he himself was eventually wounded. By his example and cool leadership in this and previous actions he has maintained the best traditions of the Service.

BRILLIANT ANGLO-FRENCH ATTACK

FROM ALBERT TO MONTDIDIER.

CAVALRY, TANKS, AND ARMOURED CARS IN ACTION.

ENEMY SURPRISED BY MAGNIFICENT INFANTRY DASH.

ADVANCE OF FROM FOUR TO SEVEN MILES.

British and French troops yesterday morning in a joint attack on the twenty miles front from Albert to Montdidier achieved a magnificent success.

The official communiqués are, as usual, very conservative as to the dimensions of the success achieved, but Mr. Bonar Law in the House of Commons was able to state that the advance was between four and five miles, and at some points seven miles; also that 100 guns and 7,000 prisoners had been taken.

From official and unofficial accounts it appears that the enemy was completely surprised. The dash of the Allied infantry was superb. Light tanks, armoured cars, and cavalry were in action. These, according to Sir Douglas Haig, "passed through the infantry and beyond our objectives, riding down German transport and limbers in their retreat, surrounding and capturing villages, and taking many prisoners."

The German communiqué issued last night admits that British troops in their attack between the Avre and the Ancre forced their way into the enemy's positions.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

THURSDAY, 10.15 A.M.

At dawn this morning the British Fourth Army and the French First Army, under the command of Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, attacked on a wide front, east and south-east of Amiens.

First reports indicate that the attack is progressing satisfactorily.

8.35 P.M.

The operations commenced this morning on the Amiens front by the French First Army, under the command of General Debeney, and the British Fourth Army, under the command of General Sir Henry Rawlinson, are proceeding successfully. The assembly of the Allied troops was completed under cover of night, unnoticed by the enemy.

At the hour of the assault French, Canadian and Australian, and English divisions, assisted by a large number of British tanks, stormed the German lines on a front of over 20 miles, from the Avre River at Braches to the neighbourhood of Morlancourt.

The enemy was taken by surprise, and at all points the Allied troops made rapid progress. At an early hour our first objectives had been reached on the whole front of attacks.

During the morning the advance of the Allied infantry continued, actively assisted by British cavalry, light tanks, and motor machine gun batteries. The resistance of the German divisions in line was overcome at certain points after sharp fighting, and many prisoners and a number of guns were captured by our troops.

French troops attacked with great gallantry across the Avre River, and, despite the enemy's opposition, carried the hostile defences.

North of the Somme the greater part of our final objectives were gained before noon, but in the neighbourhood of Chipilly and south of Morlancourt parties of the enemy offered a prolonged resistance. In both localities fighting was heavy, but ultimately our troops broke down the opposition of the German infantry, and gained their objectives.

South of the Somme the gallantry of the Allied infantry, and the dash and vigour of their attacks, had gained during the afternoon the final objectives for the day on practically the whole battle front.

Assisted by our light tanks and armoured cars the cavalry passed through the infantry and beyond our objectives, riding down German transport and limbers in their retreat, surrounding and capturing villages, and taking many prisoners.

The general line reached by our troops runs: Plessier-Rozainvillers-Blancourt-Caix-Framerville-Chipilly—west of Morlancourt.

No accurate estimate can yet be given concerning the number of prisoners and guns, or the amount of material captured, but it is known that several thousand prisoners and many guns have fallen into our hands.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

THURSDAY.

This morning at 5 o'clock our troops, in conjunction with British troops, attacked in the region to the south-east of Amiens. The attack is developing under favourable conditions.

THURSDAY NIGHT.

The attack carried out this morning by our troops to the south-east of Amiens, in conjunction with the British troops, was continued in good conditions. The details known appear in the British *communiqué*.

AMERICAN OFFICIAL.

THURSDAY.

North of the Vesle there were local combats resulting in a gain of ground for our troops.

GERMAN OFFICIAL.

THURSDAY.

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—On both sides of the Lys we drove back English partial thrusts. North of the Somme the enemy carried out heavy counter-attacks against our new lines on both sides of the Bray-Corbie road. They were repulsed. During the night artillery activity and reconnoitring engagements temporarily revived. West of Montdidier a partial attack by the French broke down.

Army Group of German Crown Prince.—Between Soissons and Rheims the artillery duels revived only intermittently. There have been minor infantry engagements on the Vesle and north of Rheims.

Army Group of Duke Albrecht.—In the Vosges there has been a successful thrust into the enemy's lines at the Schratzmaennele.

THURSDAY NIGHT.

In the attack of the English between the Ancre and the Avre the enemy has forced his way into our positions.

THE ALLIED LANDING AT ARCHANGEL.

ANGRY GERMAN COMMENT.

The Secretary of the War Office announces that after landing at Archangel detachments of the Allied forces were pushed forward south of the town along the Vologda Railway. The opposing force, supported by Germans, offered some resistance at Isarkagorka, five miles south of Archangel, but were driven back, and retired towards Obozerskaya, seventy miles south of Archangel. Some German war material was captured by the Allied forces.

Commenting on the Allied landing at Archangel, the *Koelnische Volkszeitung* writes:—Russia's greatest Arctic port has fallen into British hands almost without resistance. The Soviets of North Russian districts have received a scolding from Moscow, which, however, does not alter the facts. The question which therefore arises is: Have the Bolshevik leaders now really become officers without soldiers? This fact can now scarcely be in doubt, and the conclusions to be drawn are obvious.

The strategic importance of the occupation of Archangel, the journal adds, lies in the fact that it is the starting point of the railway to Vologda and Moscow. Up to the present the *Entente's* Arctic expedition has undoubtedly made considerable progress. The base which the *Entente* Powers have thus secured on the Murman coast is not to be underestimated. The Soviet Government will assuredly have to make further efforts to assert itself against the *Entente's* onslaught from the north.

LIBERTY HALL SEARCHED BY POLICE.

At about four o'clock yesterday afternoon a strong force of police surrounded Liberty Hall, in Beresford place, the headquarters of the Irish Transport Workers' Union, and took possession of the building. Immediately afterwards a thorough search of the building was carried out, and no person was permitted to have access to the premises while the search was in progress. After about half an hour the police, who were in charge of Inspector Stedman ("G" Division), withdrew from the building, it being understood that no seizure had been made as a result of their visit.

ARREST OF MRS. SHEEHY-SKEFFINGTON.

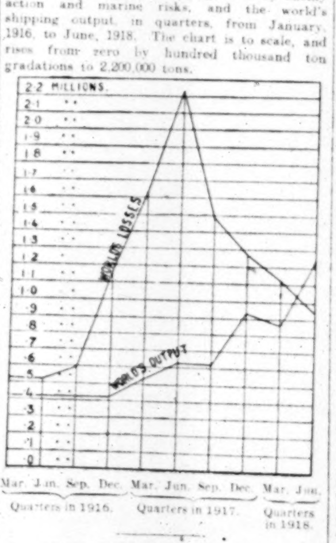
Mrs. Sheehy-Skeffington, who arrived in Dublin recently from Liverpool, was arrested yesterday by detectives at the headquarters of the Women's Franchise League, and conveyed to the College Police Station, from which she was subsequently removed to the Bridewell. The house, 3 Belgrave Park, Ranelagh, where Mrs. Sheehy-Skeffington had been staying with her sister, Mrs. Kettle, was subsequently visited by detectives, and a number of leaflets referring to the treatment of the *Sinn Fein* prisoners in Belfast Jail were taken possession of. It is understood that Mrs. Sheehy-Skeffington has been arrested for disobeying an order of the Home Secretary not to leave the Liverpool district without a permit. It was stated by her friends after her arrest that Mrs. Sheehy-Skeffington will go on hunger strike.

The population of Petrograd is now 1,417,000, or 1,000,000 less than it was eighteen months ago.

WORLD'S SHIPPING.

THE LOSSES AND OUTPUT.

The appended chart shows at a glance in gross tons the world's shipping losses by enemy action and marine risks, and the world's shipping output, in quarters, from January, 1916, to June, 1918. The chart is to scale, and rises from zero by hundred thousand ton gradations to 2,200,000 tons.



STATEMENT BY LORD PIRRIE.

Lord Pirrie, the Controller-General of Merchant Shipbuilding, in an interview with the Press yesterday, remarked that in an industry like shipbuilding, where the unit took anything from eight to twelve months to produce, it was impossible to obtain results quickly, and it was unreasonable to expect any immediate improvement in output. Progress was being made with the construction of concrete vessels, and the important work of repairing badly damaged ships was progressing satisfactorily. In both naval and merchant shipping construction and the building of special craft to fight the enemy submarine menace, the record was as satisfactory as the labour shortage would permit, and on the whole had been productive of good results. The only factor which was altered in the merchant shipping position was the balance between tonnage destroyed and produced. The net losses by marine risks and enemy depredations reached the highest point in April, 1917, with 485,000 gross tons; but in June, 1918, the figures came down to 27,000 tons.

MEN FOR MERCHANT SHIPBUILDING.

With regard to the future, said Lord Pirrie in conclusion, so far as merchant shipbuilding is concerned, considerable benefits will continue to accrue from the organisation of the whole industry. Repairs, whether merchant or naval, have the first call on the available resources. Next comes naval work, of which I am sure you will all realise, the importance. Then the construction of new merchant ships absorbs the balance. It will, therefore, be apparent that until I can obtain additional skilled men for merchant shipbuilding any immediate and very material increase in the present rate of output can hardly be expected.

There is no ground for disquieting rumours regarding Lord Rosebery's health.

HOME RULE.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO DRAFT A BILL.

STATEMENT BY THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

NATIONALIST MEMBERS AND RECRUITING.

In the House of Commons yesterday, on the motion for the adjournment,

Mr. Dillon asked the Chief Secretary to state what was the Government's policy for Ireland in the coming autumn. Ireland, he said, was drifting to disaster, and no party there knew what was the policy of the Government. Did they intend to proceed with conscription? If they did he warned them that the consequences would be serious. Until they abandoned the threat of conscription they would do nothing to gain recruits. It was insane to hold out the threat of conscription if they did not intend to carry it into effect. What did the Chief Secretary intend to do about the rifles and ammunition that were under the control of Sir Edward Carson for the purposes of rebellion in Ulster?

THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Mr. Shortt said that permits were absolutely necessary for the good government of Ireland, and that involved that there should be at Holyhead an officer whose duty it was to see that no person was allowed to go on board ship without a permit. It might easily be that the Home Office representative at Holyhead would not know hon. members by sight, with the result of causing him considerable inconvenience. He assured the House that they had nothing but the convenience of Irish members in their mind when they adopted a system which would enable them to be known at once.

Mr. Dillon asked did he understand that if they went to Downing street they would get these permits without limitation of time.

Mr. Shortt said he could only say that he had arranged with the Home Secretary that that was to be done. It was only reasonable to ask them to carry permits, but they were not required to have photographs taken.

Mr. Hazleton asked how was it that he only got a permit for three months.

Mr. Shortt said that if the officials did not carry out what the Home Secretary and he had agreed upon, he would put pressure to see that it was carried out. As to the prohibition of public meetings, he was bound to say that the Nationalist members had an extraordinary standard as to what an insult was. A perfectly innocent statement made by him about them was a gross insult, but the grossest charge that could possibly be made by them against him was thought perfectly right. To suggest that it was the policy of the Government to take steps to insure that the Constitutional party and movement should be destroyed, and that they were trying to set up in Ireland the reign of the party which went for unrest and rebellion, and was playing into the hands of Germany—that was, of course, no insult. But he did not think there was a single soul in the House who would believe that Lord French and he would be guilty of any such treason to their country.

SINN FEIN AND SEDITION.

The most dangerous and seditious propaganda had been carried on by *Sinn Feiners* at open meetings at which they publicly preached sedition. If the Government were content merely with proclaiming *Sinn Fein*, which in itself, before its capture by the physical force party, was just as innocent a society as could exist, the physical force party would have turned around to the Gaelic League or some other innocent association. They were bound to close every possible avenue which was open to the preachers of sedition and physical force. One of the chief means of propaganda was public meetings and seditious speaking. They could not issue a regulation saying that no *Sinn Fein* meetings would be allowed, and no meeting at which sedition would be preached. The only possible way was to ask for the assistance of all reasonable people. It was very well known that permits for meetings known to be innocent were a mere formality. If those organising meetings for hon. members would send a postcard to the police they would get a permit back by return of post.

Mr. Dillon said it was not the inconvenience they complained of, but the fact that it gave an enormous political advantage to their opponents.

Mr. Shortt said that he did not know to whom the hon. member referred as his political opponents.

Mr. Dillon said that he meant the *Sinn Feiners*.

Mr. Shortt said that he was attacked for favouring the *Sinn Feiners*, and he had been frequently attacked for favouring Ulster Unionists.

Mr. Devlin—You are on the side of all the rebels. (Laughter.)

Mr. Shortt said that was no insult at all; that was a courteous expression.

A Nationalist Member—You are giving proof of it.

Mr. Shortt said that all parties had to get permits, and there was no favouritism and no differentiation. The police knew perfectly well when sedition was intended, and they could put a stop to that meeting, and they knew when sedition was not intended, such as meetings of their constituents addressed by hon. members, and there would be no trouble about a permit. It was an essential necessity to control political meetings, and he knew no more convenient and certain method of controlling them than this, and it involved only a little reasonable acquiescence and assistance on the part of the Nationalist members, which they were justified in asking from loyal members of that House.

THE COLLECTION OF ARMS.

He did not acknowledge either the member for Trinity College or the member for East Clare, who was the leader of the *Sinn Fein* Party, as representing any Government in Ireland or having control over anyone in Ireland. He refused to acknowledge any such thing. He would only deal with those in physical control of the arms. The Government meant to get these arms. (Nationalist cheers.) If they could not get them without trouble they would get them. (Nationalist cheers.)

HOME RULE.

As to the general policy of the Government, it was exactly what it was before he joined it in March last. It was true that circumstances had to a certain extent altered since then, but he hoped and believed that they had not altered to such an extent as would affect the operation of that portion of the dual policy which they talked of as Home Rule. He was justified in saying that Ireland was being restored to a peaceful state in which law and order were being observed. Ireland to-day was extremely prosperous. There was no material grievance, no financial grievance like that which resulted from famine; but, while they had a peaceful and a prosperous people in Ireland, there were all over the South, Middle, and West deep and bitter resentment and discontent. The real problem of Ireland to-day was to bring about a set of circumstances under which that ground for discontent was removed.

THE ULSTER OBJECTION.

There were only two ways in which Home Rule could be obtained. One was by physical force. That was out of the question. The other was by passing a measure through that House. It was upon the Statute Book, and it was suspended for the period of the war; but he was not at all sure that Mr. Dillon was right when he said that it came into operation automatically, unless something else was done, at the end of the war.

Mr. Dillon—Mr. Redmond thought it did.

Mr. Shortt replied that he did, too, until yesterday, when a great lawyer put a proposition to him which had very serious difficulties, and which he did not pretend to have considered. Let them take it for granted that it would come into force automatically at the end of the war. The Suspensory Act was passed because it was felt that something must be done to meet the Ulster objection. From that time onwards every attempt had been made to bring Irishmen together to consider what should be done to meet the Ulster difficulty. That question faced them to-day. The hon. member talked as if the Government had abandoned Home Rule. It was nothing of the sort. A Committee was labouring at various schemes. He had arranged to come back in the recess in order to meet a Sub-Committee to go into certain points, and the Government were doing their best to get a measure which would pass through the House. That was the one thing absolutely essential before they could take the necessary steps to remove discontent in Ireland.

DESTRUCTIVE CRITICISM.

The Government had been accused of the bankruptcy of British statesmanship. What sign was there of any Irish constructive statesmanship to-day? They got any amount of destructive criticism, and great abuse of what they were trying to do. What Irish member had made a suggestion by which the labours of the Convention could be brought to fruition and success? He had been twitted with being out of touch with the Irish people. How could it be otherwise when no representative of Ireland called upon him, except, perhaps, a few? If he could get any help he would do his best. That, he thought, was a reasonable position to take up. Did the members below the gangway really think they were helping to solve the question by standing aloof and refusing to discuss it with members of the Government? Irish members would do him the justice to say that he had done everything to meet what they desired. He was only too anxious to meet them. When he offered an opinion in the House, it was on the best advice that he could get from Ireland, but as representatives in that House, who ought to represent the feeling in Ireland, would not come and help him in regard to a bill, he was helpless to meet their wishes and desires. As to conscription, he was not in a position to say anything more than he had said.

Mr. Dillon—This is the first time we have been asked to give advice.

Mr. Shortt—I welcome that interruption with the greatest pleasure. Do I understand that if I ask the hon. member he will come and assist me? If so, I ask him here and now.

Mr. Dillon—Undoubtedly, the right hon. gentleman gave the House the impression that he had been asking for assistance and advice, but this is the first time he has approached me for any advice, or given me a hint that it would be acceptable.

MR. HERBERT SAMUEL.

Mr. Herbert Samuel said that the Chief Secretary had made two statements of great importance, marked by one omission. He said nothing with regard to the intentions of the Government between now and the middle of October with regard to conscription.

Mr. Shortt said that conscription could not possibly be enforced before the House reassembled. It had to come before the House first.

Mr. Herbert Samuel said it was the fact that conscription was threatened while self-government was still denied which had thrown Ireland into such turmoil, and while that lasted the Government would not get a single recruit. He was glad to note that the Irish Government intended to get the arms in Ulster, with or without trouble.

A Nationalist Member—He did not say when they would begin.

Mr. Samuel said that was a wise policy. The other statement was that the Government were still engaged in an endeavour to find a legislative solution of the Home Rule problem. He was sure that the right hon. gentleman would not make a declaration of that kind merely to mark time and when he knew nothing would come of it. He must mean that it was the intention of Parliament to introduce such a measure into Parliament. Let the right hon. gentleman beware that he did not lay himself open to the reproach of raising hopes which he knew could not be fulfilled.

Mr. Devlin said that the North and the South must be treated alike in regard to the seizure of arms. The House welcomed the statement of the Chief Secretary. Apart from the representatives of North-East Ulster, the recent Irish Convention was unanimous on every point except that of Customs. He appealed to the Government to drop conscription in Ireland.

The House rose at 11 o'clock until October 15th.

MR. BONAR LAW AND HOME RULE.

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to Mr. Devlin, who asked when the Home Rule Bill promised by the Government would be introduced next session, said he could not make any statement on the subject.

SPECIAL EXTRA.

HOME RULE.

The Parliamentary correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* writes—Something like a sensation was created by the Chief Secretary's statement that the new Home Rule Bill was still in process of incubation, for the prevalent opinion was that no more would be heard of it. Another picquant announcement was Mr. Shortt's declaration that the Ulster Volunteers are to be deprived of the arms with which, under Sir Edward Carson's leadership, they equipped themselves before the outbreak of the world war.

THE GENERAL ELECTION RUMOURS.

A matter which creates anxiety, declares the *Daily Graphic*, is the persistent rumour that the Government has determined to advise the King to dissolve the present Parliament shortly after its reassembly on October 15th. That means a general election before Christmas, and those who have been watching the trend of political movements throughout the country cannot but feel concern as to the result.

RIOTING IN TORONTO.

The Ottawa correspondent of the *Morning Post* telegraphs—Troops from Niagara have been moved to Toronto as a precautionary measure, in view of riotous outbreaks which have occurred during the last few days. Crowds, including returned soldiers, as well as civilians, on Friday night wrecked a number of Greek restaurants, since when clashes have taken place between the soldiers and the police. The feeling against the presence of aliens in the city is responsible for the disorders.

REIGN OF TERROR IN PETROGRAD.

According to the Stockholm Correspondent of the *Morning Post*, the Swedish steamer, Runeberg, arrived there yesterday with fifty refugees of all nationalities from Petrograd. They relate that the situation in the Russian capital is simply awful. Famine and cholera sweep away masses of victims daily. All law and justice are completely suspended, and there is no security for life or property. Military officers especially are subject to the hatred of the Red Guards. Batches of several hundred officers are brought in barges down the Neva to the sea, where the bottoms of the barges are opened, and the officers drowned like rats. Travellers are strongly advised not to go to Petrograd, where the desperate situation must inevitably lead shortly to catastrophe. It is reported that recently the Aaland Islanders refused to obey the Finnish mobilisation orders. Numerous Aaland conscripts are now landing on the Danish coast, evading the Finnish patrol boats. The Finnish Government threatens as a reprisal to call up ten classes.

BRITISH AND FRENCH AVIATION.

The following official *communiqués* were issued last night:—

British.—On August 7th observation was rendered difficult by ground mist. A considerable amount of reconnaissance and photography was, however, carried out. Over 17 tons of bombs were dropped during the day with good effect, and a large number of combats took place. Fifteen hostile machines were brought down, and seven driven down out of control. Two of our machines are missing. A ton of bombs was dropped during the night, operations being hampered by bad weather. One of our night flying machines is missing.

French.—During the month of July 184 enemy aeroplanes were brought down, 30 by anti-aircraft guns. 154 aeroplanes were seen falling out of control in their lines, 15 of them hit by the fire of our anti-aircraft guns. In addition to this total of 338 enemy machines which have been destroyed or seriously damaged, our aeroplanes have also set fire to 49 captive balloons. During the same month, our day bombarding air service dropped 194 tons of bombs, and our night service 356 tons—that is, more than 550 tons, on bridges in the Marne valley and enemy troops which had advanced south of the Aisne, and railway stations in the region of Laon, Hirsin, and Rethel.

WARILDA CAPTAIN SAVED.

The *Daily Mirror* is glad to learn that gallant Captain Sim, of the ambulance transport steamship Warilda, was not drowned, as was at first reported. Captain Sim fortunately was among the saved.

OBITUARY.

SIR WALTER ARMSTRONG.

We announce with regret the death, which occurred in London yesterday, of Sir Walter Armstrong, who for a period of twenty-two years was Director of the National Gallery of Ireland. He was a son of Mr. Walter Armstrong, of Ennismore Gardens, London, was born on the 7th February, 1850, and was educated at Harrow and Exeter College, Oxford. The whole of Sir Walter Armstrong's life was devoted to the study of works of art, in respect of which he has left a number of valuable publications, which art students find helpful and highly appreciate. For a number of years he represented as art critic the *Pall Mall Gazette*, and at a later period, in a similar capacity, he served in turn other metropolitan and provincial journals. His notices, always marked by a thorough knowledge of the subjects with which he dealt, were a popular feature of the journals in which they appeared. He was co-Editor of Bryan's Dictionary of Painters, and his published works include "Life of Thomas Gainsborough," "Gainsborough and his Place in English Art," "Sir Joshua Reynolds," "Sir Henry Raeburn," "Art in Great Britain and Ireland," "Scottish Painters," and "Notes on the National Gallery," etc. He married in 1873 Emily Rose, daughter of Mr. C. C. Ferard, J.P., of Ascot Place, Berks., and for his contributions to art literature he was created a Knight in 1899. In 1892 he was appointed Director of the National Gallery, from which position he retired in 1914.

TRIBUTE TO DISTINGUISHED AIRMAN.

In a letter to the relatives of the late Major E. Mannock, D.S.O., M.C., R.A.F., a brother officer states:—"He was a friend to us all, and had a great affection for the *personnel* of the squadron, which, had he lived, he would have made the most famous squadron in the world."

DUBLIN CORPORATION LOANS.

Sanction has been received from the Local Government Board for payment of £32,000, being the first section of a loan of £175,000 applied for by the Dublin Corporation for electric lighting extension. Sanction has also been given to a loan of £34,616 for excess expenditure for schemes under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts.

THE REAL OBSTACLE TO PEACE.

MR. BALFOUR AND GERMANY'S AIMS.

A POLICY OF UNIVERSAL DOMINATION.

THE RETURN OF THE GERMAN COLONIES.

In the House of Commons yesterday, on the motion for the adjournment of the House,

Mr. ANDERSON dealt with the present situation in connection with the war, and urged the desirability of a more real effort to move forward in the direction of peace.

Major TRYON said that pacifism offered no hope of a good and lasting peace. The poisonous speeches of "pacifists" did incalculable harm to our cause.

Mr. PONSONBY said that the hon. member's speech consisted mainly of a spiteful and acrimonious attack on "pacifist" members. Too little attention was being paid to diplomacy.

THE DISARMAMENT OF GERMANY.

Mr. J. M. ROBERTSON said that Mr. Ponsonby had not dealt with the strong point made by Major Tryon—namely, that the attitude of "pacifist" members in saying that Belgium ought to have been left to her fate at the commencement of the war, gave one little ground for sharing their faith as to the efficacy of a League of Nations after this war to protect a little country like Belgium. There was, in effect, a League of Nations, bound to respect the independence of Belgium. The Germans had always been the weakest element in any international movement for world peace. The kind of peace that Lord Lansdowne and others urged meant a peace which would merely restore the *status quo ante bellum*. Germany would never agree to disarmament all round until her military power was destroyed or rendered helpless.

Mr. R. LAMBERT was not convinced that if we were in a position to dictate terms to Germany that would lead to a permanent peace. A peace by which disarmament was dictated would not be lasting.

THE REAL OBSTACLE TO PEACE.

Mr. BALFOUR said that all the talk about bringing our ideas home to the democracy of Germany, and converting the German Majority Socialists, brushed aside the true obstacle to any peace, which was the German military party. German militarism was not based on the ambition of a few soldiers or a strictly military caste, but on the fact that writers, professors, and men of commerce were all united in the theory that the true policy of any nation that wished to be great was the policy of universal domination. The difficulty was that this gross and immoral heresy had spread its roots right through the most educated classes in Germany, and until those roots were eradicated there was very small hope that Germany would willingly become a peaceful part of a peaceful society of nations. The evil originally came into being by the facile successes that Germany had obtained by war, and the only way to eradicate it was to show that war did not always lead to facile successes.

GERMAN THEORY AND PRACTICE.

German theory and practice in this matter harmonised much more closely than human theory and practice usually did. In the East they saw Germany pursuing one end steadily and remorselessly, and endeavouring by every means in her power to bring the countries in her power under German economic and military domination, so that they would be merely her handmaids in matters of commerce, and would supply her with troops in time of peace. It was impossible to exaggerate the cynical audacity with which Germany was acting. She did not want to absorb these countries into the German State, because she would then have to give them German institutions, and representation in the Reichstag. He could not conceive any peace being tolerated or assented to by the *Entente* Powers which left that state of things unremedied. If they were unremedied future wars were an absolute certainty, and Germany's power for waging them would be enormously increased. The attitude of Germany in Rumania, the Ukraine, and elsewhere, demonstrated that when she talked of peace she meant only a domination compared with which some of the worst dominations of the world seemed to be merciful because less successful and effective.

BRITISH AND GERMAN METHODS.

If they wanted to know the difference between British and German methods let them compare the fate of the districts we had occupied with the fate of those Germany had overrun. Wherever we had gone in the course of the war security had been assured, trade had grown, and wealth had increased. Mesopotamia was growing more corn than for centuries past. The part of Palestine in British occupation was more prosperous than it had ever been, while there was also an improvement in the German Colonies. Let them turn their eyes from Mesopotamia and Palestine and look at Belgium and Poland. The German soldiers produced a desert and left a desert. German occupation meant that Germany was to flourish and everybody else was to serve the ends and purposes of Germany. He did not at this moment see in either the actions of the German Government and the statements of German politicians, or in the writings of German publicists, the slightest sign or symptom that they have as yet come sufficiently close to us to make discussion likely to be fruitful. The abyss which separated us was profound and almost immeasurable.

GERMANY AND HER COLONIES.

Did hon. members wish to hand back to Germany, as she was now, her African Colonies, knowing that it meant giving Germany submarine bases on all the great trade routes of the world, and putting the world's commerce at Germany's disposal? They knew that it meant the tyrannical government of the African natives. It meant that Germany would deliberately set to work to create a great black army in Central Africa, which would make peaceful development impossible.

Mr. SNOWDEN—As France has done already.

Mr. BALFOUR said certainly, but France was not a menace to the peace of her neighbours. The hon. member had never yet discovered that nations had a soul, a character. The German soul and character was such that she would use this force—they made little secret of it—for purposes, not only of defence, but aggression. He objected to giving back to Germany an instrument so powerful for universal evil as a great Colonial Empire, as it undoubtedly would be in Germany's hands.

GERMANY'S POLICY IN RUSSIA.

Did hon. members think that Germany was ready to abandon her Russian policy, which was the only successful thing she had done in the war? What did that policy mean for a very large fraction of the human race? Did the House contemplate with equanimity a row of subordinate States under German domination, feeding Germany, but being starved themselves, stretching from the Baltic to the Black Sea, with Russia cut off from all direct intercourse with the Western States, so that the task of her rehabilitation became almost impossible. Germany rejoiced at Russian disintegration. If Russia were to remain little more than a hinterland of Germany it would be a calamity for mankind. Unless German methods changed, or unless a complete victory on the part of the Associated Powers convinced everybody in Germany that their policy was a failure, he failed to see how the rehabilitation of Russia was ever to take place. Hon. members seemed quite incapable of appreciating the magnitude of the obstacles which Germany presented to the realisation of their own ideas. They not only desired peace on terms which would make a future war practically inevitable, but they desired it on terms which would leave an immense fraction of civilised mankind absolutely under the German heel. It would throw back the whole progress of mankind. For these reasons, he believed that hon. members were doing the worst service to the cause they had at heart by taking a course in the House, and out of it, with which people had now become unhappily too familiar.

The Shipping Controller has appointed Mr. Thomas F. Harrison, of Messrs. Rankin, Gilmour, and Co., shipowners, Liverpool, to be Shipping Adviser to the Principal Naval Transport Officer, Captain H. V. Simpson, at that port.

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ROLL OF HONOUR

The casualty lists issued yesterday show the following losses:—Officers — Dead, 45; wounded or missing, 96; total, 141. Rank and File—Dead, 300; wounded or missing, 1,095; total, 1,395.

KILLED.

AUSTIN, Sec. Lieut. E. W., Ches. R., attd. R. Suss. R.
ABE, Second Lieutenant F., West Yorkshire Regiment.
CONEN, Second Lieutenant J. H., Manchester Regt.
M'INTYRE, Sec. Lieut. R. W., M.B.E., E. Yorks. R.
PARTRIDGE, Captain H. R., M.C., R.A.M.C.
ROFT, Second Lieut. E. J., London Regiment.
SMITH, Sec. Lt. N. E., Lan. Fus., attd. Hamps. R.
SPIERS, Second Lieut. G. K., Scottish Rifles.
TREDENNICK, Capt. J. A. St. L., Seaforth Highrs.

NOW REPORTED KILLED.

SHAW, Second Lieut. J. W., K.R. Rifle Corps.
CROSS, Second Lieut. S. A., K.R. Rifle Corps.
FFOLLIOTT, Lieutenant C. R. H., Royal Flying Corps.
SCOTT, Lieut. V. W., East Surrey R., attd. R.F.C.
SHARPLES, Capt. and Adj. N., Manchester Regt.
STEWART, Captain A. L., Argyll and Suth'd Highrs.
WILLMOTT, Captain J. H. V., M.C., Essex Regiment.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

CHISHOLM, Lieutenant J. O., Royal Scots.
TAYLOR, Captain E. A. L., Royal Field Artillery.

NOW REPORTED ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

MACDONALD, Sec. Lt. J. S., Lond.R., attd. Lan. Fus.

DIED.

ABBISS, Lieut. J. L., East Surrey R., attd. M.G.C.
TAYLOR, Lieutenant D., Royal Army Medical Corps.

WOUNDED.

ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

ALLPORT, Sec. Lt. J. S.
BALL, Sec. Lt. F. H.
GORDON, Lt. D. M'K., M.C.
KING, Maj. G. W., M.C.
PASLEY, Sec. Lt. R.M.S.
TAYLOR, Sec. Lt. A. R. S.
WEBB, Lt. H. D., M.C.

ARGYLL AND SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS.

CADELL, Sec. Lt. F. O. B.
GILLIES, Sec. Lt. A.
HOLROYD, Sec. Lt. C. W.
HUNTER, Capt. A. S., M.C.
MOIR, Maj. R. G., D.S.O., M.C.
MUIRHEAD, Sec. Lt. W.
ROBERTSON, Lt. J.
THOM, Lt. C. J.

ROYAL SCOTS.

BARCLAY, Sec. Lt. T. J. E.
BLACK, Lt. A. S.
KEEN, Lt. A. O.
LATTO, Sec. Lt. D.
M'DONALD, Lt. J. A.
MOFFATT, Sec. Lt. T.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

ROPER, Sec. Lt. F.
SCOTT, Sec. Lt. W., M.C.
SEATON, Sec. Lt. A. H.
TALBOT, Sec. Lt. R. G. B.

CHESHIRE REGIMENT.

FORD, Sec. Lt. W.
GRIFFITHS, Lt. E. J. M.
LEWIS, Sec. Lt. J. H.
WATSON, Lt. J. N.
LAWTON, Sec. Lt. H. J.

HEREFORD REGIMENT.

BAYNES, Sec. Lt. H. T.
HUGHES, Sec. Lt. W. D.
JONES, Sec. Lt. L. G.
LAWRENCE, Lt.-Col. H. M., D.S.O.
MICHALL, Sec. Lt. A. P. D.

OTHER REGIMENTS.

AYWOOD, Second Lieutenant B. G. L., Queen's R.W. Surrey Regiment.
ALDRICH, Second Lieutenant W. H., R.E.
BALDICK, Second Lieutenant G. S., D. of Well R.
BANKS, Major C. D'A. S., M.C., R.G.A.
BINGHAM, Lieutenant E. G., Yorks. Regiment.
BURROWS, Second Lieutenant H., R. Suss. R.
CLAPCOTT, Second Lieutenant R. O., Hamps. R.
COATES, Second Lieutenant F. F., King's L'pool R.
COLEMAN, Second Lieutenant R. W., R. War. R., attd. Devon. R.
CRAWFORD, Second Lieutenant A. MacL., Sco. Rifles.
CROSBY, Lieutenant C., L.N. Lan. Regiment.
DIXON, Second Lieutenant S. W. O., Hamps. R.
DUTTON, Second Lieutenant C. C., L.N. Lan. R.
EVANS, Second Lieutenant F. G., Essex R., attd. King's L'pool R.
FREARS, Second Lieutenant C. R., Sher. Foresters.
GRANT, Second Lieutenant P. W., Gord. Highrs.
HEMSLEY, Sec. Lt. E. J., R. Suss. R., attd. Queen's (R.W. Surrey Regiment).
HORTON, Second Lieutenant H., W. Yorks. R.
JOHNSTONE, Captain J. L., M.C., K.O. Sco. Bord.
KEIR, Second Lieutenant F., Sco. Rifles.
MACAULAY, Second Lieutenant J., K.O. Sco. Bord.
McKENZIE-HILL, Sec. Lt. W. E., Sea. Highrs.
MACKINNON, Second Lieutenant N. O., Durh. L.I.
McLELLAN, Second Lieutenant M., K.O. Sco. Bord.
MARTIN, Second Lieutenant J. R., Sea. Highrs.
MARTIN, Lieutenant W. F., L.N. Lan. Regiment.
METCALFE, Second Lieutenant W. W., Yorks. R.
MILLER, Second Lieutenant W. R., Leic. Regiment.
NOBLE, Lieutenant D., Cam'n. Highlanders.
PEARSON, Lieutenant G. J., Linc. Regiment.
ST. GEORGE, Sec. Lt. H. M., Queen's R.W. Surr. R.
SANDERSON, Second Lieutenant R., Durh. L.I.
SCOTLAND, Second Lieutenant P. J., Black Watch.
SCOTT, Lieutenant W., Sco. Rifles.
SEMPLE, Second Lieutenant J. H., Gord. Highlanders.
SHAW, Lieutenant S. M. D., Cam'n. Highlanders.
SMITH, Sec. Lt. E. P., King's L'pool R., attd. Norf. R.
TAYLOR, Captain L., A.S.C., attd. K.O. Sco. Bord.
WAYWELL, Sec. Lt. F. C., K.O. R. Lan. R.
WILSON, Second Lieutenant A. E., Bord. R.

MISSING, BELIEVED KILLED.

WHITE, Second Lieutenant A. B., K.O. Sco. Bord.

MISSING.

STENT, Second Lieutenant H. E., D. of Well. R.

NOW REPORTED DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

BRUCE, Second Lieutenant O., Rifle Brigade.
APPLEGARTH, Second Lieutenant T. W., Durh. L.I.
HOGGARTH, Second Lieutenant N. S., Leic. Regiment.
TURNBULL, Lieutenant G. L., Welsh Regiment.

NOW REPORTED PRISONER OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

LAGDEN, Second Lieutenant F. C. W., Midd'x R.

CORRECTION.

NOW REPORTED KILLED.

JERWOOD, Major J. H., Som. L.I. (Capt., Durh. L.I.), should read Jerwood, Major J. H., M.C., Som. L.I. (Capt., Durh. L.I.).

SOUTH AFRICAN FORCES.

KILLED.—Keeley, Sec. Lt. F. J., South Afr. Inf.; Mair, Sec. Lt. E. C., South Afr. Inf.; Scheepers, Captain J. C., M.C., South Afr. Inf.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

KILLED.

CUFFE, Lt. R. T.
DODDS, Sec. Lt. S. J. A.
LOTT, Lt. C. W.
PERRIS, Sec. Lt. N. F.
POLLOCK, Sec. Lt. J. F.
TALBOT, Sec. Lt. W. C. (Leinster Regt.)
SMITH, Lt. F. C.

WOUNDED.

BRYER-ASH, Lt. G.
DUNCAN, Sec. Lt. C. W.
FIFE, Sec. Lt. J. W.
KEEP, Lt. A. S., M.C.
LUDGATE, Sec. Lt. T. K.
PENNEFATHER, Maj. W.
SLADE, Lt. G. O.
SMITH, Lt. J. D.
THOMSON, Sec. Lt. S. A.
WOODHOUSE, Capt. J. W.

MISSING.

BUTLER, Lt. R. A.
JONES, Lt. A. B.
THOMPSON, Lt. F. G.
THORNLEY, Sec. Lt. S. C.
YOUNG, Lt. C.

NAVAL LIST.

KILLED.

Lieutenant R. I. FULLEYNE, D.S.O., D.S.C., R.N.
Lieutenant F. A. ROTHER, R.N.
Lieutenant C. E. W. BREWER, R.N.
Lieutenant G. C. HATCH, R.N.
Sub-Lieutenant L. W. A. BLAKE, R.N.
Sub-Lieutenant F. L. TUTT, R.N.V.R.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Acting Lieutenant G. L. DREWRY, V.C., R.N.R.

DIED.

Major C. L. HALL, R.M.L.I.
Surgeon H. E. B. FINLAISON, R.N.
Lieutenant F. G. OSBISTON, R.N.R.
Surgeon Probationer A. E. BECKWITH, R.N.V.R.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant G. D. SHARP, R.N.
Lieutenant L. E. WORKMAN, R.N.R.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

Acting Lieutenant E. J. GREY, R.N.R.
Acting Sub-Lieutenant (Act.) G. S. ANAKIN, R.N.R.

Captain G. E. H. M'Elroy.—Mr. S. M'Elroy, B.A., Donnybrook School, has been officially informed that his son (whose name appeared in the *Irish Times* of 7th inst. as having been awarded the D.F.C.) is missing since July 31st. In a letter to his father, dated 1st August, the O.C. commanding his squadron says:—"The whole squadron joins with me in sending their sincerest sympathy over your son, Captain G. E. H. M'Elroy's, being missing. We all have every hope that he is safe as a prisoner, and we have no reason to think otherwise. He went up yesterday by himself, and we have been unable to find out anything about him. There is a chance that his engine failed, and he was forced to land the other side of the line. Of course, you know how wonderfully well he has been doing. He has been awarded a bar to the D.F.C. He is a very great loss to the squadron. He is just about the bravest man I have ever met, and was always cheerful and happy under every circumstance."

Lieutenant Ulick A. Moore.—Lieutenant Ulick A. Moore, Connaught Rangers, who has been reported missing since 22nd March, 1918, is now reported killed in action on that date. He was the second son of Colonel Maurice Moore, C.B., and grandson of the late G. H. Moore, D.L., M.P., of Moore Hall, and leader of the Irish Party in his time. Captain Roussel, a prisoner in Germany, writes:—"I deeply regret to tell you that Lieutenant Ulick Moore had the honour to be killed in action on March 22nd, about 3.45 p.m., whilst making a splendid defence of his company front. A bullet struck him through the brain, killing him instantly and painlessly, in the position he had held so well since Colonel Digan saw him the previous day." Lieutenant H. Hall writes:—"Lieutenant Taggart and Lieutenant Moore managed to hold out till 22nd; then there was a terrific fight, and the Germans came very heavy on them. At the last moment Taggart and Moore and their men tried to get over the parados of their trench. Just as they got over a hail of m.g. bullets swept them, and several men fell dead into the trench, but Moore took the rest of the men on, and a moment later Taggart saw him fall. The Germans were then completely round them. He was a great soldier, and was one of the few who survived the first day's fighting."

Lieutenant Robert W. M'Intyre, M.B.E., East Yorkshire Regiment, was killed in action on the 25th ult. He was the youngest son of Mrs. M'Intyre, Whittingham Villa, Knock, Belfast. He volunteered at the outbreak of war, and saw considerable service with the Royal Fusiliers on the Western front, and was wounded at the battle of the Somme in 1916. On 28th March, 1917, he was promoted to a commission and appointed to the East Yorks. Lieutenant M'Intyre's name appeared in the last Birthday Honours, in which he was created a Member of the Order of the British Empire, "for an act of gallantry not in the presence of the enemy."

Miss Young, V.A.D.—The death took place on the 30th ult. at 14th Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, of Miss Margaret Cameron Young, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Young and Mrs. Young, of 37 Newington avenue, Belfast. Miss Young rendered valuable service as a member of the Voluntary Aid Detachment for one year in Belfast and three years in the French hospitals, and her death will be sincerely regretted by many friends and colleagues in Belfast and Dublin.

COUNTY DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL.

An adjourned quarterly meeting of the County Dublin County Council was held yesterday at the offices, Rutland square—Mr. John J. Lawler, J.P., presiding.

Mr. P. Walker moved a resolution approving of the scheme of amalgamation of the two Dublin Poor Law Unions: the addition of the North Dublin Rural District of the North Union to the Balrothery Union, and the addition of the area comprised in the South Dublin Rural District to the Rathdown Union.

Mr. B. J. Newcombe seconded the resolution.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

BOY CLERKSHIPS.

Result of June, 1918, exam. just announced. Successful from SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin:—Messrs. A. E. O'Loughlin (2nd Place, Ireland), J. S. Butler, D. Roe, J. E. McLindon, F. G. Cooper, M. C. Ryan. Special Classes working for exam. announced for 1st Oct.—(Advt.)

IRISH COAL SUPPLIES.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 7, PAGE 2.)

Dublin people. Mr. Burgess had taken every possible step to secure the supplies of Dublin, but had met with difficulties everywhere he turned. He (the speaker) believed that the only solution would be the formation of a national distribution committee or a distribution committee in each province, all coal orders to go through their hands. If that was not done those illegalities and the lure of gold would encourage coal to be sent to those who were hoarding coal.

The Chairman said that the market was open to all and sundry when the material was to be bought. It was not to be bought now.

Alderman Byrne said that one or two firms in Dublin did buy, and now were threatened that their coal was going to be taken from them for other districts. Preference was given to Ulster merchants and industries.

The Chairman—If you were in Belfast and engaged in war work the chances are that Dublin would get less than it is getting.

Alderman Byrne said that he was aware that out of the 70,000 tons 16,000 was wanted for urgent war work, but the 54,000 tons was distributed over other industries in Belfast.

The Chairman said that he had asked Alderman Byrne, if he dissented from the report, to put his statement in writing. Now he had a full dress debate.

Alderman Byrne said that he only got a copy of the report at one o'clock that day. If somebody did not deal with the whole matter those with the most money or the greatest political influence would get their supplies, and those in the south and west of Ireland would get none.

Mr. Lorcan Sherlock, referring to the statement issued by the Government through the Coal Controller regarding the reduction in the coal supply to Ireland, said the quantity would mean a diminution in our supplies of 1,250,000 tons in the year. They had it established that in the first six months of the year the reduction in imports had been, comparatively speaking, 48,000, and if the Government was going to adhere to its original regulations they had to face the position that for the last six months of the year the reduction in imports would not be 48,000 tons, but 1,200,000 tons. The Coal Controller must put into immediate operation a rationing system, and he must obtain power, if he had not the power already, to have a personal inspection made by the police of every single household in Ireland, and have an inventory taken of the stocks that were being hoarded by private consumers and private families throughout the country, because it was manifest that considerable hoarding had been going on. (Hear, hear.) He mentioned that so far as Belfast was concerned there had been complaints as far back as May from Harland and Wolff and the Associated Flax Spinners that they were unable to carry on trade owing to the shortage of coal supplies, and said that it might be possible, arising out of the great development of the flax industry in this country, that a bigger number of additional industries in the flax line had been established in the North of Ireland, and coal might be going in on the basis of the priority regulations of the Government.

The Chairman—There is no question about it.

Mr. Sherlock, concluding, suggested that the Lord Mayor should call the merchants of the city together for the purpose of approaching the Chief Secretary and putting the case plainly before him, and urging him to get the Coal Controller to put in operation whatever powers he might have to secure a substantial increase in the coal supplies of Ireland during the next six months.

The report was adopted.

In reply to Alderman T. M. O'Beirne, the Chairman said that he had no further information regarding the shell recently fired into Dublin from an outgoing vessel. He agreed that the Engineer should be asked to put into writing the statement he made at the last meeting. He thought that the man responsible would be tried in the city, and assumed that the Lord Mayor would see that the citizens were represented at the investigation.

Mr. Sherlock raised the question of the importance of Galway as a harbour. He said that within the last three or four days there had been clear indications that the Government was about to establish some port for Transatlantic trade, and he wanted to help the port and City of Dublin as well as the whole of the country. If they were going to have a big harbour for Transatlantic trade, it should be Galway. He moved that the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Board, the Lord Mayor, Alderman A. Byrne, M.P.; Mr. E. Lee, Sir James Gallagher, Sir James Murphy, and himself be now appointed to wait upon the Director of Cross-Channel Transportation, and, if necessary, on the Chief Secretary, re the utilisation of Galway as a harbour for Transatlantic trade.

The motion was adopted.

The Secretary submitted communications from Mr. James Andrews, K.C., appointed arbitrator to hold inquiry into the case of the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union, suggesting that the inquiry be held on August 15th.

THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLY.

The Electricity Supply Committee of the Dublin Corporation received yesterday in joint conference three deputations, representing the Dublin Industrial Development Association, the Building Trades Employers' Association, and the employés of the Dublin and South-Eastern Railway Company. Messrs. A. Mitchell (President), H. M. Dockrell, T. W. Doyle, Thomas Smalley, Charles Thompson, Major Crean, and J. Sibthorpe, and Miss Somers, Secretary, represented the Dublin Industrial Development Association; Mr. Charles McLoughlin, the Building Trades Employers' Association; and Messrs. Boland, Griffen, and O'Reilly, the railway employés.

The members of the deputation explained at considerable length the difficulties which would be involved in carrying on the various industries represented by them if the proposed restrictions on the supply of electricity had to be enforced; they deprecated strongly any conditions which would necessitate an alteration of the hours of working, and, whilst stating they appreciated the difficulties in front of the Committee, contended that industrial work should not be interfered with.

Dr. Sherlock, Chairman of the Committee, in replying to the representations of the deputations, dealt very fully with the position of the Corporation electricity undertaking in connection with the coal supply. The electricity works required 35,000 tons to furnish its normal supply. The total quantity received last year was barely 25,000 tons, and the proposed condition of supply, as notified by the Coal Controller, would only give the undertaking between 18,000 and 19,000 tons for the current year. The suggestion that every other consumer, except those engaged in industrial work, should be curtailed to even a greater extent than that suggested would not meet the difficulty. Last year the Corporation sold, roughly, 10,000,000 units of electricity, six millions being for power and four millions for lighting purposes. Of the four million units used for lighting, approximately two millions were supplied for industrial work, jointly with the supply for power. The deputation would see, therefore, that if every domestic and office user were cut off altogether the saving would not be sufficient to meet the reduction in coal proposed to be enforced. The Electricity Supply Committee believed that if the merchants of Dublin who were interested in manufacturing work pressed their claim upon the Coal Controller their assistance would be invaluable.

MINERS TO BE RELEASED FROM THE ARMY.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Wardle assured Sir John Ainsworth that every effort was being made to diminish the decline in the output of coal, which must result from the withdrawal of 75,000 miners from the mines for the Army. The Army Council were engaged in releasing 25,000 miners of medical categories B2 and B3 now serving at home. The miners of the Great Britain Federation had given the Prime Minister a pledge to take every step in their power to improve the output. It would be carried out through the influence of joint pit committees at every colliery, and by means of mass meetings and addresses in the coalfields. The Executive of the Federation were issuing a manifesto on the subject.

ASSOCIATED PETTY SESSIONS CLERKS.

The annual meeting of the Associated Petty Sessions Clerks was held at the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, on 6th inst. Mr. English, Lisburn, the President of the Association, presided, and there was an unusually large attendance.

The efforts of the Association to obtain war bonus or increased salaries for Petty Sessions Clerks generally, and the steps to be taken in continuance of these efforts, was the principal subject of discussion. It appeared from the correspondence which took place between the Association and the late Chief Secretary that the grounds of refusal to grant a bonus are that Clerks are not whole-time officials, and, therefore, "do not come within the limits which govern the grant of payments by way of war bonus." The Council of the Association contend that this is not in practice correct, and that, on the contrary, Clerks must at all times and at all hours, Sundays not excepted, be available to perform their official duties; and, so far as the Association knows, they are the only officials in Ireland who have not received any relief either by way of bonuses or increased salaries to meet the enormous increased cost in the necessaries of life. A prolonged discussion took place as to the best means to be adopted to press upon the Government the justice and urgency of the claims put forward. It was eventually decided to have the whole facts laid before Mr. Magill, the newly-appointed Registrar of Petty Sessions Clerks, and ask him, as the head of the department, again to bring the claim of Clerks under the notice of the Government for further consideration. The following were appointed as a deputation for this purpose, viz.:—Messrs. J. T. English (President), Wm. Mehaffey (Vice-President), J. Belford, P. R. Boyd, J. H. Barrett, and S. Bratton (Secretary). The deputation was cordially received by the Registrar, who gave the members a patient hearing, and promised careful consideration of every point brought under his notice.

RECRUITING IN BELFAST.

ROYAL AIR FORCE DISPLAY.

The Lord Mayor of Belfast (Alderman Sir James Johnston, J.P.) opened yesterday the new Air Force Reception Dépôt at 54 Royal avenue, Belfast. The Lord Mayor and a number of members of the Corporation and military and naval officers marched to the dépôt from the City Hall. During the progress of the parade a squadron of nine aeroplanes flew over the city in battle formation and distributed handbills.

Speaking from a window of the Reception Dépôt, the Lord Mayor said he was delighted to have an opportunity of saying a word in support of their friends of the Royal Air Force, who had come to Belfast upon a great propaganda work. He was sure the military authorities would be greatly encouraged by a large number of voluntary recruits from Belfast. The authorities in this country hoped that it might not be necessary to apply conscription to Ireland, but that entirely depended upon the people.

Captain O. E. Irvin, who is in charge of the dépôt, thanked the Lord Mayor and the citizens for the cordial reception which had been given to them. He believed they were going to get enough voluntary recruits in Ireland.

A considerable number of men have joined the Royal Air Force in Belfast during the past week.

DERRY NATIONALISTS AND VICEROY'S VISIT.

At a special meeting of the Londonderry Corporation yesterday, it was decided to confer the Freedom of the City upon Field-Marshal Lord French on the occasion of his forthcoming visit. The Nationalist members, who at a recent meeting opposed an address of welcome being presented by the Corporation did not attend.

Their absence was commented upon by Councillor M'Gahey, who asked was this the appreciation they showed of the great services of Lord French, and the gallant Irish troops under his command in the early days of the war. It was humiliating to see the empty Nationalist benches. As one who had three years and ten months' service with the colours, he could say that, irrespective of creed or class, the soldiers who had served under Lord French regarded him as a most brilliant and capable leader, and held him in the highest admiration.

TREATMENT OF BELFAST PRISONERS.

DIFFICULTIES OF INQUIRY COMMISSION.

In the House of Commons yesterday, arising out of the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the affairs of the British Cellulose Company, consisting of a Judge and two business men, by the Government,

Mr. T. M. Healy asked was the right hon. gentleman aware that there was a bill on the paper in the name of the Chief Secretary providing for the setting up of a Special Commission to inquire into certain complaints as to the treatment of prisoners in Belfast Prison, and why not have that investigation held by the Judge.

Mr. Bonar Law said he did not see how it was possible for the bill to be passed before the adjournment.

Mr. Shortt explained that the appointment of a tribunal—namely, one that included a Judge, and in which power to administer the oath was imperative if the truth was to be elicited—could only be set up by Act of Parliament. The delay in passing the bill was unfortunate. He was, however, prepared to consider the suggestion of Mr. Healy, that The MacDermot, who was Vice-Chairman of the Irish Prisons Board, should be appointed to hold the inquiry, with power to take evidence on oath as a Commissioner, but he must present the bill and be prepared to proceed with the tribunal.

The Chief Secretary's bill was subsequently introduced and read a first time.

POLICE AND WAR LOTTERIES.

In view of the rejection by the House of Commons of the War Lotteries Bill, the attitude of the police authorities towards lotteries which have already been initiated in aid of war charities, and which have obtained a measure of popular support, possess considerable interest. The Head Constable of Liverpool (Mr. Francis Caldwell), in the course of an interview with the Liverpool *Evening Express*, said:—"The authorities may take action in regard to the introduction of any new lotteries, whether for war charity or other purposes. There are lotteries which were inaugurated during the late period of doubt as to whether they were to be legally sanctioned, and in such cases no action will be taken now." In these circumstances it is pointed out that lotteries such as the Liverpool Tombola are not likely to be interfered with, in so far as they have been in operation before the decision of the House of Commons was arrived at on Tuesday last.

POLICE ESCORT ATTACKED.

At a Crimes Court in Graiguenamanagh yesterday three young men, named Robert Wallace, Christopher Ennis, and John Cody, were charged with unlawful assembly by endeavouring to rescue prisoners from the police on the 1st July.

The defendants were sentenced to two months' imprisonment, and to find bail at the end of that time, or go to jail for another two months.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

The Boys' Brigade, Dublin Battalion.—Field-Marshal His Excellency Viscount French of Ypres, K.P., G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., has kindly consented to become patron of the Dublin Battalion, the Boys' Brigade, and Lieut.-General the Right Hon. Sir F. C. Shaw, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, has also been pleased to become honorary president.

Canadian Soldier Robbed.—At Kingstown Police Court, before Mr. Drury, yesterday, Detective-Constable Molloy charged Margaret Johnston and Margaret Sheers with the larceny of £22 from Private Louis Shewchuk, of the Canadian Army. The prisoners pleaded guilty. Johnston was sentenced to six months' hard labour, and Sheers to three months' hard labour.

Shortage of Rolling Stock.—The shortage of rolling stock on Irish railways connected direct with the Port of Dublin was clearly demonstrated yesterday, when consignments of Irish-grown soft fruit had to be conveyed to the North Wall in horse boxes. Cattle trucks and waggons were also used yesterday to carry coal from the Port of Dublin to provincial destinations, and some old goods vehicles, in service in this respect, had well earned retirement or breaking-up years ago.

The Late Mr. William Hayes.—At a special meeting of the Select Vestry of Harold's Cross Parish Church a resolution was passed expressing the deep sense of loss sustained by the death of the late Mr. William Hayes, who filled many important parochial positions in connection with the church and Sunday schools, the latter of which he entered as a boy nearly seventy years ago. Sympathy was also tendered to Mrs. Hayes and family in their sore bereavement.

Dublin Life-Boat Flag Day.—Meetings of the Special Effort Committee, under the chairmanship of Major Arthur Whewell, have been held at the offices, 110 Grafton street. A letter was read from the Joint Secretaries of the British Red Cross and the Order of St. John, stating that they would do everything possible to prevent any clashing with the Life-Boat Flag Day in connection with their organisation, as they fully realised the great importance of the efforts for the life-boat. Preliminary arrangements were then entered into for securing lady helpers to sell flags and mementoes, which include some new designs. The Committee aim at getting 300 flag sellers.

PROVINCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

The Magistracy.—At Tallow monthly Petty Sessions Captain Carew, Carrigiass, was sworn in a Justice of the Peace.

The Late Mr. Hugh Barr, J.P.—Yesterday Derry magistrates, at Petty Sessions, expressed sincere regret at the death of Mr. Hugh Barr, J.P.

Bee-Keepers' Association.—After an address by Mr. T. B. O'Bryan, an expert of the Department, a Bee-Keepers' Association was formed last evening in Clara.

The Selborne Report.—All the Midland public boards have adopted resolutions from the Farmers' Union protesting against the recommendations of the Selborne Committee for enlarged powers for the Department of Agriculture.

Fatal Roadside Dispute.—Edward Moore (35), labourer, of Killiney, Castlegregory, succumbed yesterday to injuries alleged to have been received in the course of a dispute regarding a road contract.

Viscount Midleton's Cahermone Estate.—Viscount Midleton, through his agent, Mr. James Penrose-Fitzgerald, J.P., has informed the Midleton Urban Council that the question of the proposed subdivision of the lands of Cahermone has been very carefully considered, and that his lordship has been advised that a scheme of the kind could not be carried out for several reasons.

Brother's Sad Discovery.—Late on Wednesday night, at Croan, Mayobridge, Newry, Patrick Breen, on entering the barn at his father's residence, found his brother lying dead, with the top of his skull blown off, and a single-barrelled gun lying across the body. Deceased was somewhat depressed of late.

Sequel to Meath Labour Strike.—At Dunshaughlin Petty Sessions yesterday eight men from the locality were charged with assaulting George Daly on the 4th July. Head Constable Kerley said that on the 4th July a crowd of twenty or thirty, amongst them being the eight defendants, entered the field of a farmer named Byrne at Culmullen, and Daly, who was ordered off the field, was alleged to have been assaulted. Mr. M'Grath, K.C., said that in a trade dispute in Dublin the authorities never interfered unless in a serious case. The Bench fined two of the defendants, Rattigan and Hall, 10/- each, and the Chairman said he was glad the strike was over.

ORPHANS OF SOLDIERS.

The following subscriptions on behalf of the Royal Drummond Institution for Orphan Daughters of Soldiers, received in July, are gratefully acknowledged:—Riflemen's Aid Society, £2 2/-; 2nd Res. Cavalry Regt., £5; Pim Bros., Ltd., £2 2/-; Cantrell, Cochrane, and Co., £1; John Jameson and Sons, £5; 1st Royal Sussex Regt., £2 10/-; Mrs. Broome, £2; Royal Gloucester Hussars, £5; 2/1st N. Somerset Yeomanry, £2 2/-; 7th West Yorkshire Regt., £5; collection, Clonmel Garrison Church, 15/1; collection, Clooney Parish Church, £1 12/3; 2/1st Q.O. Worcester Hussars, £5; Lambert, Brien, and Co., £1; 4th Leinster Regt., £5; James North Hardy and Sons, £5 5/-; Depot Bedfordshire Regt., £2 2/-. Subscriptions will be gratefully acknowledged by the Secretary, or by any member of the Committee.

ROSES NOW IN BLOOM.

This year's field of Roses now in flower in Watson's Nurseries at Killiney is attracting many visitors to choose varieties, the collection including all the best sorts yet raised. The Nurseries are 1¼ miles from Killiney Station.—(676.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

"GETTING TOGETHER."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—During a lecture tour, which has taken me to many of the more important universities, colleges, and schools in this country, I have been brought into contact with representative men responsible for the training of the youth of the United States, and also with numbers of splendid fellows about to leave home to perform their military duty on "the other side." The desire, sometimes expressed, but generally unexpressed, of these men, particularly of the first-mentioned group, is that when the young American goes across he should come into contact with the best of our home life—home life to which he is accustomed over here.

Whilst much is now being done to open clubs and to provide other entertainment for our American Allies, the object of this letter is to ask all those at home who have friends or acquaintances in this country to take the initiative and to write to those friends expressing a hope that they will not hesitate, as they will otherwise hesitate, to introduce to them any American boys who are crossing the water to fight for the cause of liberty and of democracy. No giver or bearer of such an introduction will expect that it calls for any entertainment which is not within the reach of the humblest citizen even in war time. The stranger in a strange land—and the American is no exception to the rule—wants no lavish hospitality, but homely friendship—friendship the more real and more acceptable when it results from individual and personal relationship.

Such relationship will not only give a great deal of happiness to many a lonely soul, but it will also tend to further the "getting together" and to remove many of the misunderstandings which have kept two peoples apart for years.—Yours, etc.,

H. CHARLES WOOD.

Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.,
June 21st, 1918.

WAR WORK IN IRELAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I wonder what is the truth as to the need for help in the various war work organisations. Having heard from some people that the need was very great, and from others that their offers had been neglected, I decided to test the matter for myself. The facts are as follows. I am a Protestant, a Unionist, and have a large number of my near relations in the different forces, and others who have laid down their lives. I am a teacher of shorthand and other commercial subjects, and, in addition to other certificates, I hold Pitman's shorthand teacher's diploma, the possession of which is a proof that I am not without some ability and the power to apply it to practical ends. I am a competent typist and shorthand writer and reader.

During the greater part of the year I am fully occupied with my professional duties, but for a few weeks in the summer I have holidays; so I offered my services for any kind of clerical work (free of charge and quite unconditionally) for some hours daily during the holiday season to one of the war work offices. The young lady taking charge, in the absence of the chief, was so very limp and unbusinesslike that I was not surprised at hearing nothing further from that quarter. Later I made the same offer to another similar office. In this case I was informed that my offer would be gladly accepted and urgently needed within a few days. That is weeks ago, and I have heard nothing more.

It is true I have had no office experience, but as I spend my time training students for such work (and earn a large income by so doing) it seems safe to infer that I am as competent as they are when passing from under my tuition, and, in addition, I am a trained worker, with experience of responsibility, and with a due appreciation of the value of time and method—qualities which do not appear very conspicuous in some of these war work organisations.—Yours, etc.,

"STILL PUZZLED."

Dublin, August 7th, 1918.

VACATION LAW SITTINGS.

Mr. Justice Pim sat in King's Bench Court No. 1, Four Courts, Dublin, yesterday, and heard pressing applications.

Tipperary Trespass Case.—In the case of Higginbotham and others v. Denis Meara, sen., Denis Meara, jun., Thomas Meara, and John Donohoe, Mr. Longfield (instructed by Messrs. Moore, Keily, and Lloyd) applied for an interlocutory injunction restraining the defendants from trespassing on the bogs and turf mosses on the lands of Fegh and Coorevin, in the barony of Lower Ormond, County Tipperary, and from cutting or removing turf. Counsel said the Master of the Rolls had made an order *ex parte* for an injunction which lasted until that day, and the present application was for a renewal of the order.

Listowel and Ballybunion Railway.—In the matter of the Listowel and Ballybunion Railway Company, Mr. Chadwick (instructed by Messrs. Longhead, Kelly, and Armstrong), on behalf of the trustees of debenture holders, applied for an order approving of a scheme which had been formulated by the Irish Railway Executive Committee to improve the rolling stock and the permanent way. This was the undertaking known as the Lartigue Railway. The Government proposed to provide £400 a year for five years for the debenture holders. Provision was made for the expenditure of £5,000 on the permanent way and £1,200 on the rolling stock, to be contributed in equal shares by the Government and the undertaking. Mr. Justice Pim made an order approving of the scheme.

Possession of Drogheda Premises.—In the case of the Hibernian Bank v. Peter Moonan, Mr. Poole (instructed by Messrs. D. and T. Fitzgerald) applied on behalf of the plaintiffs for an order directing the defendant to deliver up possession of a licensed house and premises situate in George's street, Drogheda, and to hand over the licence to the plaintiffs or the Official Assignee in Bankruptcy. The defendant is a bankrupt. The proceedings had been brought to raise the amount of the plaintiffs' equitable mortgage, and an order for sale had been made by Mr. Justice O'Connor. The auctioneer said it would be impossible to sell with the defendant there. Mr. Justice Pim made an order requiring the defendant to deliver up the premises to the mortgagees and the licence to the Official Assignee, who was represented by Mr. E. F. Collins.

Fire Insurance Policy.—In the case of the Hibernian Fire and General Insurance Company v. Gilmartin, Mr. Leonard, K.C., with whom was Mr. Bernard Roche (instructed by Mr. H. C. Bourke), applied on behalf of the defendant for an order for discovery of documents. The action was brought by the plaintiffs for a declaration that on 23rd January, or at any other time, a certain policy of fire insurance issued by them was not in force, and for a declaration for an injunction restraining the defendant from going to arbitration on the policy. Though his client was defendant, the action was really one by him to recover £1,300. The policy was issued in October by the plaintiffs to Messrs. D. and P. Martin, of Armagh, whom the defendant, the proprietor of a scutch mill near Ballina, County Mayo, employed to take out the policy for him. On the 2nd January he paid the premium, and on 3rd January a fire broke out, and some flax in the mill was burned. Mr. Lardner, M.P. (instructed by Messrs. Corrigan and Corrigan), did not object to discovery, provided Mr. Leonard specified the documents he required. A letter, dated 2nd January, the day before the fire occurred, and containing a cheque for the first premium, was posted to Messrs. Martin, but did not reach them until the afternoon post on 4th January. The real point was that the cheque had not been sent until the fire had taken place. He submitted that the discovery should be limited to documents up to the date of the fire. Mr. Justice Pim made an order for discovery of documents touching the matters in dispute up to 7th February, when the plaintiffs repudiated liability.

THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Friday, August 9th, 1918.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.—Long Vacation Sittings—A Judge will sit on Thursday next, 15th August, to hear such applications for all the Divisions as may require to be immediately or promptly heard.

TAXING OFFICE.—Master Macnamara, 11—Exparte Taxations—Dwyer v. Cassidy, F. M. Senior; O'Neill v. Kilmaine, Whitney and Co.; Forsyth v. Railway Automatic Co., Vincent and Beatty; Madden to O'Neill, C. P. O'Neill; Townsend, minors, Edmundson and Co.; Graham v. Graham, J. H. Montgomery; Beck v. Rea, T. B. Wallace; Everett to Callan, J. H. Callan.

LAND JUDGES.—Receiver Office. Mr. Foot, Examiner. Receiver's Account—P. A. Sinnott's estate (adjourned till 16th inst.).

KING'S BENCH DIVISION.—BANKRUPTCY. Bef. the Chf. Registrar of Cal. Ck., 11—Arrangt., inquiry, W. V. Seddall.

THE NATIONAL CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL.

Founded 1821.

The Committee of Management held their monthly meeting in the Board Room of the hospital on Wednesday, Sir Charles Cameron, C.B., presiding.

The usual routine business was transacted, and cheques were drawn in payment of the July accounts.

The Committee return thanks to the following for kind contributions received during July:—Mrs. Linda N. Smith, £5 5/-; G. A. Newsom, £2 10/-; B. H. Barton, Esq., D.L., Mrs. M. J. Martin, Sir James Murphy, Bart., D.L., Miss L. M. Alexander, £2 each; Mrs. Ropton Scott, Brigadier-General W. V. Brownlow, A. H. Seale, Esq., Miss H. A. Perrin, Colonel A. H. L'Estrange, Right Hon. Mr. Justice Wylie, G. Shackleton, Esq., J.P., Richard W. Smith, Esq., C. Pratt Whelan, Esq., Sir Gabriel Stokes, Messrs. Cooney Bros., Messrs. Millar and Beatty, the Shelbourne Hotel, Ltd., Messrs. Dockrell, Sons, and Co., £1 1/- each; W. S. Hunt, Esq., Miss E. M. Christian, Mrs. Hone Davis, £1 each; Miss C. Beauman, Barry Meade, Esq., Right Hon. Lord Rossmore, Mrs. F. Otway Ruthven, Mrs. A. H. Burdett, Mrs. J. H. Darley, Miss Madeline C. Pratt, 10/- each; Daniel Behan, Esq., Miss J. F. Green, Mrs. Hall-Dare (senior), Miss A. H. Wynne, 5/- each; Mrs. H. Odell, Miss A. H. Wynne, 5/- each; Miss M. Johnston, 2/6; Miss Given, 2/-; the Misses Smyth, 4/-.

The Committee urgently appeal to the charitable public for funds to enable them to carry on the splendid work being done by this hospital. They also ask for medicine bottles for use in the dispensary.

The Matron returns grateful thanks to the following for:—

Illustrated Papers, Books, etc.—Mrs. Lowther Warren, Miss Conly, "Anonymously," Miss Dickenson, Mrs. Power O'Donoghue, Master J. A. Nicholson, Mrs. Pemberton.

Fruit, Flowers, Vegetables—C. Pratt Whelan, Esq.; Mrs. Lowther Warren, Miss Houghton, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Kennedy, Unitarian Church, Stephen's Green; Mrs. Ellerker, Miss Erdele, Miss Patricia and Master Anthony Kyd, "Anonymously," Mrs. Vowell, Miss Read.

Medicine Bottles—Mrs. Power O'Donoghue, Mrs. Moriarty, Mrs. Herbert Chaytor, Miss Young, "Anonymously," Miss Rawson.

Clothes—Miss Cardiff, Mrs. Harrison, Miss Day (members of Red Cross Guild); Mrs. Power O'Donoghue, beids, scraps of silk, etc.; Mrs. Moriarty, old linen; Mrs. Satchell, eggs.

Gifts for Wounded Soldiers—C. Pratt Whelan, Esq., salad, papers; Mrs. Robinson, vegetables; Mrs. Elsy, papers; Mrs. Satchell, eggs; Mrs. Herbert Chaytor, cigarettes, papers, etc.; Mrs. A. de Burgh Shaw, jam; British Red Cross Society (Dublin Branch), eggs, papers, flowers; Miss Wallis, fruit, papers, cigarettes; Mrs. Welland (per Mrs. Power O'Donoghue), eggs.

The Matron would be very grateful for gifts of vegetables, fruit, eggs, jam.

Fashionable Intelligence

The Marquis and Marchioness of Lansdowne are leaving London shortly for Scotland.

The Dowager Marchioness of Headfort has arrived at North Berwick, when she will stay until the end of the month.

The Countess of Shaftesbury has arrived at Belfast Castle from England.

The Countess of Leitrim has arrived at Mulroy, County Donegal, where she will spend a few weeks.

Lady Alice FitzGerald is at present staying at the Grand Hotel, Malahide.

Lady Agnes de Trafford has left Howth Castle for Lady Dorothy Moore's, at Moorestort.

Dr. MacEnricht has moved to 31 Upper Fitzwilliam street.

Mr. Ogilvy has returned to 18 Lower Fitzwilliam street.

Mr. Joseph Cockburn has left town until the 26th August.

Mr. S. Robinson, L.D.S., R.C.S.I., has returned to 95 South Circular road, Portobello.

First Autumn Delivery of Irish Tweeds now showing at Switzer's, Grafton street.

Just the thing for the Holidays—A Charming Velour Hat, with its wonderful adaptabilities for all weathers, in exquisite New Autumn Shades, Soft Greys, Pastels, Ivories, Parma, Persian, Canard, Moutarde, Jade, Rust Brown, Cherry; also the Soft Uncrushable Trench Felt Bowler Sports Hat, in Ivory, Putty, Nigger, Mastic, Mole, Greys, etc., 3s. 11d., 5s. 11., at Holmes', George's street.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamers.—Lieut. J. B. Dunne, R.D.F.; Major Vincent Kelly, Major W. D. Byrne, F. E. Meehan, M.P.; W. Duffy, M.P.; Dr. M. C. Myerson, Captain J. O'Grady, M.B.; Lieut. J. D. Bradley, Dr. Wm. Knapp, Lady O'Connell, Captain Lord Dunsany, C. N. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Good, J. J. A. O'Connor, M.B.; R. A. Cordner, Mrs. C. N. Robinson, Mrs. Wm. Smellie.

Departures from Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamers.—Major J. Sheffield, Lieut. A. J. Twohig, R.N.R.; Dr. and Mrs. C. Fahie, Surgeon-Probationer J. R. Craig, R.N.V.R.; Captain and Mrs. C. S. Carden, Colonel and Mrs. J. Toplis, Captain J. M. Little, R.D.F.; Lieut. T. J. De Courcy, Major and Mrs. H. Moore, Lady Rossmore, G. R. Bennett, J. C. A. W. Walker, F. H. Haywood, C. G. Moore, R. Best, K.C.; Dentist Goldford, Mr. and Mrs. Fry, A. L. Birchall, F. G. Miller, L.P.S.I.; Geo. Jenkins, F. R. Lee, James S. Tucker, L.D.S.; Miss E. D. Graham, Mrs. H. Cayser, Mrs. E. S. Hornidge, Miss E. Stannis, Mrs. Twohig, Mrs. J. Dallas Edge, Miss Barry, Mrs. B. Bellingham, Mrs. F. J. de Costa, Miss Martyn, Miss K. Martin, Miss M. Lawrenson, Mrs. R. Beit, Master R. S. B. Beit, Mrs. S. G. Robinson, Miss P. Barron.

McBirney and Co.'s Millinery, Mantle, and Costume Buyers have returned from the Markets.

Mourning Orders receive prompt attention.—Davis and Co., Mourning Warehouse, 45 Grafton street (late of Ogilvy's).

MAMMOTH AUCTION.

OCT. 5th, MERRION SQUARE GROUNDS.

The Committee appeal most earnestly for gifts. There is a pressing necessity for £10,000 to provide food for the Royal Dublin Fusiliers who are Prisoners of War in Germany, and they ask everyone to give something they really value. The honour of our city and the adjoining counties has been upheld by this Regiment, and it is now for all of us at home to do our best for them.

GIFTS PROMISED.

Mr. George N. Jacob, Ailesbury rd.—£50 War Bond.
Mr. W. B. Brooks, 1 Nassau st.—Rockingham Biscuit Figure, "Winter."
Miss Ferrier, Dalriada, Blackrock—Two Gold Bracelets, one Cameo, and Brooch.
Mr. J. B. Story, M.D., Merrion sq.—Sheffield Plate Basket.
Lady Cullinan, Fitzwilliam sq.—Large Papier Maché Table.
Lady Digges La Touche, 53 Raglan rd.—Brass Indian Table, with legs of carved wood; Indian Carved Casket, Indian Idol and Ebony Elephant, Burmese Dak, Vases, and Bellows.
Captain T. M. Falkiner, Greenogue, Terenure—Italian Inlaid Work (Taranto).
Miss Carruthers, 30 Palmerston rd.—Waterford Glass Jug.
Miss Kenney, 25 Cambridge rd.—Whitby Jet Earrings, in case.
Miss Fleming, 69 Merrion sq.—Camera and Case.
Mrs. George May, 13 Fitzwilliam sq.—Opal Bracelet.
Miss Thompson, 59 Fitzwilliam sq.—Inkstand.
Mrs. Randal Plunkett, Lansdowne rd.—Bracelet.
Mrs. Warren, 119 Lr. Baggot st.—Inlaid Table.
Captain and Mrs. de Burgh Daly, 71 Park av., Sydney Parade—Antique Chinese Vase.
Mrs. Alice Smith, Fairbrook, Rathfarnham—Pure-bred Jersey Calf.
Mr. V. Brew-Mulhallen, Bray—Hammerless Gun (Kavanagh).
Mr. J. P. Coffe, J.P., 73 Prussia st.—Fat Bullock.
Mr. James Ennis, West Curragh, Naul—One Big Lamb.
Mrs. Vane Fernon, Wilton place—Oriental Bowl.
Miss Fane Vernon, Wilton place—Pair Russian Pottery Pieces (presented by H.R.H. late Duke of Edinburgh to the late Sir Henry Torrens); also Jewellery.
Mr. Fane Vernon, Wilton place—Wine.
Messrs. Walkley and McComas, 4 Stephen's Green—Tweed for Suit.
"Anonymous"—Full-sized Billiard Table, newly covered.
Mrs. O'Farrell, 30 Lansdowne road—Chair and other Furniture, also £2.
Major O'Callaghan, Brackenstown, Swords—Fat Cow.
Mrs. O'Callaghan, Brackenstown, Swords—Lamb and Collection of Stamps.
Mr. George Jameson, Bettyglen, Raheny—Old Mahogany Inlaid Pedestal Writing Table (Sheraton Period), Dozen Champagne, Krug and Co., Private Cuvée, 1906; Two Sets Gold Sleeve Links and Nine Gold Studs.
Mr. James A. Weir, Dalkey—A Pair of Antique Sheffield Plated Entrée Dishes.
Mr. and Mrs. Pelham Mayne, 13 Eglinton rd.—Epergne.
Mrs. Bayly, Ballyarthur, Woodenbridge—Antique Bracelet, in case.
Mrs. Story, 6 Merrion sq., North—Old Limerick Lace Shawl.

Write to the Hon. Secretary, R.D.F. Mammoth Auction, 28 Nassau street, Dublin.

THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, THURSDAY.

Stocks opened steady, and had a generally firm and advancing session on the favourable war news. The advance was led by Steel Common, and the market closed firm. Government Bonds steady; Railroad Bonds irregular. Money on call firm at 5½ p.c. Sterling exchange firm, and advancing. Silver commercial bars unaltered.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY.

WHEAT—Spot nominal. CORN—Spot nominal.

COFFEE declined on selling by commission houses, but partially advanced on covering, and closed steady. Spot steady.

COTTON declined on Liverpool and New Orleans houses selling, but advanced on Wall street support and favourable war news. It again declined on showers in Texas, Southern selling, and closed steady. Spot quiet, 30 points down.

Receipts—Atlantic, 2,000; Gulf, 2,000. Exports—Britain, nil; Continent, 4,000. September, 28.30; November, 28.6.

COTTON OIL dull and nominal.

PETROLEUM—Refined steady. TALLOW firm. LARD—Cash market steady. FLOUR quiet. SUGAR steady. TIN and IRON nominal. COPPER dull.

CHICAGO, THURSDAY.

WHEAT on spot featureless.

CORN opened easy at ⅛c. to ⅛c. loss, and further receded on rains, cooler weather, and liquidation, but soon rallied, and advanced on adverse crop reports, lighter interior movement, and shorts covering; then again declined on predictions of a further improvement in the weather, indifferent cash trading, commission house selling, and sales to realise. Finally, however, on the stronger cash position and short covering, the market closed firm, with values 1c. to 1⅛c. up. August, 159⅞; September, 162⅞; October, 164⅛.

OATS firm at ½c. rise. August, 69⅞; September, 70¼; October, 71.

PROVISIONS opened firm. Pork declined on liquidation, and later rose on shorts covering. Kindred products advanced on higher hogs and light offerings; then eased under a disappointing cash demand, heavy stocks of ribs, realising, stop-loss orders, and selling by packers. The closing was irregular, with lard unaltered, pork 25 up, and ribs 15 points down.

BACON steady. The receipts of hogs at 15 principal Western centres, including Chicago, since March 1st, total 12,582,000, against 11,160,000 for the corresponding season last year.

HOGS steady at irregular changes.

	Short Rib Sides.			HOGS.		
	Drysalted.	Loose.	Light.	Heavy	packing.	
To-day	24.00	25.00	19.40	20.05	18.20	19.10
Previous day	24.00	25.00	19.50	19.95	18.00	19.00

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING PROTESTANT SCHOOLS IN IRELAND.

The following are the successful candidates at the recent examinations for Junior Foundation Scholarships, 1918:—Boys—C. J. Wallace, Cork; W. Mitchell, Kircubbin; G. D. Kent, Dublin; B. Martin, Enniscorthy; G. A. Moore, Cootehill; J. Williams, Dublin; J. P. Robertson, Ballysadare; R. T. Spackman, Collooney; J. E. Goold, Lisburn; A. J. Fisher, Dublin; G. W. Foster, Dublin; W. Wall, Glenarm; H. W. M'Farland, Cork. Girls—M. Weir, Loughgall; C. A. Williams, Ballymote; S. G. Warren, Sligo; H. I. Barnett, Collon; D. E. Buchanan, Limavady; E. A. Corrigan, Edenderry; E. E. Carson, Dublin; H. A. Ennis, Kilkenny; M. F. Kydd, Longford; A. H. Savage, Strangford; H. M. Mitchell, Doneraile; M. E. Butler, Cork.

The following Assisted Scholarships have also been awarded:—Boys—S. E. Rowland, Straffan; J. H. Marlow, Oldcastle; W. J. Cantley, Gowran; D. A. Knott, Ballysadare; F. W. Williamson, Enniscorthy; J. Hayden, Enniscorthy; A. Hamilton, Killybegs; J. E. Willis, Ballysadare; G. F. Boyle, Dalkey; J. E. Robson, Ballysadare; F. Duncan, Moynalty; J. Anderson, Clara; F. S. Hill, Ballymacelligott; W. J. M'Elroy, Waterford; G. Freeman, Stoneyford, Co. Kilkenny; F. W. Mitchell, Birr; H. B. Collins, Castlebellingham; G. L. V. Cooke, Cloughjordan; G. H. Shaw, Aughrim (Co. Galway); J. N. Collier, Cork; J. R. Dignam, Portarlington; R. J. T. Rogers, Inistioge; G. W. Hosford, Rathcormac; W. Blackmore, Ballinrobe; G. C. Allely, Avoca; W. T. O'Connor, Ferbane; J. Scott, Ballymote; W. Armstrong, Loughrea; I. A. L. Bowie, Dublin; J. Simmons, Bailieborough. Girls—M. E. Foley, Wicklow; M. A. Neely, Brookeborough; E. Irwin, Kircubbin; E. Dougherty, Knockanarrigan; S. J. Haddie, Shercock; E. B. Butler, Navan; I. Neill, Dublin; A. M. Acheson, Dublin; M. S. Rass, Dublin; A. G. Stoakes, Kinsale; E. B. Patterson, Belturbet; O. M. Sproule, Bagenalstown.

C. J. Wallace obtained the highest percentage amongst the boys (88.5 per cent.). He was trained by Mr. J. M. Kennelly, M.A., St. Luke's National School, Cork.

The highest percentage amongst the girls (84 per cent.) was obtained by M. Weir. She was trained by Mrs. Lindsay, Ternagreevagh National School, Loughgall.

The *Weser Zeitung* states that Vienna will again receive the full bread ration from Sunday next. The price will be raised 16 per cent.

2022

Delta

LAST month, the shops that sell Delta began to receive supplies of six new styles of light buckle shoes and they will continue to receive more on fixed dates until well into September.

No. 890 illustrated here is one of them.

But it is necessary, in order to make sure of getting a pair, to go to the local shop and to order it in advance. Go to-day. For stocks of these shoes are melting like snow, selling right out a day or so after their arrival from the factory.

Lotus Ltd, Stafford
Makers of Delta and Lotus
and War Time
Shoes

890 — 21/-

Agents in every town in Ireland

Clean Hair in Quick Time

When time is precious, and you cannot possibly wait to wash your hair, give it a dry shampoo with Icilma Hair Powder.

Just sprinkle the powder on, leave for a few minutes, and then brush briskly. Icilma Hair Powder is the only dry shampoo that is no trouble to brush out. It takes away all dust and grease; and afterwards your hair will feel as comfortable and look as well as if it had just been washed.

Icilma
Hair Powder

3d. per packet; 7 for 1/6; large box 2/3—pronounced Eye-Silma.

ICILMA CO., LTD.,
37, 39, 41 King's Road, St. Pancras, London, N.W. 1.
Irish Wholesale Depots: 48 Waring St., Belfast; [illegible] St., Dublin.

To Help Britain's Heroes.

LIVERPOOL PRISONERS OF WAR FUND
LORD MAYOR'S MILLION SHILLING FUND.
(Registered under the War Charities Act, 1916.)

GRAND TOMBOLA.

President - - - - THE COUNTESS OF DERBY.

FIRST PRIZE,
£1 WEEKLY FOR LIFE £1

Subscribed by Liverpool Citizens, and Insured with and payable by The Eagle, Star, and British Dominions Insurance Company, Limited.
(Winning Ticket not transferable.)

OTHER PRIZES PRESENTED.

200 Guineas NEW CHAPPELL BABY GRAND PIANO (Rushworth and Dreaper, Ltd.), £100 TWO HANDSOME INLAID SATINWOOD SILVER CABINETS (Waring and Gillow, Ltd.), £70 HANDSOME SILVER CENTRE PIECE (Elkington's, Ltd.), 60 Guineas AEOLIAN VOCALION with Records (James Smith and Son, Music Sellers, Ltd.); 50 Guineas SINGLE STONE DIAMOND RING (Robert Jones and Sons), £50 DRAWINGROOM SUITE (Globe Furnishing Co.), £50 DINING ROOM SUITE (Ray and Miles), £50 DIAMOND BROOCH (Oldfields, Ltd.), SET OF FURS Value 30 Guineas; LADY'S FUR COAT Value 30 Guineas; TRIPLE ELECTRO PLATED CORNET Value 25 Guineas (R. J. Ward and Sons); FREE THEATRE, MUSIC-HALL, and CINEMA TICKETS for a Year; Garden Tools, Diamond Rings, 50 War Savings Certificates, Drawing-room Eight-day Clock (Russell's, Ltd.), Crown Derby Tea Service, Tons of Coal, Lady's Trousseau, Suits of Clothes, Ladies' Tailor-made Costumes, Ladies' Valuable Hats, Gold Wrist Watch, Ladies' Sports Coats, Hide Suit Case.

One Week's Expenses for Two at any London or Seaside Hotel in the United Kingdom
(AND MANY OTHER PRIZES)

YOU HAVE AS MANY CHANCES AS TICKETS YOU BUY.

Tickets 2/6 each.

Now on Sale

SIR ARCHIBALD SALVIDGE, Chairman,
E. S. MURCH and S. BARTON,
Hon. Secretaries,
Tombola

Office:—
2, SIR THOMAS-STREET, LIVERPOOL.

APPLICATION FORM.
(Please write distinctly.)

To the CHAIRMAN AND HON. SECRETARIES, TOMBOLA FOR PRISONERS OF WAR, 2, SIR THOMAS STREET, LIVERPOOL.

Please supply me with..........Ticket..... I enclose Postal Order for £...... s...... d......

FULL NAME ....
(State Mr., Mrs., or Miss)

IRISH TIMES.

ADDRESS ....

DATE ....

All Tickets will be registered in the name of the applicant unless otherwise stated at time of application.

Applicants by post will help the Fund by enclosing stamp for reply.

The date of the Draw will be published in the *Daily Mail* on August 19th.

THE ENGLISH POTATO CROP.

TO BE TAKEN OVER BY FOOD CONTROLLER.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Sir R. Cooper complained of lack of feeding stuffs for pig production.

Mr. Clynes said the Food Ministry were doing their best to overcome the difficulty of the shortage of feeding stuffs. He took the opportunity of stating that the 1918 crop of potatoes was to be taken over by the Food Controller as from November 1st. He had framed a scheme to carry out the guarantee given to the growers of potatoes, that the Government would purchase their crops at prices not lower than a certain minimum price. He repeated that there was need for continued economy in food consumption. So long as the present situation continued he feared they would not be able to reduce the prices of the principal articles of food. Mr. Hoover, the American Food Controller, hoped to soon complete his plans for preventing food prices soaring higher, and for abolishing all competition, jealousy, and serious rivalry as between one Ally and another.

Mr. Hoover returned from the Continent yesterday, and was met by Sir William Goode on behalf of Mr. Clynes. Important conferences will be held in London during the next few days as to the Allied food programme.

We are Agents
for the famous
Lotus & Delta
Boots and Shoes
Switzer
DUBLIN

SERVICES AND ANTHEMS

St. Stephen's Church.—11 a.m., Intercession for King and country and those at the front, with celebration of Holy Communion.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced on Demand at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office, 48 FLEET STREET (Westmoreland street), Dublin, on Deposits of Jewels, Silver, China, Paintings, Waterford Glass, etc. Full value remitted on receipt of Property. Telephone 2497.

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

Though the Stock Markets lacked that general air of buoyancy shown on Wednesday owing to a certain amount of profit-taking sales, there is no reason to be disappointed with the prevailing tendency of prices during the 'Change hour yesterday. Increased support was given to Government Funds on the Premier's statement and war news. The features to-day include marked briskness in Marconi Wireless issues and subsidiaries at rising prices, and a reactionary market for Guinness Ord. Shares on realisations. The "Chartered" meeting, as might be supposed, helped the tendency for the shares. Textiles show further slight gains in most cases. Dunlops were very firm, but the Railway Pre.-Ord. Stocks were still very scarce.

BANK OF IRELAND.

Discount .... 5 per cent., 5th April, 1917.
Deposit .... 2½ per cent., 5th April, 1917.

BUSINESS DONE :—

War Ln...(99¾) 99⅞	G.S.W. Pref...(75½) *75⅝
do......(94⅛) 94⅝-⅛	Do. Deb. ....(82) *82
Inscd.....(94½) 94-⅛	D.S.E. Guar.............68
War Ln....(103) 103⅛	Do. "B" Deb...(62) 63
Exchq. 5% Bonds.....100⅛	G.N. Deb. ....(82) 83
War Bonds........99⅜	M.G.W. 4% Deb. 73
Irish Land Act (61½) 61⅛	Muskerry ......(93/9) 92/6
do. ......(55½) 56½	Dublin Trams.....(7¾) 7⅞
Bank Ireland...(205) 205	Arnott Pref....(86/-) 86/-
Hibernian Bk..(5¼) 5⅛	Henry St....(18/9) 18/7½
National Bank...(18) 18½	Calicos ....(17/-) 17/-
Royal Bank...(24½) *25	Coats ....(7) 6⅞
Dub. Dist. Ord. (48/6) 47/6 47/-	Do. 20% ....(35½) 35⅛
Guinness.....(35½) 35⅛-⅛	Sew. Cotton...(61/9) 62/3
Bushmills *24/-	Goulding ....(8½) 8⅛
Steam Pref. *13/-	Burke ....(85/-) *85/-
Marconi..(83/-) 84/9 85/- 84/9 85/- 84/10½ 85/-	Do. Pref. .....(80/-) 80/-
Pref.......(67/6) 72/-	Do. Deb. ....(9) *9½
Marine 60/-	Thornycroft (John I.) 47/6
America 28/3	United Steel 25/3
Canada 13/3 /1½ /3 /1½	Do. "A" Deb. 97½
Spanish 11/9	

*Odd lot.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed April 5th, 1917) ...... 5 p.c.

There was no alteration in Bank rate. Money was again usable in the loan market during the greater part of the day, and the usual rate for overnight loans was 3 p.c., though there was some reaction towards the finish. Discount rates were steady and about the same. Demand for bills was moderate. The rate for September Treasury bills in the open market was firmer at 3⅝ p.c. Trade paper was the same.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed April 5, 1917					5%
60 days (bue)........	3½	3⅛%	Trade	4	%
3 months	3⅝	%	.. ..	4	4⅛%
4 months	3⅝	%	.. ..	4⅛	4⅛%
6 months	3⅝	%	.. ..	4⅛	4⅛%
Loans to bill brokers day to day				2⅛	3%
do. do. for a week				3	3⅛%
Deposit allowance: Banks at notice					3%
do. Discount houses at call and notice					3%

Spot silver remained at 48⅞d. per oz.

On 'Change the rate on Spain moved further in favour of this country. French, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Swiss, and Scandinavian currencies improved, especially the lire.

The following foreign exchange rates were current:—Paris cables, 27.10 to 27.10½; Amsterdam, 9.05 to 9.07; Italy, 37.15 to 37.40; Madrid, 17.95 to 17.98; Christiania, 14.95 to 14.97; Stockholm, 13.15 to 13.17; Berne, 18.62 to 18.69; Rio ninety days bills, 12⅞d.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

WEEK ENDING AUGUST 7, 1918.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

Notes Issued ..	£85,818,885	Govt. Debt...	£11,015,100
		Other Ser'ties	7,434,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	67,368,885
	£85,818,885		£85,818,885

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Proprietors' Capital	£14,553,000	Government Securities ..	£57,855,338
Rest	3,469,006	Other Securities	103,193,758
Public deposits	39,878,383	Notes	28,040,955
Other	132,762,292	Gold & Silver Coin	583,350
7 day & other Bills	10,714		
	£190,673,395		£190,673,395

Compared with last week:	Increase. £	Decrease. £
Circulation (excluding 7-day and other Bills)	—	92,410
Public Deposits	2,089,295	—
Other Deposits	—	5,678,694
Government Securities	—	745,800
Other Securities	—	3,593,406
Bullion	692,745	—
Coin	34,717	—
Reserve	785,155	—

Proportion of Reserve to Liabilities, 17·2% against 16·4% last week.

The following shows the position of the Bank of England now and during the previous two years:—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Circulation (excluding 7-day and other bills)	£ 56,777,930	£ 40,366,310	£ 36,146,815
Public Deposits	39,878,383	47,465,392	54,625,309
Other do.	132,762,292	130,423,685	88,969,712
Govt. Ser'ties	57,855,332	56,558,628	42,188,110
Other do.	103,193,758	107,947,718	80,642,144
Reserve of notes & coin	29,624,305	31,477,938	38,853,992
Coin and bullion	67,952,235	53,594,248	56,550,807
Reserve to Liabilities	17⅛%	17⅝%	27%
Bank Rate	5%	5%	6%
Consols	56¼	56	59
Bar Silver ...	48⅞d.	42⅛d.	31⅝d.
Clearing-house return	£ 364,197,000	£ 306,218,000	£ 281,203,000

LONDON STOCKS QUIET.

There was not a great deal of business on the Stock Exchange. General conditions continued cheerful and confident, but most markets were inclined to rest, especially in the afternoon, after the news of the launching of an offensive on the Western front. Gilt-edged issues moved undecidedly. The Bank return was not much of a factor either way. Miscellaneous gilt-edged issues preserved their firmness, but were not a very interesting market. Irish Land Loans were in demand, however, and the 2¾ p.c. were specially good around 56¼. Indian Government issues and consolidated Colonial Securities came in for favourable attention.

Changes:—Rise—4 p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 103⅛. Consols, ⅛ to 56¼; 4½ p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 99⅞; 5 p.c. do., ⅛ to 94⅛.

FOREIGN BONDS QUIETLY FIRM.—In the Foreign Market the session was a quiet one, and few features of interest were developed. The Japanese group showed a hesitancy at first, but closed firmly, and quotations were sometimes a trifle higher. Allied Bonds were generally firm. Greeks were bought, and the hardening tendency in the Egyptian group was manifest. Far Eastern bonds ruled steady. Among South Americans Brazilians were colourless. There was an improvement in the Rio exchange, and this helped Brazilians to some extent. Mexican Loans were light and tended on the up grade.

Changes:—Rise—Mexican 5 p.c. (1899), 1 to 53.

RAILS HARD.—Home Rails showed occasional hesitancy, but their undertone was hard, and the market is deriving benefit from the commencement of half-yearly dividend payments. Among the heavies Great Westerns barely held their ground, after their recent sharp improvement. Canadian Pacifics merely marked time, and Grand Trunks were on the dull side. Mexican Rails showed cheerfulness at first, but finally the Prefs. were ½ down. Argentine Rails met light support, and enjoyed a firm tone.

Changes:—Rises—Chatham, ⅛ to 9⅞; London and North-Western, ½ to 93½; Metropolitan District, ⅛ to 22; North-Eastern Consuls, ⅛ to 97½; South-Eastern Def., ⅛ to 35⅞; Armavir Touapse Bonds, 2 to 44; Buenos Ayres and Western, ½ to 72; San Paulo, ½ to 189. Falls—Lancs. and Yorks, ⅛ to 68; Grand Trunk Guaranteed, ½ to 53; Mexican Railway First Pref., ½ to 51½; do. Second Pref., ⅛ to 53⅛.

INDUSTRIALS SATISFACTORY.—In the Miscellaneous and Industrial Market trading showed signs of contraction as elsewhere, but the general tone remained satisfactory. Marconis were again strong, rising ⅛ to 4⅝, while the Pref. at 3⅛ was 1/16 better. Banks were spotty. There was a renewed demand for Cements, Ord. rising ⅛ to 5 1/16, while the Pref. at 8⅜ was ⅛ better. Coats, among Textiles, fell ⅛ to 6⅞ on light realising. Shipping specialities were on the firm side. Iron and Steel issues marked several small gains. Projectiles, however, gave way 1/16 to 1. Breweries hung fire, and Allsopp Ord. at 44½ was another point down.

Changes:—Rises—Marconi, ⅛ to 4⅝; do. Pref., 1/16 to 3⅛; Associated Cement, ⅛ to 5 1/16; do. Pref., ⅛ to 8⅜; B.S.A., 1/16 to 3 13/16; Brit. Oil and Cake 5½ p.c. Pref., 3d. to 18/9; Cargo Fleet, 6d. to 27/-; Eastmans, 3d. to 15/3; Maypole Dairy Def., 1/16 to 1 5/16; National Explosives, 1/- to 38/6; P. and O. Def., 1 to 391½; Brazilian Tractions, 1 to 47; Mexican Light and Power Bonds, 2 to 51. Falls—Coats, ⅛ to 6⅞; Projectiles, 1/16 to 1; Allsopp Pref. Ord., 1 to 44½.

OIL SHARES LESS ACTIVE.—Oil Shares enjoyed a good undertone, but were only moderately brisk. Shells dipped at first, but afterwards recovered, and closed steadily. Gyppy B was again strong. Burmahs held their ground. British Tamans and Roper Rivers both hardened. Anglo-Persian Pref. rose to 23/-.

Changes:—Anglo-Egypt B., 52/-+1/3; Burmah, 6⅛+1/16; Kern River, 13/9+4½d.; Mexican Eagle, 65/9+3d. Mexican Eagle Pref., 67/3−3d.; Rum. Consol., 10/9+9d.; Shell, 101/-+4½d.; Trinidad, 12/1½+9d.

MINING MARKET BETTER.—There was only a moderate volume of business in the Mining market, and Kaffirs looked a little tired after their recent substantial improvement. Despite realising, however, the Far Eastern group showed good resistance. Modderfontein issues were spottily good. Diamonds showed irregularity on adjustments. Chartereds were dull after the overnight meeting, which gives the market no special lead. Russian Shares met quiet support. Tin Shares were not materially affected by a reaction of £11 per ton in the metal.

RUBBER SHARES QUIET.—Holiday influences have made themselves felt in a falling off of the volume of business. Amongst the old leaders prices show a slightly easier tendency, but a good demand continues for shares of the progressive type, and also for certain floriners, and in these sections further rises have occurred. Alor Pongsu changed hands up to 53/1½. Banteng are wanted at 52/6, and Brich have been taken at 28/- and 28/2½. Bernam Perak Pref. show business at 35/6, and Eastern Trust are wanted at 25/3. Glenshiel were done at 90/7½, and Jeram up to 52/3. Langkat Sumatra have been done around 48/-, and Membau have changed hands, the Ord. at 35/10½ and the Pref. at 39/6. Amongst other recent transactions may be mentioned Mooply Valley 40/6, Pilmoor 51/3, Riverside 57/6, Scottish Malay 5⅛, and Sungei Krian Pref. 51/3. Sungei Bahru touched 36/3 bid, but the price has since eased a little to 36/3 sellers. Sungei Buaya have changed hands at 56/3 and 57/6, after business as high as 59/4½. Amongst floriners, Bikam have been taken in large numbers around 4/4½; Eastern Sumatra have shown activity around 2/6, and Gam Kee were done at 4/-. There have been brisk dealings in Merban around 3/3. Operators Trust came to business at 2/4½ c.d. Pelepah Valley have been inquired for around 3/9. Straits Bertam touched 7/-, but finished lower on the week at 6/6. Vallambrosa have hardened a little to 22/3 c.d. In the Borneo group Bah changed hands in good numbers up to 2/6. Manchester North Borneo offered at 28/9. Other prices in this section are firm, without much change on the week.

CLOSING PRICES.

MINING SHARES.

Apex	8/-−3d	Gopeng Consd.	2+1/16
Arizona	2¼−⅛	Hendersons	6/4½+4½d
Brit. Bk. Hill	51/3+9d	H.E. Prop.	9/6−3d
Bk. Hill Blk. 10.	1 15/16+1/16	Jupiter	5/-+6d
Do. North	67/6+3d	Kleinfontein	14/6+6d
Do. Props.	71/-−3d	Mt. Morgan	34/-−9d
Do. South	13+⅛	Primrose	5/-+1/-
Brakpan	4⅛+1/16	Rand Mines	3⅛+⅛
Bantjes	3/6+9d	Shamva	1⅞−1/16
Con. Langlaagte	20/-+2/-	Siamese	3⅛−1/16
Cent. Mining	6⅛+⅛	Santa Gertrudis	14/3−3d
Con. M. Selec.	28/-+1/-	Tanganyika	3⅛−1/16
Cloverfield	9/6+3d	Tronoh	2¼+⅛
Chartered	17/1½−1½d	Do. South	8/6+6d
C'b'll T'us'te Ex.	6/9+9d	Vereeniging	19/6+1/6
Dolcoath	12/-+6d	Village	14/6+6d
El Oro	12/-+9d	Welgedacht	1⅛+1/16
East Pool	30/-+6d	Wolhuter	4/-+3d
European Invest.	⅞−⅛	Waihi Gd. Jun.	16/-−3d
Geevor	25/6+6d		

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo-Dutch	31/9−1/1½	Lon. Asiatic	8/10½−1½d
Anglo-Malay	13/4½−1½d	Malacca Deb.	99½
Bekoh	4/6+1d	Merlimau	5/7½−1d
Bukit Kajang	67/6−6d	Port Dickson	4/1½+1½d
Bukit Rajah	7⅛+1/16	Rub. Trust	26/11¼−1½d
B. Sembawang	3/-−1½d	Sabias	21/9+1/1½
Hayoep	19/1½−6d	Sapumalkande	22/6−9d
Java Para	25/9−1/3	Seudayan	46/3+3d
Kepitigalla	19/3−4½d	Sialang	68/9−9d
Lanadron	36/3+3d	Tandjong	82/6−6d
Ledbury	48/9−1/3	Un. S. Betong	67/6+1/-
Linggi	26/1½+1½d		

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following were the "markings" in active stocks and shares in London yesterday:—

3½ p.c. War Loan—88⅛, ⅛. **4½ p.c. War Loan**—99½, 100, 99½, 100⅛, ⅛. **5 p.c. War Loan**—94⅛, ⅛, ⅛, *9⅛, 4⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **4 p.c. War Loan**—103⅛, ⅛, ⅛, 3, ⅛, ⅛. **Aerated Bread**—57/6, 8/1½. **Armstrong**—45/1½, 5/-, 3d., 6d., 3d., 1½d. **Assoc. Cement**—100/7½, 100/-, 99/4½, 100/6, 2/6, 3/9, 100/7½, 6d., *99/6, 102/6, 3/3. **Do. Pref.**—8⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **Bovril Def.**—15/-, 2⅛d., *12/6, 9d., 13/4½, 13/-. **British Westinghouse**—67/9, 8/1½, 7/6, 6/10½, 8/6, 6/10½, 8/1½. **Brunner Mond**—40/6, 1/6, 1/-, 3d., 1½d., 40/6, 9d., 40/4½, 7½d. **B.S.A.**—72/7½, 3/6, 3d., 3/-, 4/3, 4/-, 4½d. **Brit. Amer. Tobacco**—111/-, 3d., 10/-, 6d., 11/3, 10/6, 10/-, 6d. **British Argentine Meat**—26/7½, 6d., 4½d., 6d., 7½d. **Brit. Oil and Cake**—37/3½, 6d., 3d., 7½d., 5½d., 6d. **Burmah Corp.**—90/-, 6d., 89/4½, 90/3, 81/4½, 90/-. **Broken Hill Prop.**—71/6, 70/6, 1/-, *10½d., 3d. **Bwana M'Kubna**—5/11½, 9d., 10½d., 9d. **B.N.B. Rubber Trust**—16/6, 9d. **Camp Bird**—14/1½, 13/9, 7½d., 9d., 14/-, 13/10½. **Chartered**—17/3½, 7½d., 5½d., 3d., *17/-, 1½d., 3d., 2½d., 5½d. (close, 17/-, 17/0). **City Deep**—61/-, 3d., *59/9, *6d., 60/3, ⅛d., 1/-, 60/7½, 1/-, 3d., 60/-. **Courtaulds**—7⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **Con. Goldfields of S.A.**—*34/4½, *5/-. **County Bank**—15½, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **Crown Mines**—47/6, *3/-, 6/10½, 7/2½, 5/9. **Dick Kerr**—30/4½, 6d. **Dunlop Ord.**—83/6, 2/9, *1/-, 2/3, 6d., 1/7½. **Eastpool and Agar**—29/6½, 7½d., 9d., 3d., 6½d., 7½d., 10½d., 30/-, 29/10½, 30/-, 1½d. **Eastmans**—15/4½, 1½d., ⅛d. **Ediswan**—*44/7½, *5/6, *3d., *9d. **Esperanza Copper**—8/10½, 3d. **Govt. Areas**—82/6, 4/0½, 2/9, 3/1½, 9d., 4/4½, 4/-. **Great Boulder Prop.**—11/-, 10/9, 10½d. **Highlands Rubber**—52/9, 6d., 4/3, 3/1½. **Ivanhoe Gold**—35/10½, 6/3, 5/7½. **Johannes Consol.**—20/5½, *20/-, 19/10½, *20/-, 6d., *1½d., 4½d., 6d. **Kyshtim**—27/6, 3d., 8/1½, 7/6, 8/1½, 7/6. **Linggi Rubber**—25/10½, 9d., 6/3, *5/6, *3d., 6/3, 1½d. **Lipton Ord.**—26/6, 7/1½, 6/9. **Marconi Ord.**—85/3, 5/-, 6/3, 4/4½, 5/7½, 6/-, 3d., 4/4½, 5/7½, 6/-; **do. Pref.**—69/6, 70/4½; **do. Marine**—59/7½, 9/-, 4½d., 9d., 60/-, 59/6; **do. America**—27/7½, 9d., 7½d., 4½d., 8/-, 7/6, 4½d., 9d.; **do. Canada**—13/3, 1½d., 13/-, 4½d., 6d., 3d., 13/-. **Maypole Def.**—18/3, 4½d., 6d., 7½d., 3d., 9d., 6d., 4½d. **Mexican Eagle**—67/6, 3d. **Midland Bank**—7⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **Mond Nickel**—67/3. **National Explosives**—38/-, 3d., 7/6, 8/3, 6d. **Niger Land**—52/4½, 3d., 6d., 2/-. **Nobel's**—82/6, 1/6, 3d., 2/-, 1/7½, 6d., 2/6, 2/-, 80/6, 1/1½. **Rand Mines**—62/6, 1/-, 2/-, 1/10½. **Rubber Trust**—26/9, 7/-. **Russo-Asiatic**—68/9, 71/3, 70/-, 69/4½, 70/7½. **Shell**—101/3, 100/7½, 1/6⅛, *100/7½, 1/3, *10½d., *100/-, 1/3, 1/-. **Smithfield and Argentine**—30/7½. **South Crofty**—50/3, 7½d., 3d., 1/-, 50/7½. **Springs**—76/-, 10½d., 6⅛d., 5/7½, 9d., 4½d. **Tanganyika**—75/3, 7½d. **Underground**—48/9, 7/6, 50/-, 48/1½, 9/4½, 7/10½. **Vickers**—46/-, 6d., 7½d., 6d., 4½d. **Zinc Corp.**—29/6, 9d., 7½d., 6d., *1½d., 4½d., 7½d., 9d., 10½d.

(*Exceptional bargain at special price.)

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

ARNOTT AND CO., DUBLIN, LIMITED.—The directors yesterday declared *ad interim* dividends for the past half-year as follows:—Six per cent. per annum on the Preference Share capital, and 3/- per share on the Ordinary, less income tax (being equivalent to the corresponding interim distribution of July, 1917).

KEPITIGALLA RUBBER.—Dividend of 5 per cent. for the year, subject to tax.

RAYFIELD (NIGERIA) TIN.—Interim dividend of 1/- per share, free of tax.

UNITED TURKEY RED.—Interim dividend at the rate of 8¼ per cent. per annum, free of tax, on the Ordinary.

WALLER AND SON.—Dividend on the Ordinary of 7 per cent. for the year and a bonus of 3 per cent.

ANGLO-JOHORE RUBBER.—In view of the exceptional conditions prevailing the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

HIGHLAND RAILWAY.—Interim dividends declared at the full rate for the half-year on the Pref. Stocks, but nothing on the Ordinary.

JONES' SEWING MACHINE.—Dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, free of tax, for the half-year on the Ordinary, but the directors find it necessary to take £1,500 from the reserve fund, leaving £641 to be carried forward.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BELFAST.—Business done:—London City and Midland Bank, *7⅞; Grand Trunk of Canada, *12; Water Commissioners 1938, 75; Howard and Bullock, 40/-; Milligen, 46/-; Sawers Pref., 12/9; Lipton, 27/3; White, Tomkins Pref., 16/4½; Brazil Traction, 47⅛; Mexican Eagle, 66/7½; United Steel, 25/3; Water Stg., 14; War Loan Reg., 94⅛; London County and Westminster, 15⅛; Lindsay Bros., 8; Brunner Mond, 41/-; Parent Tyre Pref., 16/-; London Asiatic Rubber, 9/1½; Marconis, 86/4½; Dunlop Rubber, 82/9; Maypole Def., 18/4½. * Exceptional amount at special price.

BIRMINGHAM.—Market keeps extremely active. Rovers 1/- up. Triumphs and Stars all better. Charrons easier. Sunbeams lost 1/-. Belsize, 35/9; Components, 24/9; do. Pref., 26/-; do. Def., 26/9; Darracqs, 36/6; Dennis, 38/3; Enfield, 38/-; Humbers, 24/6; Napier, 20/-; Premiers, 2/-; Rolls Royce, 47/6; Rover, 77/6; Rudges, 47/6; Stars, 20/-; Sunbeams, 83/6; Swifts, 38/-; Triumphs, 47/3; Vauxhalls, 30/-; Dunlop, 82/-; Parent, 24/4½; Small Arms, 74/6; Kynoch, 41/10½; Charrons, 20/7½.

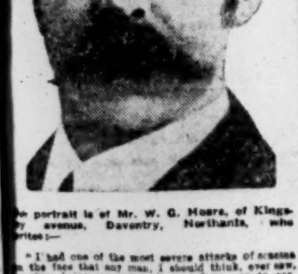
MANCHESTER.—Among Textile Shares there was good inquiry, especially for Calico Printers and Bradford Dyers. Closing prices:—Bleachers Ord., 19/6 to 19/9; do. Pref., 19/3 to 19/6; Bradford Dyers, 39/- to 39/6; do. Pref., 18/3 to 18/6; Calico Printers, 17/- to 17/3; do. Pref., 15/6 to 15/9; Coats Ord., 6⅛ to 6⅛; English Sewing Cotton, 62/- to 62/6; do. Pref., 18/- to 18/6; Fine Spinners, 37/- to 37/3; do. Pref., 18/3 to 18/9; English Velvet Ord., 31/6 to 31/9; do. Pref., 17/- to 17/6; "Slubbers," 6/9 to 7/-.

INSURANCE SHARES.

SALES IN LONDON:—Alliance, 19⅛; Guardian, 6⅛; Law Union and Rock, 6⅛, £6 19/6, £7 0/3; London, 71⅛, 2⅛; Phœnix, £8 11/6, 8⅛, ⅛; Sun, 13⅛, £13 3/3.

SALES IN LIVERPOOL.—Commercial Union, 44⅛; Law Union and Rock, 7⅛; London and Lancashire Fire, *40⅛, *⅛, ⅛; do. 5 p.c. Marine Deb., x.d. 92⅛; Northern Assurance, 8⅛; Phœnix, *8⅛; Royal, *35, ⅛, 35⅛, 26⅛; Yorkshire, 9⅛, ⅛, *⅛, ⅛.

Sales marked thus (*) are for less than £1,000 of stock or less than a marketable number of shares.



The portrait is of Mr. W. G. Hoare, of Kingsley avenue, Daventry, Northants, who writes:—

"I had one of the most severe attacks of eczema in the face that any man, I should think, ever saw, my face being one mass of sores from ear to ear. I was under medical treatment for some time, and getting no better, began to be downhearted, when a friend persuaded me to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I found myself getting better before I had finished the first bottle, so I continued with it until I had taken six bottles. I should have written before, but I wanted to be sure it was a permanent cure first. It is now some years since I was cured, and I have never had the slightest signs of any return."

Clarke's Blood Mixture, by reason of its remarkable blood purifying properties, can be relied upon to give speedy relief and lasting benefit in all cases of Eczema, Scrofula, Scurvy, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Boils, Pimples, Sores and Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, etc. Pleasant to take, and free from anything injurious. Ask for and see you get

Clarke's Blood Mixture

"EVERYBODY'S BLOOD PURIFIER."

Of all Chemists and Stores, 2/9 per Bottle. (12)

BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA CO.

NOTICE.

A FULL REPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS AT THE GENERAL MEETING, held on the 7th inst., is in course of preparation, and will be forwarded, when ready, to any shareholder who applies for it on or after 1st September at the Company's Offices:

RHODESIA HOUSE,
2 London Wall Buildings,
London, E.C. 2.

By Order of the Board,
A. P. MILLAR,
Acting Secretary.

8th August, 1918.

FARROW'S BANK, LIMITED.

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the shareholders of Farrow's Bank, Ltd., was held at Anderton's Hotel, Fleet street, London, E.C., on Tuesday afternoon under the presidency of Mr. Thomas Farrow, Chairman and Managing Director.

Mr. Farrow, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, observed that, despite the fact that they were still in the throes of a devastating world-war, which had taxed all available resources to the uttermost, those who were actively concerned with the commercial life of Great Britain and the Empire had no reason whatsoever for despondency.

So far as banking was concerned, the reports and figures recently published showed that the financial condition of the country was absolutely sound. For reasons which he gave, he felt convinced that the dawn of victory would soon arise, and he emphasised the Prime Minister's injunction to "hold fast."

He deplored the necessity of State Socialism, with its consequent destruction of individualism, but hoped and believed that after the war they would again enjoy those blessings of freedom which had made the Empire great. They should, however, now provide for the arts of peace as they were doing for the victories of war.

BANK AMALGAMATIONS.

Mr. Farrow proceeded to deal with the question of bank amalgamations, and stated that his own views had undergone some modification. He was of opinion that the powerful combines now formed with Governmental sanction would prove effective in adequately financing home and overseas industries, and would render powerless the tentacles of the German octopus. There was still need, however, for such institutions as Farrow's, dealing as they did with particular classes of business and individuals, who might find it difficult to obtain reasonable credit facilities elsewhere.

REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET.

The net profit, including the balance of £6,026 19s. 8d. from last account, amounted to £43,145 1s. 8d. The directors had again added £15,000 to the Reserve Fund, had paid an interim dividend for the half-year ended 31st December, 1917, amounting to £10,825 2s. 5d. They now recommended the payment of a dividend for the year of 6 per cent., less income tax, which would absorb the sum of £10,830 0s. 0d., and they carried forward £6,189 19s. 3d. undivided profit to the next financial year.

PROGRESS OF THE BANK.

Progress was shown by a comparison of the figures for the eleven years during which the bank had been incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Acts:—

	Current Accounts.	Deposit Accounts.	Assets.
1908 ...	£87,625	£78,679	£226,285
1918 ...	£892,222	£1,625,582	£2,989,436

The abnormal conditions of war-time had, of course, been experienced in the direction of increased cost of administration, depletion of staff, and the restrictions connected with purchase and realisation of securities. He mentioned the interesting fact that the deposit and credit balances had more than doubled themselves since the outbreak of hostilities—*i.e.*, by no less a sum than £128,100, although, by advertisement and personal advice to customers, they had urged with success investment in National War Bonds.

DEPARTMENTS.

The bank's commercial, foreign stock, and share investment, income tax and other departments had again largely added to the profits made during the year, while the business of the Scottish and Irish branches had produced highly satisfactory results.

"ROLL OF HONOUR."

The number of the bank's officials who were actually engaged in military duties represents 62 per cent. of the staff, and many names of officers had been added to the "Roll of Honour." Their places had been filled by loyal and efficient men and women, to whom the thanks of the shareholders were due.

The motion, having been seconded by Mr. W. Walter Crotch, was unanimously adopted. Other resolutions concerning the re-election of directors and auditors having been carried and routine business transacted, the meeting concluded with votes of thanks to the Chairman, directors, and staff.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

British South Africa Co.—A full report of the general meeting held on 7th inst. will be forwarded to any shareholder who applies for it on or after 1st September at 2 London Wall Buildings, E.C.

Arigna Mining Company, Limited.—A meeting of shareholders was held at the company's offices yesterday, Mr. George F. Stewart in the chair. Resolutions were adopted to largely increase the capital of the company, with the object of connecting the company's mines with the railway now being constructed by the Government up the Arigna Valley, the building of additional cottages for miners, and the introduction of new machinery for coal-cutting, etc.

MARKET REPORTS.

CATTLE.—DUBLIN METROPOLITAN, North Circular road, Thursday.—A somewhat quieter tone overhung our live stock market this morning, but this was most noticeable in the sheep division. The shipping trade throughout was rather cautious, as grading arrangements at the other side are exacting, and make dealers' purchases a little speculative; all the same it is difficult to explain how some shippers can afford to pay terms above Control maximum for special drafts of heavy cattle. Business on the whole ran into a later hour of the day than previously; neither was such a complete or satisfactory clearance effected in either branches of the market.

	Numbers on Offer. This week as compared with last.			Corresponding week of 1917.	1916.
Beasts ...	3,686	Increase	536	4,475	4,685
Sheep and lambs..	10,982	Increase	76	13,251	11,128
Veal calves	2			7	9

Cattle were a rather mixed show in point of quality. Specially nice turned out bullocks found keen support, and whereas 75/- was freely offered to weigh, in many cases prices ran up to 76/- and 77/6; one particular instance a choice draft of sixteen steers made 78/- per cwt. In the run, best qualities of steers may be quoted at from 73/- to 75/- per cwt., and, like heifers, from 70/- to 73/- and 74/- per cwt. Smaller and plainer descriptions of cattle, 66/- to 70/- per cwt.; light and coarse qualities, from 60/- to 64/-. Fat cows continue in popular request for shipping or provincial contract purposes, and also local consumption. Best type of cow beeves figured at from 62/6 to 70/- per cwt., and occasionally nice young qualities at 71/- to 72/6; old and commoner sorts, 50/- to 60/- per cwt., according to character.

The sheep trade was a slower and tougher experience throughout; light qualities of mutton difficult to place. Values had an easier trend, but there were plenty of buyers for useful descriptions of mutton at a price; sellers, however, were not generally inclined to make any notable concession, and the oscillation in values over the day was at most fractional. Best qualities of wether mutton made from 1/1 to 1/2 per lb.; best ewes, from 11½d. to 1/0½, perhaps 1/1 per lb., and coarser sorts of mutton around 11d. Best descriptions of lambs averaged within 48/- to 58/- and 60/- apiece, but in occasional selections where weight and quality featured, up to 65/-, and, perhaps, 68/- and 70/- each was paid. For useful medium sorts of lambs, terms were 35/- to 46/- each and stores of cull description from 26/- to 33/- and 34/- apiece. Veal calves were of no general interest.

DUBLIN STORE SALES, North Circular road, Thursday.—Good entries of store cattle were again listed for respective auction fixtures to-day. Both home and shipping buyers in better attendance, and competition steady. Values ruled firm within previous dearer zone for primest drafts of forward cattle, and more especially those above ordinary character in breed and quality. For ordinary and young types of shorthorns biddings continue cautious enough.

DUBLIN DAIRY, North Circular road, Thursday.—Entrants in this branch totalled 202 exhibits. Trade generally was of a much tamer nature for all sorts of milkers than last day and many useful looking beasts failed to command an exchange of ownership. Values in the circumstances indicated a decidedly easier trend. Choice heavy springers on second or third calf, £40 to £50 and £55 each; heifer springers, £28 to £38 and £40; fresh milchers, £35 to £45 and £48; small and medium cows, £17 to £33 each.

DUBLIN PIG, North Circular road, Thursday.—Just 850 pigs on market, and apparently enough to satisfy the trade practicable in present curtailment in shipping direction. Altogether, there was a sharper and firmer trade for best qualities of fat hogs, and market was more readily sold out than previously. Best quality porkers and sizeable baconers, 157/- to 161/- per cwt.; other class, 145/- to 150/- per cwt. Store pigs continue hard to buy, and comparatively very dear.

GANLY, SONS AND CO.—Offices and Wool Stores, 18, 19, and 20 Usher's quay, Dublin. Cattle Market Report, Thursday, August 8th, 1918.—The inquiry for cattle was scarcely so keen this morning, but ultimately the trade finished up on lines similar to that of last week, with prices practically unaltered for all classes. Caution was again displayed by buyers in the sheep department; and trade was quiet all round, but quotations remain unchanged. Store Cattle Auction every Thursday at 11 o'clock. Entries invited. Wednesday, August 21st—Opening Auction of Brood Ewes in Dublin Cattle Market. Thursday, August 22nd—Auction of Barn Farm, Leixlip, at 63 Prussia street, for W. R. Ronaldson, Esq. Particulars on application. Telephone No. 215. Telegrams—"Ganly, Usher's quay, Dublin."—(Advt.)

GAVIN LOW, LTD.—Market Report, 50 Prussia street, Dublin, August 8th, 1918.—Supplies:—Cattle, 3,686—increase, 536; sheep, 10,982—increase, 76. There was a brisk trade for cattle this morning, and everything was sold early at last week's extreme prices. There was a slower demand for both sheep and lambs, but a clearance was practically effected at prices very little lower than last week. Quotations:—Best bullocks and heifers, from 74/- to 78/- per cwt., live weight; others, from 65/- to 73/- per cwt.; cows, from 40/- to 74/- per cwt., live weight; mutton, 1/- to 1/3; lambs, 32/- to 65/-. Fixtures:—Saturday, August 10th—Oats and Hay, at Cardiffstown, Kilmessan. Monday and Tuesday, August 19th and 20th—Clearance Sale at Woodlands, Santry, for E. J. O'Malley, Esq., J.P. Thursday, August 22nd—Irish Ram-Breeding Association Show and Sale of 381 Pedigree Rams and Ewes at 50 Prussia street, Dublin. Friday, August 23rd—Special Sale of Breeding Ewes, Store Lambs, and Wethers, in Dublin Cattle Market. Store Cattle Sale every Thursday.—(Advt.)

R. AND J. WILKINSON'S CATTLE MARKET REPORT, August 8th, 1918.—We had over 500 cattle more than last week, but buyers were numerous, and demand ruled good throughout at firm prices. The supply of sheep and lambs was again large; a steady trade at late prices. Best cattle, 74/- to 77/- per cwt., live weight; others, 50/- to 73/ per cwt., live weight; mutton, 11d. to 1/3 per lb. Cattle, 3,686—increase, 536; sheep, 10,982—increase, 76.—(Advt.)

LAURENCE CUFFE AND SONS' CIRCULAR, 5 Smithfield, Dublin, August 8th, 1918.—Our supply of cattle, although larger, continues well below an average. Trade was very firm, and all sold well; heavy beasts, if anything, dearer. Sheep and lambs unchanged in value in a slow market. Very good trade for store cattle for so early in the season. Fat cattle, 54/- to 77/- per cwt.; store cattle, 65/- to 76/- per cwt.; mutton, 11d. to 1/3 per lb.; lambs, 40/- to 68/- each. N.B.—Store Cattle Sale every Thursday. Sale of Fidolph Farm on Thursday, 30th September.—(Advt.)

SMITH, GRIFFIN, AND CO., 56 and 57 Prussia street, Dublin, 8th August, 1918.—We had an increase of over 500 cattle at to-day's market, and more buyers. Trade very steady at better prices. Sheep of good quality met a ready sale at an advance of 1/- to 3/- per head; other classes easier sold. Good lambs dearer; others unchanged. Quotations:—Beef, 70/- to 128/- per cwt., or 65/- to 75/-, and extra finish 76/- to 78/- per cwt., live weight; mutton, 10d. to 1/2 per lb.; lambs, 40/- to 72/- each.—(Advt.)

DUFFEY, MANGAN, AND BUTLER, Cattle Salesmen, 37 Smithfield, and New Cattle Market, Dublin. Market Report, Thursday, August 8th, 1918.—Increase of 536 beasts and 76 sheep and lambs. Very good demand for well-finished cattle at full rates of last market. Secondary and rough classes not so easily sold, though not materially cheaper. No change in trade for sheep and lambs, both getting easily sold at late rates. Cattle, live weight, 50/- to 77/- per cwt.; mutton, 11d. to 1/3 per lb.; lambs, 30/- to 75/-.—(Advt.)

HANBURY AND POTTERTON, Smithfield House, Dublin, August 8th, 1918.—Numbers:—Cattle, 3,686—increase, 536; sheep and lambs, 10,982—increase, 76. Trade continues good for cattle, without change in value. Sheep and lambs also sold at about late rates. Beef, for best, from 72/- to 76/- per cwt., live weight; others, 55/- to 70/- per cwt.; mutton, 11d. to 1/2 per lb.; lambs, 35/- to 75/- each.—(Advt.)

ARMSTRONG AND SMITH'S REPORT, 25 Prussia street, Dublin, August 8th, 1918.—Beasts, 3,686—increase, 536; sheep, 10,982—increase, 76. Although an increase in numbers of cattle, the market opened with a good inquiry for prime finished bullocks and heifers at late rates, but a rather slower trade for rough beasts. However, a clearance was effected. Good trade for fat sheep and lambs; thin lots difficult to cash. Beef, best, 72/- to 74/-, extra 76/- per cwt., live weight; secondary and cows, 60/- to 70/- per cwt., live weight; mutton, 1/- to 1/3 per lb.; lambs, 40/- to 65/- each.—(Advt.)

WM. A. WALLIS'S REPORT. Offices—17 Lower Ormond quay, and New Cattle Market, Dublin, 8th August, 1918.—The numbers to-day show an increase of 536 beasts and 76 sheep. All well-finished beef met with steady demand at late rates; the lighter classes and cows had an easier tendency. Sheep and lambs a quiet trade. Prices:—Beef, 70/- to 74/-, extra 75/- and 76/- per cwt., live weight; other grades, 55/- to 68/- per do.; mutton, 11d. to 1/2 per lb.; lambs, 30/- to 68/- each. Numbers—Beasts, 3,686; sheep, 10,982. Telegrams—"Transit, Dublin."—(Advt.)

P. O'CONNOR AND SON, Auctioneers, Valuers, and Live Stock Salesmen, 49 Queen street, Dublin, Telephones 535 Dublin, and 71 Ballsbridge. Business in our market to-day was again brisk, and all grades of cattle cleared early at full rates of last market, with a firmer tendency all round. Sheep and lambs also a steady trade at late quotations.—(Advt.)

ROBERT CRAIGIE'S REPORT, 37 Prussia street, Dublin, August 8th, 1918.—Supplies:—Cattle, 3,686—increase, 536; sheep, 10,982—increase, 76. Cattle of all classes continue in brisk demand at firm rates. Sheep and lambs met a steady inquiry, without alteration in prices. Quotations:—Cattle (best), from 74/- to 77/- per cwt., live weight; secondary, from 65/- to 73/-; cows, from 52/- to 73/-; sheep, from 12d. to 15d. per lb.; lambs to 70/- each. Annual Sale of Ewes, etc., Friday, 30th August. Early entries will oblige.—R.C. Telegrams—"Craigie, Dublin." Telephone 2553.—(Advt.)

REPORT OF MESSRS. BERGIN, O'CONNOR, AND CO., Cattle Salesmen, 11st St. Joseph's road, Dublin, August 8th, 1918.—Supplies:—Cattle, 3,686—increase, 536; sheep and lambs, 10,982—increase, 76. A big increase in cattle, and a representative attendance of buyers. There was a good demand for extra-finished cattle at last week's prices. Secondary and other sorts sold more uniformly, an early clearance being effected. The sheep trade was slow, though values held firm for the heavier weights. Best lambs sold well, but thin lots made less money. Quotations:—Cattle (best), 73/- to 76/- per cwt., live weight; secondary, 67/- to 72/-; mutton, 1/ to 1/3 per lb.; cows and bulls, 55/- to 70/- per cwt.; lambs, 42/- to 60/- each. Telephone No. 3860. Telegraphic address—"Approve, Dublin." (Advt.)

JOHN P. CUFFE, Auctioneer, Cattle and Sheep Salesman, 73 Prussia street, Dublin. Cattle Market Report, August 8th, 1918.—A slight increase in the numbers of cattle shown to-day, and with the usual attendance of buyers trade was brisk and last week's prices easily maintained, and an early clearance effected. Good sheep and lambs scarce, and for home trade a little more money was obtained; shippers buying cautiously at last week's prices. Best beef, 70/- to 76/- per cwt.; mutton, 1/- to 1/3 per lb.; lambs, up to 70/- each. Telephone 4840. Telegrams—"Bullocks, Dublin."—(Advt.)

BIRMINGHAM, Thursday.—Very little in the market, and this has been the case all the week. The Irish supply for the month has begun to arrive. Prices unchanged for pigs, 21/- per score live weight, 28/- per score dead weight.

BRISTOL, Thursday.—Medium supply of beef, best gradings making 75/- to 76/- per cwt. live weight. Mutton in good supply, the best since the end of last season, including about 300 Irish—Best, 1/2½ per lb., plus skin. No pigs offered. A few store cattle, for which trade was quiet at about late rates. Milch cows, £30 to £40, exceptional qualities making up to £50 each.

YORK, Thursday.—A light show of Irish store cattle, but practically no English. Although a slight improvement noticeable in the number of inquiries, trade still showed a tendency to drag; no change in prices. Trade for calving and milch cows continues fairly good, especially for best class cows, which fetched up to £55 each; smart calving heifers sold well up to £43. There was a larger show of sheep, but fewer lambs, with a quiet trade.

GRAIN.—FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES (THE BALTIC), Thursday.—Market remains nominally unaltered, no Commission offers of cereals or cereal products being put forward to-day.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday.—There were again no offerings put out by the Commission of wheat or maize. FLOUR was in only moderate request, and trading confined to filling the few orders coming in from bakers.

PROVISIONS.—DUBLIN POTATO, Thursday.—Much heavier supplies of potatoes came to town this morning, for which a slow trade was experienced. Values, however, were scarcely maintained at 6/- and 6/6 per cwt. for choice handled stuff.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday.—BACON—There was again a quiet feeling in the market here for American bacon generally, and supplies were in excess of requirements except in the case of Wiltshires, which were relatively scarce, and anything offered readily absorbed. SHOULDERS remained inactive, the limited inquiry experienced being chiefly for square cut. HAMS continued to meet a good demand for both long and short cut, especially the latter, the supplies of which were again barely equal to consumptive needs. Canadian sides in free supply, but Irish difficult to find, and Danish nominal. LARD on the spot showed no improvement in the demand for prime steam or American refined, while offerings were again made liberally. CHEESE met a fair inquiry on the official basis. BUTTER goes steadily into consumption, supplies coming to hand on a fair scale. EGGS more freely offered from Ireland, and prices of Irish hen here further gave way in consequence to 41/6 to 42/6 per 120.

JAMES J. HALPIN, Wholesale Bacon Merchant, 18-19 Thomas st., Dublin. Telegrams—"Middles." 'Phone 1716. Specialising in O'Mara's, Ltd., products.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN VEGETABLE, Thursday.—Average supplies. Market well cleared. York cabbage, 19/- to 36/-, and extra, 40/- per load; white turnips, 1/- to 1/4 per bundle; rhubarb, 2/- to 3/6 per dozen bunches; cucumbers, 2/- to 6/- per dozen; vegetable marrows, 2/- to 6/- and 8/- per dozen; tomatoes, 1/- to 1/1 per lb.; peas, 2/6 to 3/6 per float; beans, 1/- to 1/6 per ditto, and 1/- to 1/2 per box; salad, 4d. to 8d. and 9d. per dozen; scallions, large bundles, 1/6 to 1/9 and 2/-; small, 7d. to 10d. and 1/-; Tripoli onions, 1/3 to 2/- per bunch, and 6/6 per box; carrots, 2/- to 2/6 per

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COLUMN 7.)

GUINNESS MEETING.

A PROSPEROUS YEAR.

THE NEW STOCK BONUS.

Viscount Iveagh presided at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders in Arthur Guinness, Son and Co., Ltd., held at Salisbury House, London, yesterday.

In moving the adoption of the directors' report and statement of accounts, the Chairman said he thought the report would be accepted as satisfactory, more especially if the exceptional conditions under which the business of the company had been conducted during the past twelve months were taken into consideration. The Board, he said, were pleased, notwithstanding these difficulties, to be in a position to maintain the rate of dividend on the Ordinary Stock as paid during the past two years, and to continue such payments of dividend free of income tax. The shareholders would have noticed in the report that the Board proposed to submit for approval a resolution providing for a special additional bonus distribution on the Ordinary Stock at the rate of £20 War Stock in respect of each £100 Ordinary Stock held on the company's register on the 31st July last. Before arriving at this decision the directors very carefully considered the position of their "reserve," which on the 30th June, 1918, amounted to the sum of £2,560,000; and the amounts so placed as a provision, amongst other things, for the prospective requirements of the company not being required in the immediate future, they felt warranted in recommending the distribution referred to. He might add that the special additional bonus distribution would, as mentioned in the report, be in the form of Inscribed Stock of the 5 per cent. War Loan, 1929-1947, the distribution being made on or about the 15th November next, amounts under £5 being paid in cash at the same date. Having paid a tribute to the work of the staff and employés of all classes, Lord Iveagh, referring to the accounts, said the shareholders would see that the directors had placed £200,000 to reserve, £35,000 to depreciation, and it was proposed to pay in cash a final dividend of 6 per cent. and a bonus of 4 per cent. on the Ordinary Stock, both free of income tax, which, with the interim dividend paid on the Ordinary Stock on the 1st March last, would be equal to a dividend of 12 per cent. and a bonus of 4 per cent., both free of income tax. They would carry forward to next year the sum of £187,389 1s. 3d.

The Hon. A. E. Guinness seconded the motion, which was agreed to without discussion.

A resolution confirming the dividends and bonuses as recommended was agreed to.

The retiring directors, Viscount Iveagh and the Earl of Kenmare, were re-elected, and the auditors were reappointed.

Mr. Joseph Ward (Dublin), in moving a vote of thanks to the Chairman, directors, and staff, said that none more than Irish, and especially Dublin, shareholders realised the difficulties which the company had had to face during the past year. The directors had surmounted those difficulties, and had placed the concern in an unparalleled position. (Hear, hear.)

The vote of thanks was carried unanimously, and the proceedings terminated.

THE LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR OFFICE, August 8, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.—R.G.A.—To be actg. Maj.—Capt. G. H. M. O'Farrell, Spec. Res.

MEMORANDUM.—To be actg. Capt.—Lt. F. H. Harbour, R. Ir. Regt., Spec. Res., whilst employed as Instr. at a Trench Mortar School.

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Lts. to be Capts.—J. C. Collins, W. I. FitzG. Powell, J. Kinnear, M.B.

REGULAR FORCES.—Cadets to be temp. 2nd Lts.—R. Ir. Regt.—J. V. O'Shea. R. Innis. Fus.—J. H. Grant, M.M.; T. J. Morris, M.M. R. Ir. Fus.—A. J. Forsyth. Conn. Rang.—W. Millar, M. O'Connell, M.M. R. Muns. Fus.—W. J. Bunyan, G. Edgar, M. J. Gallivan, M.M.; J. A. Henderson.

SPORTING NEWS.

GALWAY MEETING—YESTERDAY.

The weather was more favourable for the concluding stage of the meeting, and, though there was no race on the card of the same importance as the Galway Plate, the sport proved very interesting. There was again a good attendance, but backers fared very badly. Holy Mac was voted a good thing for the "Express" Plate, and such he proved to be, for, though lying behind in the early stages, he tackled Raeburn's Glass and Moorefield before the last hurdle, and, drawing away coming up the hill, won with ease. The Galway Hurdle Plate attracted thirteen runners, and Crom Aboo, who had ran well at Limerick Junction, was backed against the field. The race was a very interesting one, Kilnoracy and Pacifist in turn being shouted as the winner, but at the last hurdle Maroc came with a rare dash, and quickly settled the pretensions of the others, winning easily by a couple of lengths. Nellie Mac fell at the last hurdle, and knocked King Michael down, M. Colbert, the rider of the latter, sustaining a bad fall. King Frusquin was indulged with a walk-over for His Majesty's Plate, and then Cargo, an odds-on favourite, scored an easy victory in the Maiden Steeplechase. Saxham Prince, another well-backed favourite for the Traders' Plate, met one too good for him in My Royal, who led all the way, and subsequently survived an objection for bumping, in over-ruling which the Stewards forfeited the £5 deposit. Backers' ill-luck continued when Bell Toll, the favourite for the Galway Blazers' Plate, suffered defeat by the outsider, Frank Ash, who tackled him coming up the hill to the winning post, and scored in easy style; and yet another presumed good thing was beaten when Commander Smith defeated Galley Law in the Committee Plate. Details:—

1.0.—**THE "EXPRESS" PLATE** of 60 sovs. A hurdle race. 1½ m.

Major Edwards' ch. h. **HOLY MAC**, by Uncle Mac—Righteousness, a, 10-4 ....M. Colbert 1
Colonel Croft's **RAEBURN'S GLASS**, a, 10-9 H. Harty 2
Mr. C. L. Davis' **GIRTON MISS**, 5, 10-4 John Burns 3

Also ran—Moorefield (J. Hogan, jun.), Duggie (D. Ward), View Law (Hawkins), Happy Annie (Jos. Canty), Citizen (—). (Winner trained by Owner, Bansha).

Betting—Evens HOLY MAC, 4 to 1 agst. Duggie, 5 to 1 Raeburn's Glass, 10 to 1 any other.

Won easily by four lengths; a short head separated second and third.

Moorefield made play from Raeburn's Glass, Duggie, Girton Miss, and Holy Mac, till two furlongs from home, when Holy Mac challenged, and, drawing to the front before the last hurdles, won easily by four lengths; a short head between second and third. Citizen was fourth, View Law fifth, and Moorefield next. View Law broke down.

1.45.—**THE GALWAY HURDLE RACE** of 200 sovs. 1¾ m.

Mrs. Croft's b. h. **MAROC**, by Morena—Naughty Nancy, 6, 10-2 ....H. Harty 1
Mr. J. A. Coen's **PACIFIST**, 4, 10-0 ......J. Canty 2
Mr. H. S. Harrison's **LIGHT DIVISION**, 6, 11-6 Owner 3

Also ran—Denizulu (W. Smith), Crom Aboo (Duller), Fifty-five (Stubbs), Worthy Earl (Hawkins), Silver Ring (Mr. Manley), Nellie Mac (J. Mahoney), King Michael (M. Colbert), Trepam (A. Hogan), Waving Queen (Mr. Beary), Kilnoracy (Jos. Doyle). (Winner trained by Mr. H. Ussher, Loughrea.)

Betting—7 to 2 agst. Crom Aboo, 6 to 1 Silver Ring, 7 to 1 each King Michael and Pacifist, 8 to 1 Denizulu, 100 to 8 MAROC or any other.

Worthy Earl began slowly, and was tailed off throughout, and Fifty-five led for a couple of furlongs, when Kilnoracy went on from Fifty-five, Pacifist, Nellie Mac, Waving Queen, Light Division, Maroc, and Crom Aboo, with Trepam next, in front of Denizulu and Silver Ring, with King Michael last, except Worthy Earl. Half a mile from home Pacifist raced to the front, followed by Kilnoracy, Nellie Mac, Maroc, King Michael, and Light Division. At the last hurdle Maroc challenged Pacifist, and won easily by two lengths; five lengths separated the second and third. Silver Ring was fourth, Kilnoracy fifth, Crom Aboo sixth, Trepam seventh, Denizulu eighth, Waving Queen next, and Fifty-five last, except Worthy Earl, who was pulled up. Nellie Mac and King Michael fell at the last hurdle.

2.15.—**HIS MAJESTY'S PLATE** of 100 gns. 2 m.

Sir W. Nelson's b. c. **KING FRUSQUIN**, by St. Frusquin—Oread, 4, 9-9 ....W. Barrett w.o.
(Winner trained by Mullen, Curragh.)

2.45.—**MAIDEN STEEPLECHASE** of 200 sovs. 2½ m.

Mr. B. Lea's ch. g. **CARGO**, by The Raft—Murinda, 4, 11-1 ....John Burns 1
Mr. C. J. Ryan's **NOBLE GUARD**, a, 11-8 M. Dowdall 2
Mr. H. I. Ussher's **THE SWINE**, a, 11-3 P. Hogan 3

Also ran:—Breakaway (N. Hayes), Silver Sail (M. Farragher), Dancing Wave (R. Moss), Distinguished (W. Smith). (Winner trained by Mr. Davis, Castleknock.)

Betting—6 to 4 on CARGO, 4 to 1 agst. Dancing Wave, 8 to 1 each Noble Guard and Distinguished, 100 to 8 any other.

Distinguished fell at the second fence, and Breakaway ran out, and Silver Sail showed the way to The Swine, Cargo, Dancing Wave, and Noble Guard, until a mile from home when Dancing Wave fell, and Cargo, coming on from The Swine and Noble Guard, won easily by three lengths; ten lengths divided the second and third. Silver Sail was fourth.

3.15.—**THE TRADERS' PLATE** of 60 sovs. A flat race. 2 m.

Mr. H. Keane's b. g. **MY ROYAL**, by Avidity—Bit of Thought, a, 10-6 ....Mr. Tuthill 1
Mr. T. D. M'Keever's **SAXHAM PRINCE**, 4, 11-5 Mr. Harrison 2
Mr. J. Martyn's **MILLIE'S DAUGHTER**, 5, 9-13 Mr. Banahan 3

Also ran:—Hotcap (H. Harty), Gerald L. (Mr. Beary), St. Fanshea (Mr. C. Brabazon), Sowerby (W. Barrett), Lady Donore (J. Hogan, jun.), La Ruish (G. Harty), Channel Tunnel (Roberts), Crosstoi (Hawkins). (Winner trained by Mr. Cleary, Mullingar.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. Saxham Prince, 3 to 1 Sowerby, 5 to 1 Hotcap, 100 to 12 Channel Tunnel, 100 to 8 MY ROYAL, or any other.

My Royal settled down from Millie's Daughter, Saxham Prince, St. Fanshea, and Hotcap, with Sowerby and Crosstoi in the rear, and, making all the running, won in a canter by three lengths; five lengths between second and third. Sowerby was fourth, Lady Donore fifth, Hotcap sixth, Channel Tunnel seventh, Crosstoi next. An objection to the winner for bumping was overruled, and the £5 deposit forfeited.

3.45.—**THE "GALWAY BLAZERS" PLATE** of 100 sovs. 3 m.

Mr. G. Martyn's b. g. **FRANK ASH**, by Ashbough—Lady Callart, a, 9-4....John Banahan 1
Mr. W. Henshall's **BELL TOLL**, a, 12-5 F. Morgan 2
Mr. J. P. Hogan's **PRIDE OF MANISTER**, 6, 10-8........................A. Hogan 3

Also ran:—The Last (D. Ward), L.B. (J. Hogan, junior), Awbeg (Hawkins), Dark Collar (Owner), Meridian (Stubbs), Eclaireur (J. Harty), Hart (W. J. Smith), The White Hope (Jos. Canty), Yours II. (M. Dowdall), Vobus (D. Behan), Glad Eye (N. Hayes), Eminent Star (J. Cahalan), Rathmore Boy (T. Dowdall), Fergus Wave (J. Meany). (Winner trained privately.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. Bell Toll, 6 to 1 each Pride of Manister and The White Hope, 8 to 1 Fergus Wave, 10 to 1 each Awbeg and Hart, 20 to 1 FRANK ASH or any other.

Pride of Manister made the running from Yours II., Bell Toll, L.B., Fergus Wave, Glad Eye, Eminent Star, and Eclaireur, with Frank Ash at the head of the others, for half-way, when Bell Toll took it up. Glad Eye fell six furlongs from home, and Bell Toll was then followed by Pride of Manister and Frank Ash. At the last fence Frank Ash challenged, and won easily by five lengths; two lengths divided second and third. Hart was fourth, Fergus Wave fifth, Eminent Star sixth, Rathmore Boy seventh, Eclaireur eighth, and Yours II., the only other to finish.

4.15.—**THE COMMITTEE PLATE** of 50 sovs. A flat race. 1 m. 170 yds.

Mr. L. Brabazon's br. g. **COMMANDER SMITH**, by Beppo or Sailor Lad—Ashbrooke, 3, 9-0 Jos. Harty 1
Mr. R. E. Cassidy's **FARICATE**, 3, 9-0 H. Beasley 2
Lord Londonderry's **GALLEY LAW**, 3, 9-0 W. Barrett 3

Also ran:—Royal Prospect (M. Beary), Mist (M. Dowdall), Lord Glencairn (Thwaites), Gay Cavalier (Wing). (Winner trained by Mr. L. Brabazon, Navan.)

Betting—Evens Galley Law, 4 to 1 each agst. COMMANDER SMITH and Faricate, 100 to 12 Mist, 100 to 8 any other.

Royal Prospect was left, and Mist made play from Gay Cavalier, Faricate, Galley Law, and Commander Smith, until two furlongs from home, when the last-named took command, followed by Faricate, and won by two lengths; four lengths between the second and third. Gay Cavalier was fourth and Mist next.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Through the falling of Nellie Mac in the Galway Hurdle yesterday M. Colbert sustained a bad shaking.

J. Hogan, senior, and E. Houlihan, who were injured when their mounts fell in the race for the Galway Plate, are progressing favourably.

George C. Poole, of Chelmsford, who before the war was a trainer of racehorses, has received his discharge from the Army after serving eighteen months in France and six in Ireland with the North Staffordshire Regiment.

SPORTSMEN should have their boots soled with "CALLOX" Chrome Sole Leather, specially recommended for Waterproof Hardwear. See Registered Brand—CALLOX—on every sole. Manufactured by O'CALLAGHAN and SON, LTD., Limerick, Cork, and Belfast.—(Advt.)

GOLF.—**Hermitage.**—Wednesday Cup—Jas. J. Doyle (8), 74 net; T. Carson (9), 76 net.

Sutton R.D.F. Prisoners of War Fund.—To-day—Open mixed foursomes (strokes). To-morrow—Men's open foursomes (strokes). Draws from 10.30 to 6 p.m.

Skerries.—To-morrow—Open stroke competition.

SWIMMING.—**Pembroke.**—This evening—50 yards ladies' championship, Ransome Burbage Cup, 6 p.m. 50 yards handicap, Abbott Cup, and 50 yards clothes race, 6.30. 440 yards handicap (Ellerker Cup)—R. D. Stephens, 1; A. Clinch, 2; H. B. Barrett, 3. Time—8 mins. 35 secs. Aquatic gala in aid of the Curative Workshops, Military Orthopædic Hospital, at Blackrock Baths, to-morrow, at 3 o'clock.

ATHLETICS.—**Dublin Schools' Cadet Corps Sports.**—This corps, now encamped at Powerscourt, will hold their annual sports to-morrow in Powerscourt Demesne, in front of the castle, when friends and relatives of the members are invited to be present.

DUBLIN SOCIETY FOR PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

At the weekly meeting of the Committee Major Arthur Whewell presided. Also present:—Mr. Wm. Perrin, Mr. Freeman W. Deane, Dr. S. T. Gordon, F.R.C.P.I.; Mr. G. W. Marsh, Mrs. Power O'Donoghue, and C. R. Grahame-Harvey, Secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting were read, confirmed, and signed.

Orders were made on cases reported by the inspectors during the week, in which five cases of prosecution were ordered.

Weekly reports in connection with the Dogs' and Cats' Home were submitted.

A vote of condolence to Mr. Howard McDonald on the death of his father, Mr. D. D. McDonald, was passed by the Committee in silence standing.

Replies from the police authorities were read in connection with cases reported to them by the Society.

The following contributions were thankfully acknowledged:—Miss C. M. Little, 15/-, and 5/- Donkey Prize Fund; Messrs. Paterson and Co., Ltd., 10/-; Messrs. Merchants' Carting Co., Ltd., £1 1/-; Mrs. Ormsby Hamilton, £1; Mrs. Moore, 10/-; Mrs. Hancock and Mrs. Devenish Meares, 10/-; Mrs. Murray, 10/-; Miss Ella Browne, £1 10/-; Captain H. V. White, A.S.C., £1 1/-; Lady Blake, 10/-; Mrs. B. Cole Greville, 10/-.

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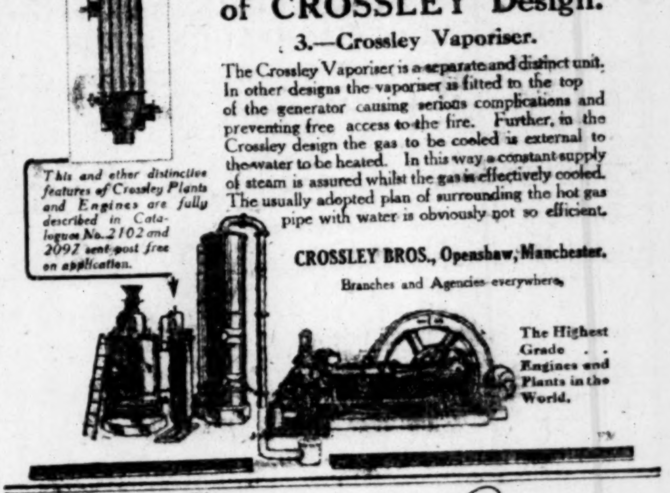

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CLONMEL SHOW.

Considering the period we are passing through, and the discouragements and restrictions to which hunter and thoroughbred horse-breeding is subjected, Clonmel Show yesterday was really first class. Coming only a couple of days after Navan Show, it, like the latter, made prominent the latent strength of this most important Irish industry, our two most important provincial fixtures being even more satisfactory than the times would warrant. The tide must turn some day, and these breeders will have their reward; just now it may be said that they are working for the future rather than the present. The progressive improvement in entries for the last three shows was again marked at Clonmel: horse entries were up about 40, cattle had over 50 of an increase, a reinstated poultry section received over 80 entries; while a new section for crop samples, flowers, and fruit received a total of well over 100 entries, to stick to round numbers. And a very large percentage of the exhibits came to the showyard—not as easy a thing now, owing to restricted railway facilities, as it used to be. In short, Clonmel Show this year was a credit to its officers and committee, and it may be mentioned that it was held in beautiful weather.

Thoroughbred stallions in competition were few, but good, and the united judges of the horse section gave the red rosette to Mr. F. W. Taylor's Maccanna, Mr. J. Phelan getting second for Barney Magee and Mr. V. Morton Jackson third for Knight of Kilcash. Another good class was for registered half-bred stallions, which Mr. E. Cummins won with Royalist, Mr. M. Quirke's Rearguard being placed second and Mr. S. W. Carson's Bog Myrtle third. A third stallion class was for Irish draught horses, and in this Mr. W. Foley's Discovery won, Mr. E. Fitzgerald's Kildare and Mr. W. Burke's Musheramore being second and third, respectively. Yearlings had four classes, that for thoroughbred colts being headed by Mr. P. St. John's b. c. by Othello—Lady Donovan, second going to Mr. D. J. Higgins' b. c. by Rhosmarket—Suir Lass, and third to Mrs. Morton Jackson's b. c. by Sir Roland, dam by Atlas; while in fillies Mr. V. Morton Jackson's br. by Sir Roland, dam by Symington, won, with Mr. J. J. Ryan's Boytonrath Band (Sir Edgar—Last Lot) second and Mr. P. Heffernan's b. by Prince Hermes—Lady Bruce third.

A thoroughbred brood mare class was headed by Mr. Cummins' Othello First, Merry Elf winning second for Mr. E. Boyle and Barkaway third for Mr. J. Purcell; while a hunter mare class was won by Mr. Cullen's May Queen, Mr. E. Boyle getting second for Bunny, and Mr. J. M. O'Brien the third for Cinders. In two-year-olds likely to make hunters Mr. G. Nugent won in fillies with a bay by The Tanist, second going to Mrs. Ryan's Dolly and third to Mr. P. Murphy for a chestnut by Bright Bat; in colts, Mr. R. Dalton's Defiance won in a strong class, Mr. M. Bourke getting second for Dick and Mr. J. O'Brien third for Barney. Mr. P. Stokes won in three-year-old geldings with a br. by Ballinaraha, Mr. J. Smyth's Irish Field being second and Mr. J. Devitt's ch. by Cinnago third. In the fillies' class Mr. E. Slattery's Royal Maid won, Mr. F. Quinlan getting the second with a b. f. by Othello, and Mr. P. Stokes the third for a ch. by Mariner. Four-year-olds of both sexes were headed by Mr. W. Dwyer's ch. g. by Tarlaw, a ch. filly by Reynard taking the second for Mr. S. W. Carson, while third went to Major Traut's Fiffinella, by Flashlight.

There was a nice exhibition of cattle and sheep. Pure-bred shorthorns had a couple of classes, both for bulls, each being endowed with a cup. The Robinson Cup for bulls calved prior to 1917 was won by Mr. T. Hogan's Ballynagor Star, Mrs. F. W. Robinson (the donor) getting second for Clifford Sir Ben; a red dairy shorthorn, and Mr. J. H. Power third for Inverter Jim. The Denny Cup for yearlings was carried off by Mr. J. Murphy's Volunteer, second going to Mr. V. Morton Jackson for a roan and third to Mrs. Morel for Kynton Barrington Duke. The only other class for pure-bred excluded shorthorns, and was won by a Hereford, Mr. J. R. Mulcahy's Albion, the second and third going to A.A. bulls—viz., Mr. P. Quinlan's Easter and Mr. W. Burke's Bessborough Orwell, respectively. Lady Pole Carew's and Lady Constance

Butler's Cup was awarded to Mr. E. Davin's half-bred shorthorn yearling bull; and Colonel Charteris' Cup to Mr. W. O'Brien's roan dairy cow. The special dairy cow class was headed by Mr. P. Quinlan's Prize Test (779 gallons), second and third going to the same exhibitor for cows with 677 and 950 gallons in lactation period, respectively.

JUMPING.—Competition A—Mr. Dick Crotty's Sea Breeze (J. Walsh), 1; Mrs. G. O'Callaghan's Seakie (Owner), 2. Fifteen competed. Competition B—Lieut. Dignam's (S.I.H.) Happy-Go-Lucky (Owner), 1; Mr. John Smyth's Foxcatcher (J. Smyth, jun.), 2. Twelve competed. Competition C—Mr. Jerry Rohan's Knockout (Miss P. Rohan), 1; Mr. Michael Costigan's Molly Rollicks (Owner), 2; Mr. Wm. Morrissey's Mavourneen (Mr. Healy), 3.

GOREY SHOW.

The weather favoured this show, which was held yesterday. The entries showed a slight falling off as compared with last year, but the quality of the exhibits was well up to the average. The following were the principal prize-winners:—

Horses—J. Hall, H. Moore, P. Canty, N. Swords, A. Rudd, J. Kavanagh, J. Hill, G. Keaton, T. Kinsella, P. Brady, J. Darcy.
Cattle—J. Hill, J. Stephens, Mrs. Tyrell, E. H. Rothwell.
Sheep—W. B. Lee, Isaac Bailey, T. Bass

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GOODS ON VIEW. Auction commences at 12.30 o'clock. Pianos and Motor Sold at 3 o'clock.

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THE FINE ARTS.

SALE THIS DAY, IN CONTINUATION,
COMMENCING AT LOT 606 IN CATALOGUE.

OIL PAINTINGS, BY OR ATTRIBUTED TO
D. Teniers, Guardi, Brouwer, Ostade, Wouvermans, Vandevelde, Berghem, Mieris, Monamy, F. Bol, Hondius, Sir P. Lely, A. Kauffman, and other Masters of the old school; Portrait of a Youth, by Gaspar Netscher; Frozen River Scene, signed Vermeulen; a pair of Cabinet Works, by Guardi; a View in Castle Coote Demesne, signed J. A. O'Connor, 1848; an Interior, signed Pieter de Bloot.

WATER COLOUR DRAWINGS, by T. B. Hardy, Edwin Hayes, T. MacWhirter, R.A.; F. Goodall, R.A.; a fine Pastel Portrait of the Artist, by Gustavus Hamilton; Adam Buck, S. Prout, and others.

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MACHINERY CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 1).

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40-41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

WEDNESDAY NEXT, 14th AUGUST.
WILLOW PARK, BOOTERSTOWN.

MESSRS. HAZLEY and CO. will SELL, on the Lands as above, about 14 COCKS PRIME HAY, well saved, without rain.
Sale at 12 o'clock. Terms at Sale.

HAZLEY & COMPANY,
Auctioneers and Valuers, BLACKROCK.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

Greystones — ½ Acre — DETACHED HOUSE, no basement; modern; price, £700; head rent, £8 10s. 0d.; 2 sitting, 4 bedrooms, hot bath; tennis; garage; early possession. Also somewhat larger House, adjoining above; price £820.—Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin.

For Sale, on moderate terms, the very Extensive Premises, 67a Great Brunswick street and 53 and 54 Sandwith street, formerly "Hunt's Stores." These premises comprise a fine corner block, with large frontage to two streets, and afford a splendid market for any good middle-class trade. Will be Sold on reasonable terms. Apply Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin.

Two adjoining Farms in Co. Wicklow FOR SALE, with all Growing Crops as they stand, four miles from Arklow and two miles from Avoca Station; 91 Statute Acres; rent, £29 10s. 0d.; valuation, £33 10s. 0d.; Slated Four-roomed House and Out-offices; price, £1,200, includes two acres Potatoes, eleven acres Oats, two acres Roots, twelve acres Hay, six acres laid down, ten acres laid ploughed for next year; no waste on this farm. Adjoining the above, 150 Statute Acres; annuity, £42 10s. 4d.; substantial Two-storeyed Dwellinghouse; valuation, £76; price, £2,000 (two thousand pounds), includes twenty-four acres Oats, two acres Potatoes, four acres Green Crop. Orders to view above can be obtained from Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin.

Stillorgan — 45 Acres — Valuable DAIRY FARM FOR SALE, price £2,500, subject to £150; good house (needing some repairs) and out-offices; only five miles from Dublin. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
Sth. GT. GEORGE'S ST., DUBLIN.

RABBIT TRAPPING WANTED—Advertiser is prepared to pay from £100 upwards for well-stocked demesnes and warrens, and pay cash down. Apply to W. Swanwick, The Mill House, Abbeyleix, Queen's County.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED

BY

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS
GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 80 YEARS. TELEPHONE NO. 63.

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14 FOURTEEN 14

FIRST CLASS

TRACTION ENGINES

By Ransomes, Fowler, Burrell, Brown & May, Wallis & Steevens, Claytons, etc., - - -

FOR SALE AT

THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., Ld.,
Great Brunswick Street, DUBLIN.

POULTRY, ETC., CONTINUED.

SIX White Runner Drakes, five Ducks, pure strain, hatched March, 10/- each.—Kelly, Montrose, Donnybrook. F

SALE, 16 Cockerels and 2 Cocks, ready for killing.—Rear 81 Strand road, Sandymount.

SICILIAN Buttercups—Two beautifully marked May Pullets, with unrelated March Cockerel, 35/-; also May Cockerels, Chicks.—Mrs. Hood, Lamberton, Arklow.

SICILIAN Buttercup Cock, third year, strong, vigorous bird, beauty; 6/-.—St. John's, Terenure.

TWO pure bred Wyandotte Cockerels, March hatched, 7/6 Mrs. Strong's.—Finch, Kilcoman, Nenagh.

WHITE Leghorn Cockerels (Padman's), hatched 13th April, 7/- each.—Boyd, Coolfin, Banagher. A

WHITE Leghorn Cockerels and Pullets, Sussex Cockerels and Pullets, March and April hatched; Cockerels 15/-, 12/-, 10/-; Pullets 10/-.—Mrs. Smith, Castle Dobbs, Carrickfergus. F

WHITE Wyandotte Cockerels, pure bred, March hatched, Rosecombs, 7/6, 5 for 35/-.—Clover, St. David's Castle, Naas.

WANTED, Guinea Fowl, any number, age from six weeks, cheap; state number and price.—Heard, Kinsale. C

WANTED, 12 pure bred White Wyandotte Pullets, March hatched; state price and where to be seen.—A 220, this office.

WANTED, Henhouse for about two dozen hens.—Williamspark, Killiney. A

WHITE Wyandotte Hens (8) and unrelated Cock (1916), £3 10/-; Rhode Hens (8), 1916, and unrelated 1917 Cock, £3 10/-; carriage extra.—Corley, Rathnew, Wicklow.

WANTED, Black and White Leghorn Pullets, March hatched or April.—Purser, Lasagh, Rathdrum. A

7 BLACK Minorca April Cockerels, 281 egg strain, 10/- each; White Leghorn 1917 Cock (Snowdon's), 15/6, carriage extra.—"Z 1841, Poultry," this office.

5 COCKERELS, 4 months old, 25/-. Apply 50 Lower Beechwood avenue, Ranelagh.

12 WHITE Wyandotte Chickens, 291 egg strain, 12/6; 12 White Leghorns, 12/6; carriage paid; all due 10th August.—Mrs. Strong, Moate House, Kells, Meath. E

19TH March Wyandotte Cockerels (Cam.), winning pen laying competition, 1916, 1917, 10/- each.—Williamspark, Killiney. A

36 CHICKENS, week old, White Orpington and Crossbreds, 45/-; 8 Crossbred Ducks, week old, 11/-.—Xenia Smyth, Newtown, Drogheda.

1918 INDIAN Runner Drakes, fawn and white, well marked, 10/6 each. Apply Browne, Rathallen, Sligo. E

676 RATHMINES—Poultry and Chick Foods.—Ranelagh Mills, 3 Field's terrace, Ranelagh. T

FURNITURE, MUSIC, PIANOS, &C.

DRESS, BOOTS, ETC.

LIVE STOCK, DOGS, ETC.

LIVE STOCK, DOGS, ETC., CONTINUED.

HORSES, HARNESS, VEHICLES, &c.

ALESBURY TRAPS.
NOTED GOLD MEDAL TUB, TONNEAU, ALL WEATHER, AND HOODED CARS.
SEVERAL CHEAP SECONDHAND CARS.
ALESBURY BROS., EDENDERRY, KING'S CO.
Showrooms, 5 LINCOLN PLACE, Westland Row, Dublin.

TUITIONS AND SCHOLASTIC.

BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS. ESTABLISHED 1815.

NORTHUMBERLAND ROAD—£80 FREE, NOT YET VACANT—Nice Modern House, in good position. Seen by appointment with Battersby and Co.

CLONTARF—DETACHED — FOR SALE, superior Residence; contains drawingroom, diningroom, 4 bedrooms, servant's room, bath (h. and c.), electric light, large garden, conservatory, greenhouse, motor house, and every convenience. Seen on orders to view from Battersby and Co.

RATHGAR—SEMI-DETACHED, WITHOUT BASEMENT; contains 3 sitting and 4 bedrooms, bath (h. and c.), servant's room, 2 w.c.'s, electric light, telephone, garden; £70 per annum, landlord paying taxes. Seen on orders to view from Battersby and Co.

BATTERSBY & CO.,
39 WESTMORELAND ST.

HAZLEY & COMPANY
(ARTHUR H. KELLY, J.P., Proprietor).
AUCTIONS EFFICIENTLY CONDUCTED,
HOUSES LET OR SOLD.
VALUATIONS FOR ALL PURPOSES.
BLACKROCK, CO. DUBLIN.
(Established over half a century).

BLACKROCK—SOUND INVESTMENT—£400 will purchase TWO HOUSES, THREE COTTAGES, and STABLE, never idle, conveniently situate, and producing about £100 per annum; lease for ever; ground rent on entire, £29. Apply to HAZLEY and CO., Auctioneers, Blackrock.

STILLORGAN PARK—£500 will purchase choice Semi-detached Residence, with every modern convenience; garden front and rear; healthiest situation; head rent, £10. Apply to HAZLEY and CO., Auctioneers, Blackrock.

BLACKROCK—£520 will purchase choice Semi-detached Residence, no basement, hot bath; garden front and rear; long lease; nominal head rent; or will Let at £60, free of all taxes. Apply

HAZLEY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, BLACKROCK.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED
BY CAREFUL TENANTS.

Two only in family. Large fully-stocked vegetable garden essential, with accommodation for keeping fowls. Must be convenient to trams and rail, and easy access to city. Possession September, for six months. Full particulars to A 93, this office.

SHOOTING, FISHING, HUNTING

FISHING AND SHOOTING.

SPLENDID Free Fishing over several lakes and rivers; convenient to hotel; 6,000 acres mixed shooting; good sea fishing, bathing, strand. For terms apply Proprietor, Mongan's Hotel, Carna, Connemara, Co. Galway.

TO BE LET, the Shooting over 7,000 Acres of Mountain and Moorland, well preserved, within three miles of Manorhamilton, County of Leitrim. Apply to Wilton Vaugh, Dromahair.

WANTED,
GOOD ROUGH SHOOTING and FISHING.
Comfortable Lodge.
"Z 1786, Shooting," this office.

TUITIONS CONTINUED.

BUSINESS SALE AND WANTED.

PREMISES, TRAPPINGS, GRAZING

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSES WANTED.

FOR HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES SEE PAGE 2.

DENTISTRY.

MR. EDGE I. BRADLAW

MESSRS. F. AND A. NICHOLSON
HAVE NOW MOVED TO THEIR PERMANENT PREMISES,
41 HENRY STREET
(CORNER OF MOORE STREET).

APARTMENTS TO LET.

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN
DAIMLER LANDAULETTES, 25 h.p. T

AT Woods', Westland Row—Overtime Self-lift Plough, suit any tractor; only soiled. T

LIGHT CARS
SPECIALISTS,
KEATING AND LUNDY,
205 GREAT BRUNSWICK ST. T

NEW CAR FOR SALE.

BRISCOE, 1918 Model, 15/20 h.p., electric self starter, electric lights, detachable rims and spare, streamline body, five seater, painted French grey. Price £280.
M. J. DOYLE AND SONS,
Automobile Engineers,
BALTINGLASS.

ARROL-JOHNSTON, 15.9, touring model, bought 1916, very little used, perfect running, side curtains, spare wheel, accessories, Selling, lacking petrol, £360.—"Z 1799, Motor," this office. A

DAIMLER Landaulette, 20 h.p., as new, never was, and does not require, any overhaul or painting; electric light, self starter, Claxon horn, speedometer, clock, 5 wire wheels; tyres as new; price £650.—A 33, this office. E

MAXWELL Landaulette, 1914, newly painted, and new tyres, tubes, spare rim; very nice Taxi or doctor's car.—Young, Motor Works, Celbridge. F

METALLURGIQUE, 4 seater, 14 h.p., Van Den Plas body, owner driven, in perfect order, price £250.—Silcock, Maryborough.

RING up 4441 for Taxi. Garage open 8 a.m. till Midnight.—Louis J. Lemass and Co., Automobile Engineers, Smithfield.

15.9 MOTOR, Cape cart hood, seats 5, perfect order, C.A.V. electric lighting, price £200.—Martin, 1 St. Andrew st.

LORRIES, VANS: MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

WANTED, a good modern make Motor Lorry to carry 3-4 tons; also a Car to convert into a ton lorry. State full particulars and lowest price to "Z 1767, Lorry," this office. F

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

DISENGAGED.

GROOM Chauffeur, single; good, careful driver; garage and private experience; generally useful; highly recommended.—MacDonald, Ballycanew, New Ross.

APARTMENTS CONTINUED.

AT Merrion, facing sea—High class Board Residence, Sydney Lodge, large house, perfect sanitation; excellent cuisine; moderate. 'Phone, Ballsbridge, 618. E

APARTMENTS—72 Haddington road; most comfortable in every respect; moderate. F

ACCOUCHEMENT—Waiting Patients, etc., received, attended. Address Nurse, 74 Lower Drumcondra road. Private. F

AT 30 Lower Baggot st.—Apartments, suit one or two gentlemen. F

A FLAT, three rooms, nicely furnished, together or separately.—84 Haddington road.

FURNISHED large, airy Sittingroom and Bedroom, hot bath, electric light.—50 Haddington road.

FLAT, Pembroke road, well Furnished; 2 bedrooms, 2 sittingrooms, bathroom.—A 264, this office.

FURNISHED Drawingrooms and other Apartments, hot and cold bath.—17 Kildare st.

FURNISHED Flats.—30 Upper Pembroke st.

FLAT, partly Furnished, 5 rooms, range, bathroom, gas cooker; central, select.—A 279, this office.

GENTLEMAN dining out can have sunny, well Furnished Bedroom, Kenilworth Park.—R O 921, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

LOWER Leeson st.—No. 81, nice Unfurnished Apartments. F

NICE Private Apartments on North Circular road, near Marlborough Barracks.—A 81, this office. E

NEAR Northumberland road—Combined Room, electric light, hot bath; permanency.—A 267, this office.

RATHGAR—Comfortable Sittingroom, with one or two Bedrooms; good cooking and attendance. Apply A 156, this office.

RATHMINES—One or two Unfurnished Rooms, with gas stove, use of bathroom; lady preferred.—A 84, this office.

SITTINGROOM and Bedroom, suit two ladies or gentlemen.—10 Newbridge avenue, Sandymount.

SUPERIOR Combined Room, convenient and moderate; suit two ladies.—17 Ranelagh road.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY. HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

APARTMENTS TO LET AND WANTED.

STORE CATTLE AUCTIONS

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1"—NEW Imperial Japs from 40 guineas; a few left; Secondhand Sunbeams, Indians, B.S.A., Triumph; all specially tuned and tested.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st. (off Grafton st.)

ROVER 1918 COUNTERSHAFT MODELS and COMBINATIONS from Stock.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN.

AT Woods', Westland Row. See 1918 B.S.A. Sidecars; immediate delivery.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts) new garage.

1916 NEW Hudson, 6 h.p., twin combination, most new, a bargain.—X 1676, this office.

BODIES.

TWO Landaulette Bodies for Sale, cheap to Limousine and drop down back.—Young, Works, Celbridge.

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NO shortage of Pedal Cycles; hundreds to select from: Durables, Swifts, Vinder, Triumph; men's Carrier Tricycles and Bicycles; Repairs, Sundries.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st. 'Phone 2010.

ANY leading make of Secondhand Cycle manufactured I can supply from £5 to £9, cash only.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. Factory—56 Rathmines road.

ALL 1918 Model Royal Frankfort Cycles can be obtained from stock at reasonable prices; supplied.—John Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. Factory, 56 Rathmines road.

BOY'S Juvenile Cycle, good order, for immediate sale; reasonable.—A 295, this office.

I HAVE a large number of New Cycles still at old prices, including James, Swifts, Rovers, Ariels, New Hudsons, and Astons. It will pay you to inspect my Stock.—Stevens' Cycle Depot, 8 Aston's quay, Dublin.

KELLY for Bikes, 27 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. "That's All." 'Phone, 1630.

3 LADIES' Secondhand Bicycles, Rudge Ariel, £7 10/- each, very little used.—Reynolds, Upper Leeson st., Dublin.

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, &C.

PARTNERSHIP any sound business—Gentleman, 28, excellent experience, would give £500; part-time services; fullest particulars.—A 24, this office.

£6,750 TO Lend in sums £200 upwards; security property or lands.—X 1926, this office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AT SHARPLEY'S, the Baby Linen Specialists, Ladies invited write for catalogue Baby Linen, Coating, Maternity, Accouchement, Nursery Requisites. Nassau st., Lower Camden st. Established 50 years.

ANTISEPTIC Electrolysis Removes Hair permanently without mark. Consultations free.—Miss Certified Specialist and Face Masseuse, Second Floor, 4 Dawson st. Hours 10 to 5.

EVENTS of the Week are correctly summarised in the "Weekly Irish Times." Price twopence.

HAIR Combings Made Up, best style, 1/6 per oz.—Vincent Boyle, Ladies' Hairdresser, 4 Crow row.

SACCHARIN Tablets, Maple Peas, Cream Peas, Beans, Japanese Farina, Malt Extract, Irish Eggs, Walnuts, Liquid Eggs, Molasses, Treacle, Macaroni, Honey (wholesale).—Doyle, 29 Molesworth st., Dublin. 'Phone 4992.

MARKET REPORTS.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5.)

dozen bunches; parsnips, 2/- to 2/9 per dit; per bar, 7/-; cauliflowers, 3/- to 4/- and 5/- per mushrooms, 6/6 to 9/6 per tray, etc.; apples, 6/6 per box.

DUBLIN FISH, Thursday.—Market well supplied morning.

SMITHFIELD.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

WOOL—BRADFORD.

HAY AND STRAW.

CARPETS CLEANED.
CARPETS SHAKEN.
PRESCOTTS'
DUBLIN.
THE LEADING CLEANERS AND DYERS IN IRELAND.
Telephone—571 and 2605. (3)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

The Government has decided that Obituary Notices of fallen soldiers sent to the Press by relatives or friends shall, under certain circumstances, give no particulars either of the theatre of war in which a casualty occurred or of the battalion to which the officer, non-commissioned officer, or private belonged.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

JONES—August 2, 1918, killed in action, Captain Kingsmill W. Jones, D.S.O., R.A.M.C. (attached the Buffs), the dearly-loved son of the late Percival Jones, and of Margaret Jones, of Glenmore, Orwell Park, Rathgar. "Death is swallowed up in victory."

OST—July 27, 1918, suddenly, Commander James George Ost, R.N., second son of the late John Ost, Dugort. Interred at Hurst, Wickham, Sussex.

IN MEMORIAM.

CASEY—In everlasting remembrance of our dear son, Francis Dominick Casey, D.S.O., Flight Com., R.N.A.S. R.I.P.

Say not the boy is dead, but rather say,
He's gone a little further on his way.
War weary 'midst the ceaseless strife,
In duty bravely done he spent his life,
Till God, who kneweth best,
Took him home, and gave him rest.

10th August, 1917.

DOUGLAS—In proud and loving memory of John (Jack) Douglas, R.I. Rifles, killed in action August 10th, 1917, second son of the late John Douglas and of Mrs. Douglas, Virginia, Co. Cavan, aged 25 years.

HICKS—In sad and loving memory of my dear son, Johnnie, who died on 10th August, 1916, at Ballybeta, Kilternan. Sadly missed by his mother and brother.

"Lord, teach me from my heart to say,
Thy will be done."

LELAND—In ever-loving memory of John Henry Frederick Leland, B.A., B.L., Second Lieutenant Royal Welsh Fusiliers, killed in action, at Gallipoli, 10th August, 1915, eldest son of Henry Leland, Blackrock, Dublin.

BIRTHS.

BROWN—August 6, 1918, at Alpha House, Cootehill, Co. Cavan, to Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Brown, a daughter.

HANNA—August 2, 1918, at "Iona," Grove Park, Rathmines, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Hanna, Killsheelan, Co. Tipperary, a son.

MERRY—August 5, 1918, at Mrs. Webb's Private Nursing Home, Catherine st., Waterford, to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Merry, a daughter.

SLATOR—August 7, 1918, at Denmark House, Lower Leeson st., to Mr. and Mrs.

MARRIAGES.

DEATHS.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

IN MEMORIAM.

NICHOLS'

FUNERAL ESTABLISHMENT

WALLER,

RAMSAY, WREATHS.
50 NASSAU ST.

WATSON'S WREATHS

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALBERT HENRY TYNDALL, J.P., Deceased.
Any person having claims against the estate of the above Deceased, who died on the 3rd August, 1918, will please send particulars of same to
T. T. L. OVEREND, 12 Ely place, Dublin,
Solicitor for the Executors of above Deceased.

INTER-ALLIED EXHIBITION
On the
AFTER-CARE OF WOUNDED SOLDIERS.
OPENING CEREMONY on MONDAY, 3 p.m.,
By the General Officer Commanding-in-Chief the Forces in Ireland.

"SEA PIE" (1/6 nett) is now on Sale at all Bookstalls. A laughter tonic all Service Men will enjoy. Read it yourself, then send it Overseas. All profits go to King George's Fund for Sailors. Copies per post from the Publishers, "SEA PIE," 111 Kingsway, London, W.C., and at all Railway Bookstalls.

KINGSTOWN FLOWER, FRUIT, AND VEGETABLE SHOW, WEDNESDAY, 14th August.

LOANS on Reversions, Life Interest, Jointures, Ground Rents. Advances also granted, repayable over a term of years, and secured by sureties with Life Assurance.—DAVID DRIMMIE & SONS, Secs., English and Scottish Law Life Offices, 27 Nassau street, Dublin, and 5 Lombard street, Belfast. 'Phones—Dublin, 461; Belfast, 4257.

MINT STAMP COY., 74 Grafton street.—See our Show Cases To-day. Cheap Secondhand Spring-back Album Covers. Approval Books, 3d.

"BEST BECAUSE PUREST." When you want PURE Cocoa Shells demand "KOKOTEE."

CHARMING New Studies in Art Needlework now displaying at Monypeny's, 39 Grafton st.

REQUIRED, Foreman to take charge of Garage Workshop. Apply THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Gt. Brunswick st., Dublin.

PERPETUITY GROUND RENTS, with valuable Reversions, for Sale by Auction on Monday Next, 12th inst., at 17 Merrion row, at One o'clock. Particulars and conditions of Sale from MILWARD JONES and CAMERON, Solicitors, 6 Dawson street; or from JAMES ADAM and SONS, Auctioneers, 17 Merrion row.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin, 1/2. Choice Selection. Red Bank Restaurant Co., D'Olier street.

"CHARMS away dull care." The Cafe Cairo Orchestra. Playing daily from 12.30.—Cafe Cairo, Grafton street.

WIRE AND CUT NAILS.
JOHN C. PARKES & SONS, LTD.,
COOMBE, DUBLIN.

FOUR-COURSE LUNCH, 2/-.
Best Value in Dublin.
MOIRA RESTAURANT,
TRINITY STREET (College Green).

WE MAKE CART COVERS.
ELVERY AND CO., LTD.,
ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK, & LONDON.

COOLEST CAFE IN DUBLIN.
FRY'S,
44 GRAFTON STREET.

DUNLOP'S LAUNDRY & DYE WORKS,
MOUNT BROWN AND KILMAINHAM,
DUBLIN.

LOANS BY POST.

£5 TO £500

£10 TO £1,000
MONEY TO LEND.

YOU ONLY NEED

TO TAKE

BEECHAM'S PILLS.